



Subaru Telescope and New Horizons: A Decade of Discovery, Recovery, and Results

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SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE



Subaru Users Meeting, NAOJ, Mitaka Campus, 29 October 2025

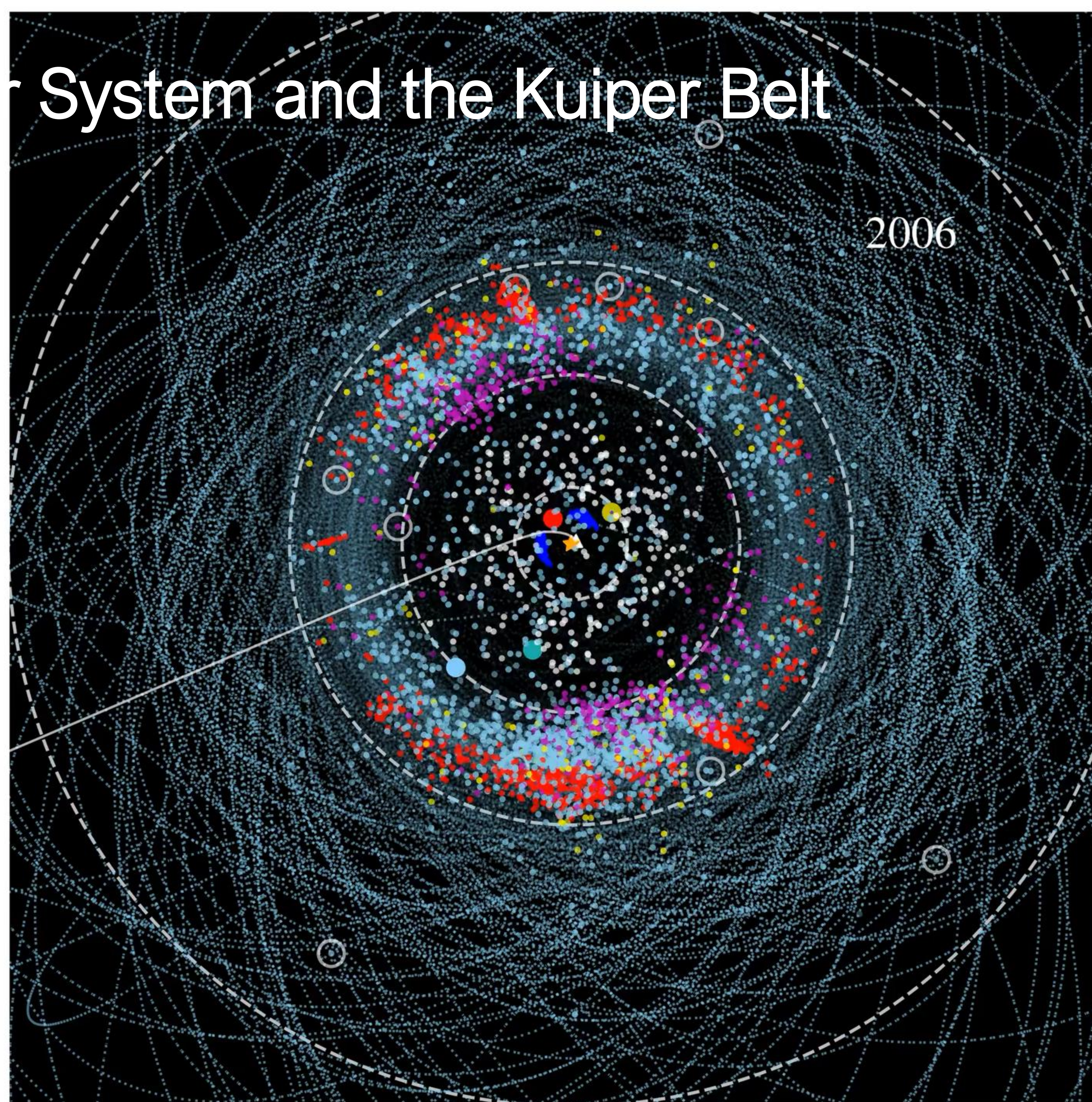
The Solar System and the Kuiper Belt

▲ New Horizons
Spacecraft
Location –
Currently 63au
hibernating until
June 2026

★ Sun

○ Dwarf Planets,
Large Kuiper
Belt Objects
(KBOs)

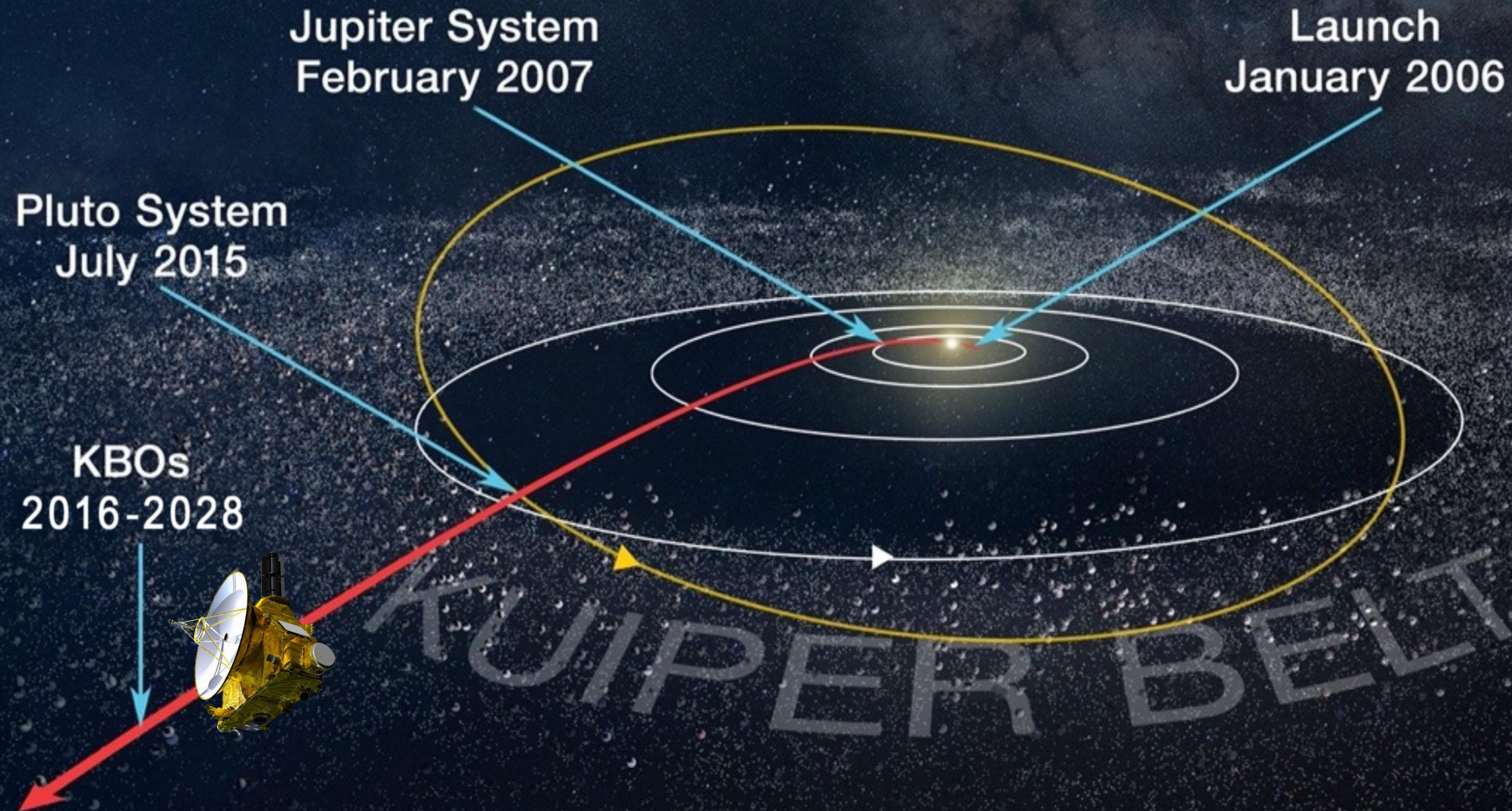
● Neptune



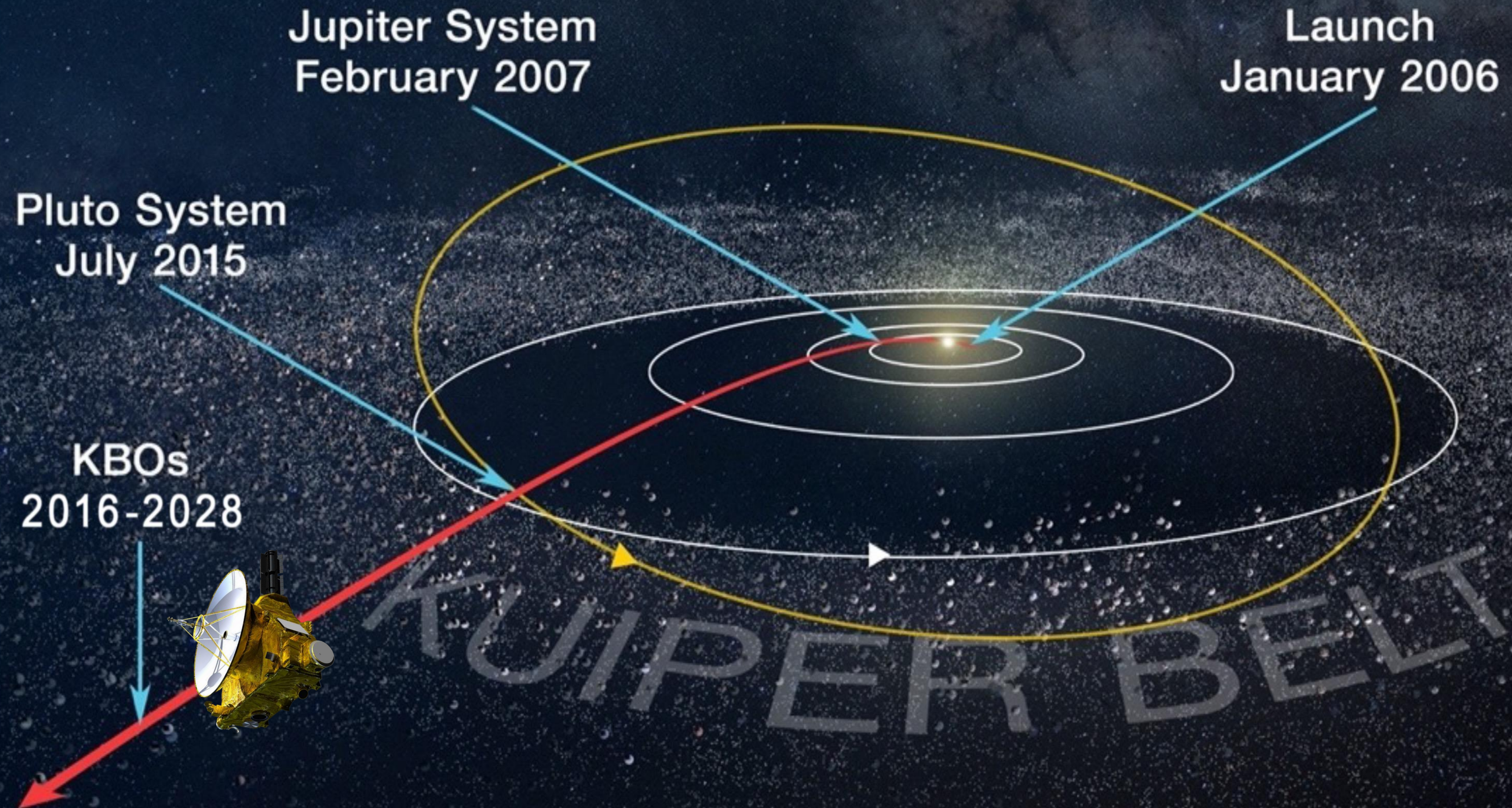
Cold Classical KBOs
Plutinos
Centaur
Jupiter Trojans
Scattered Disk
(other) Resonant KBO

Credit: Wes Fraser

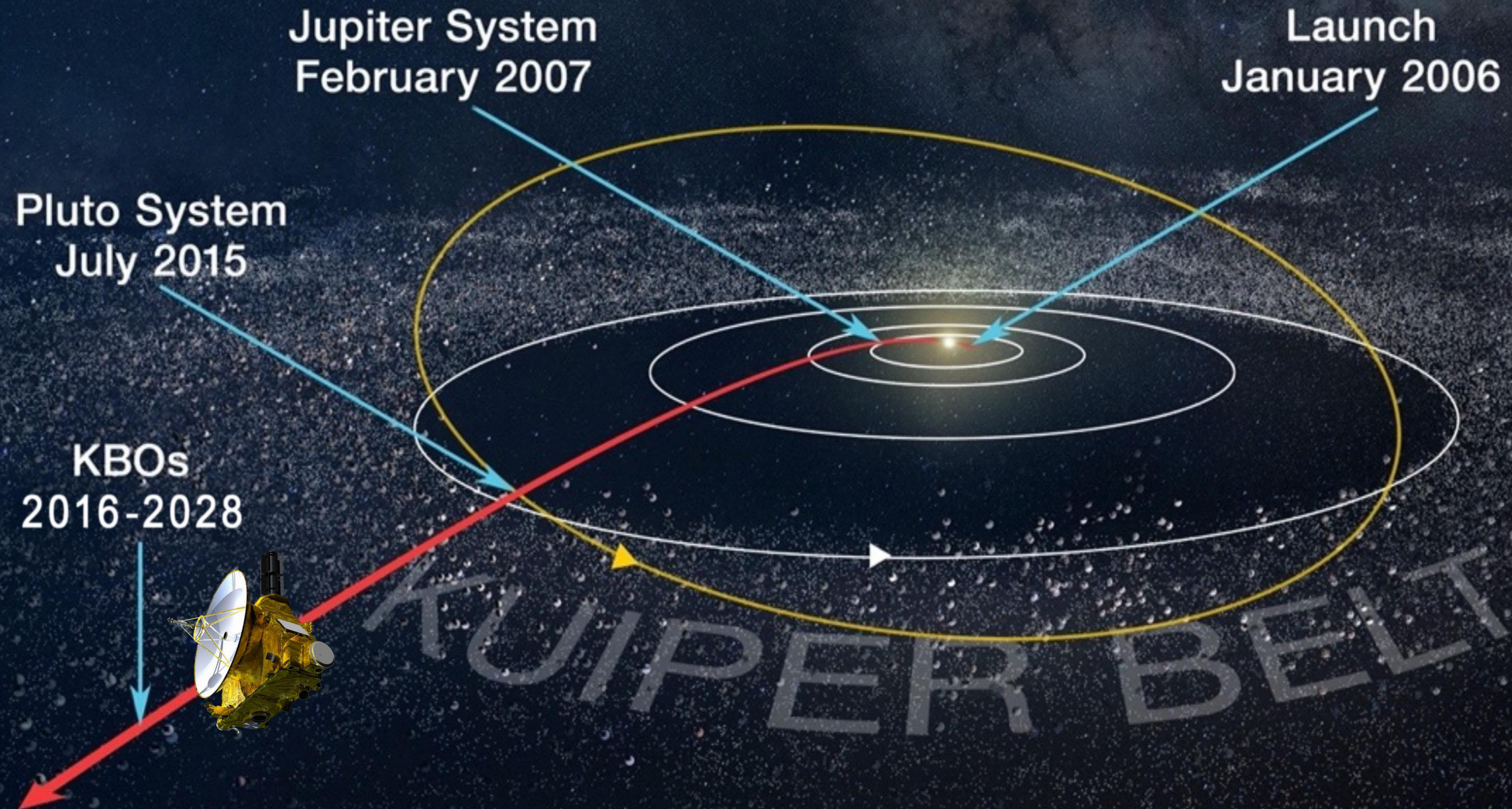
New Horizons' Unique Perspective From its Journey Through the Solar System



It's all about the viewing geometry...



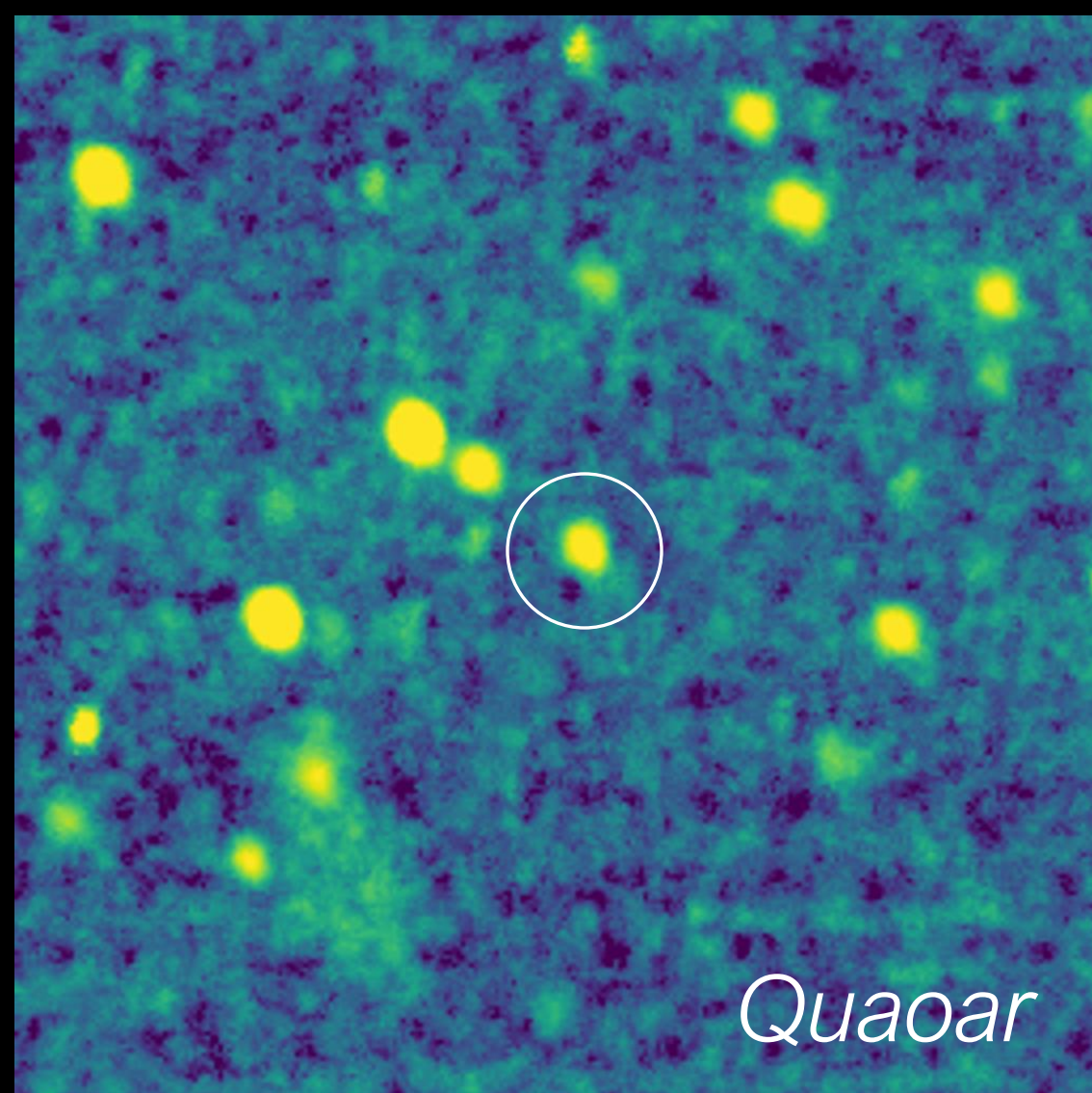
No other spacecraft in flight (or planned) to the Outer Solar System Beyond the Kuiper Belt





Two Types of New Horizons KBO Observations

Point-Source 'Distant' KBO (DKBO)



Quaoar

Spatially Resolved, Close 'Flyby'

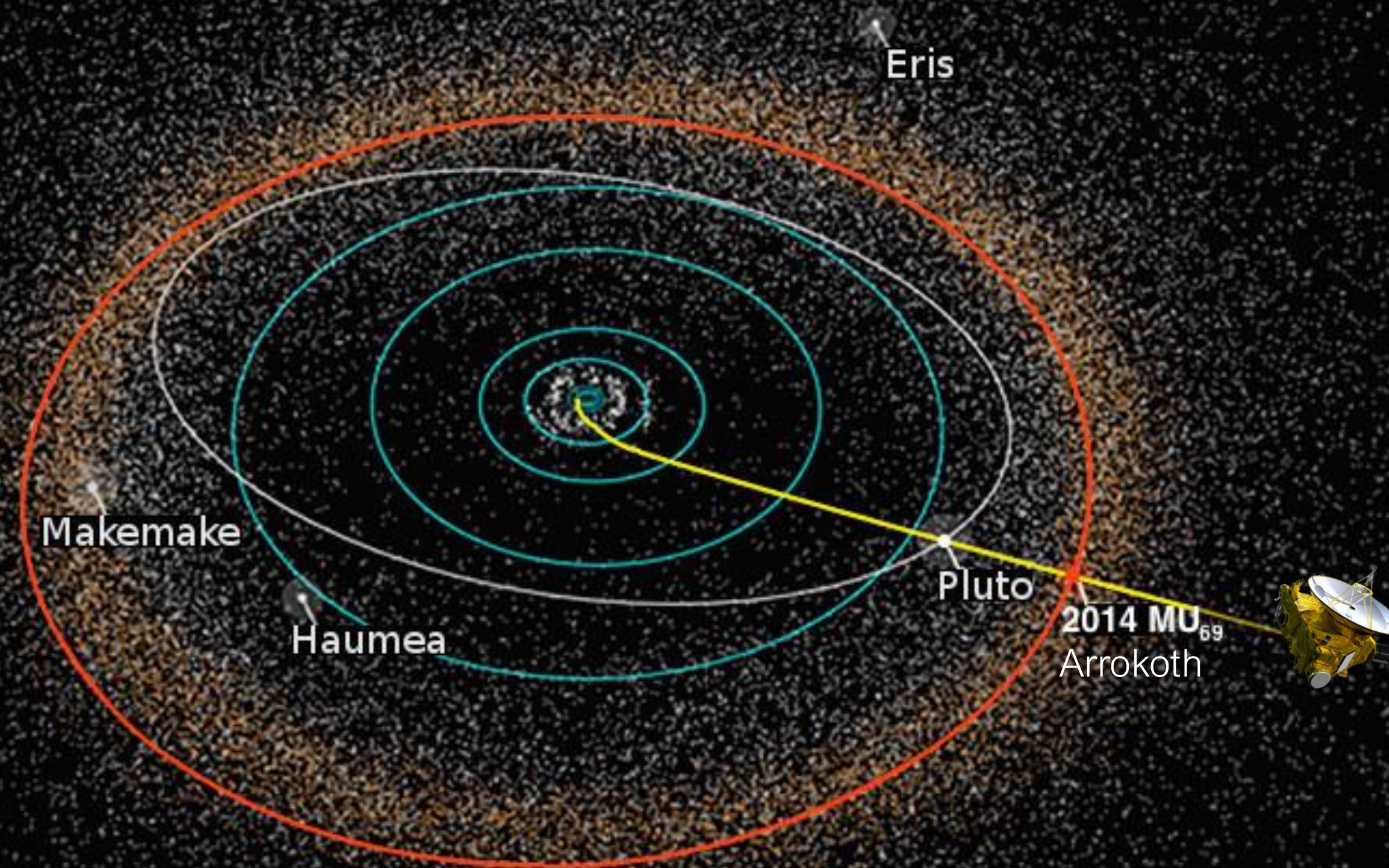
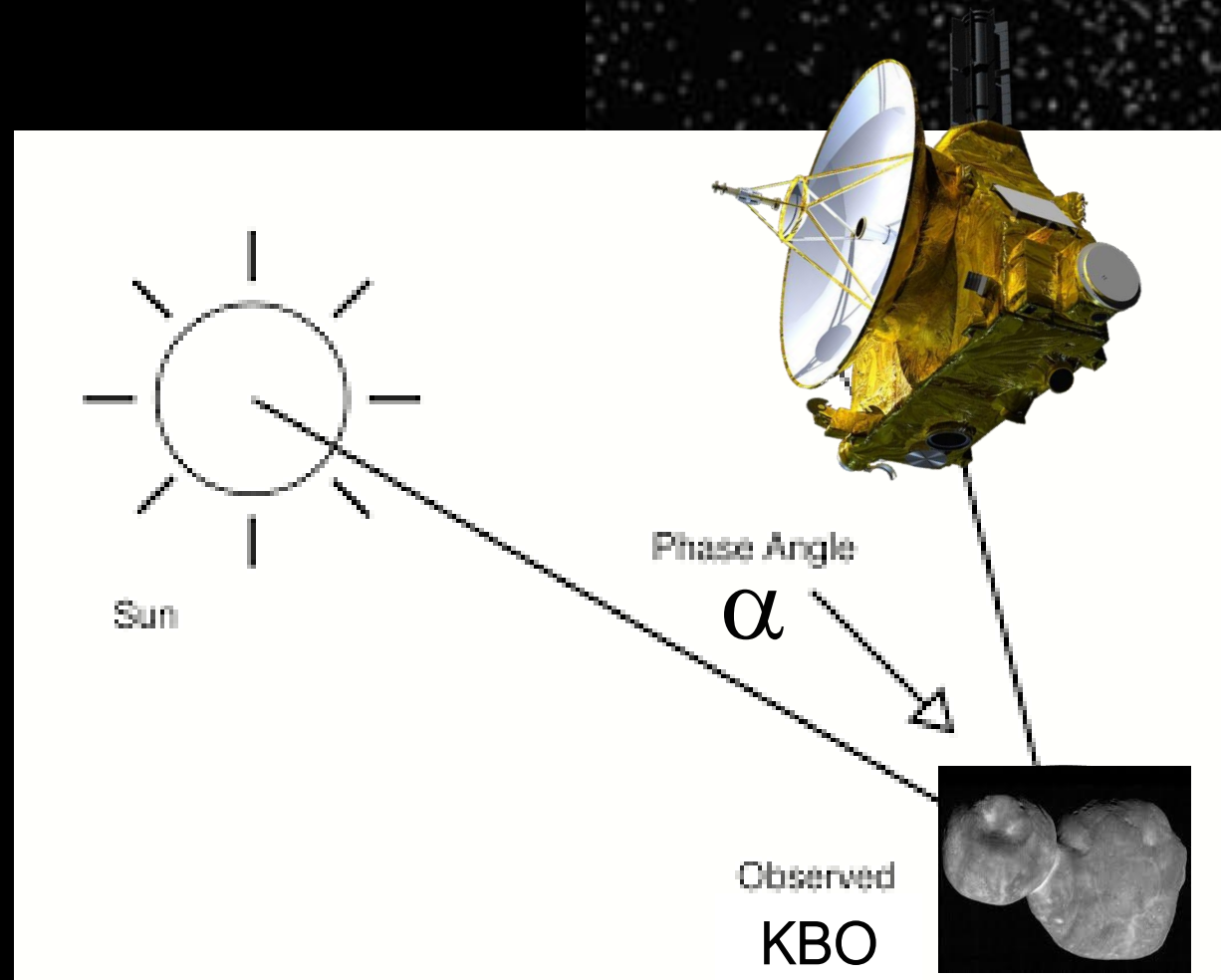


Arrokoth 2019

Goal from our searches with Subaru is to find targets for *both* types.



New Horizons is NASA's Observatory in the Kuiper Belt



Since 2007, New Horizons has observed dwarf planets and other KBOs at unique viewing geometries only possible from a spacecraft in the outer solar system in addition to conducting heliophysics and astrophysics studies.



‘Distant’ KBOs & Dwarf Planets Observable by New Horizons by Dynamical Class (all point source observations)

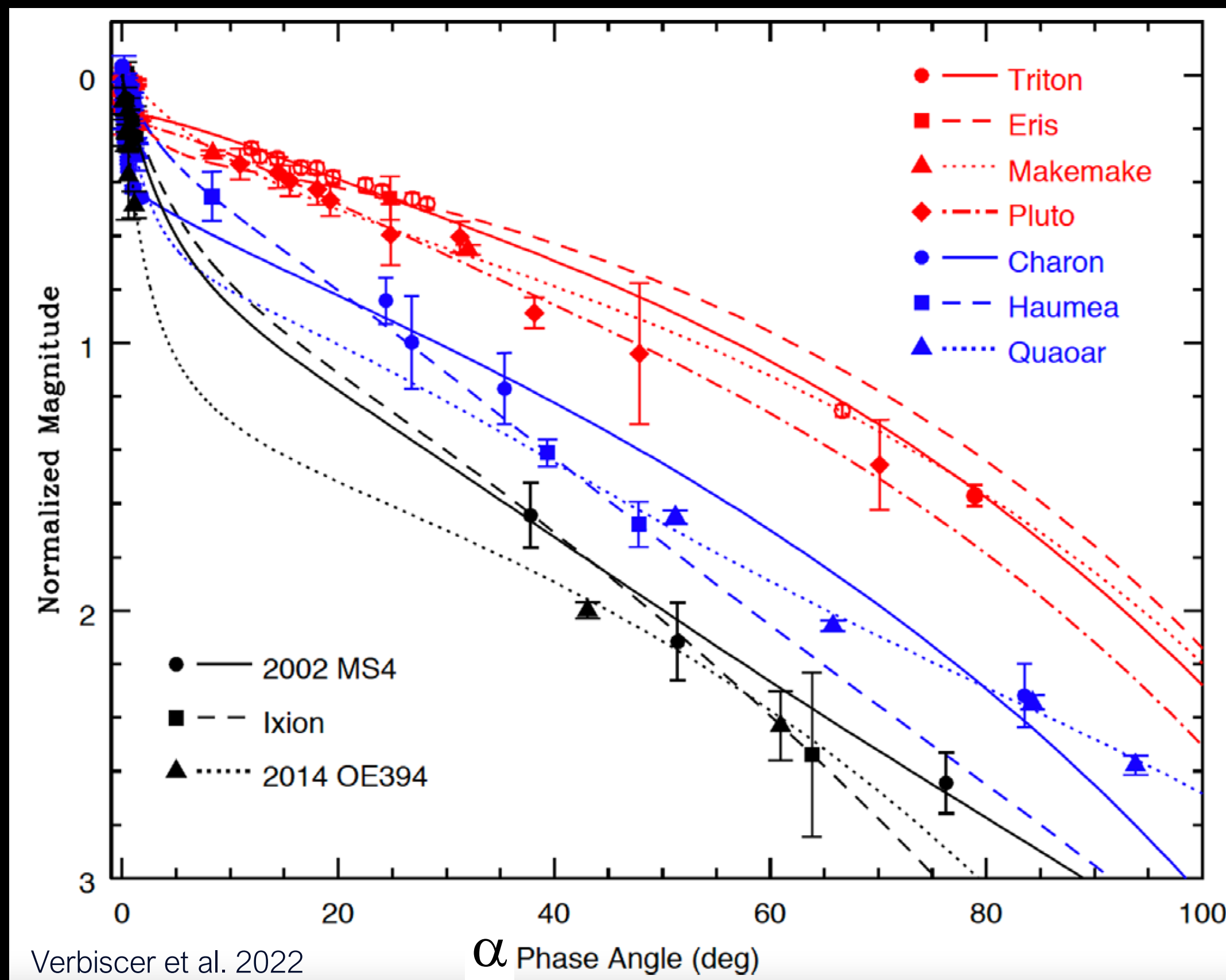
Cold Classical	Hot Classical	Scattered Disk	Resonant	Large KBO ($H_V < 5$)	Dwarf Planet	Centaur
2004 LW ₃₁	2012 HZ ₈₄	2011 HK ₁₀₃	2012 HE ₈₅	Quaoar	Eris	Chiron
2011 HF ₁₀₃	2011 HJ ₁₀₃	2014 OJ ₃₉₄	2018 MG ₁₃	Ixion	Makemake	2010 JJ ₁₂₄
2011 HZ ₁₀₂		2020 KV ₁₁	2020 KS ₁₁	2014 OE ₃₉₄	Haumea	
2011 JA ₃₂		2020 KP ₁₁		2002 KX ₁₄		
2011 JW ₃₁		2020 KH ₄₂		2002 MS ₄		
2011 JX ₃₁		2020 KT ₁₁				
2011 JY ₃₁						
2014 OS ₃₉₃						
2014 PN ₇₀						
2018 MF ₁₃						
2020 KR ₁₁						

KBOs Discovered by Subaru HSC

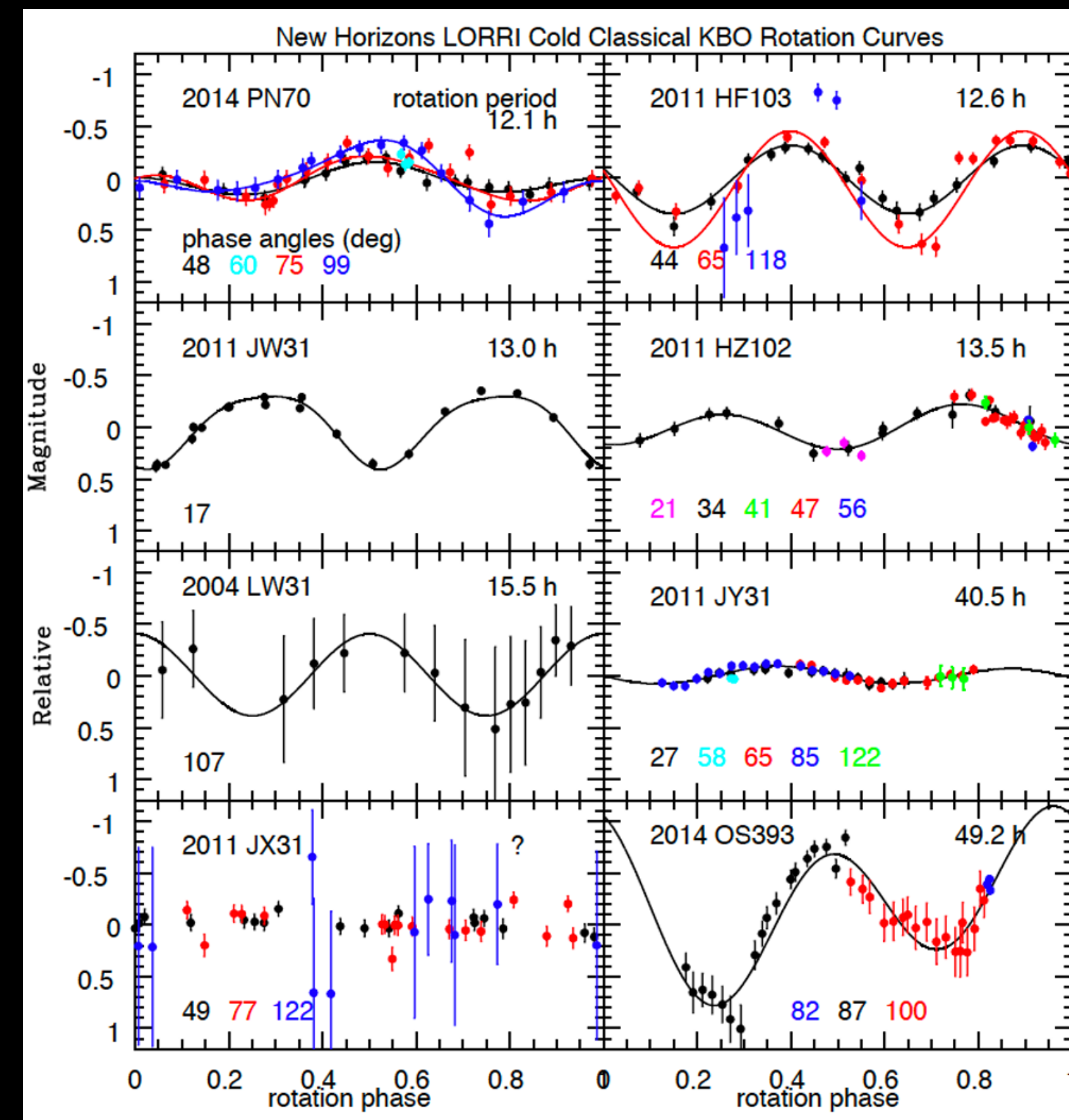
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KBOs at High Solar Phase Angles



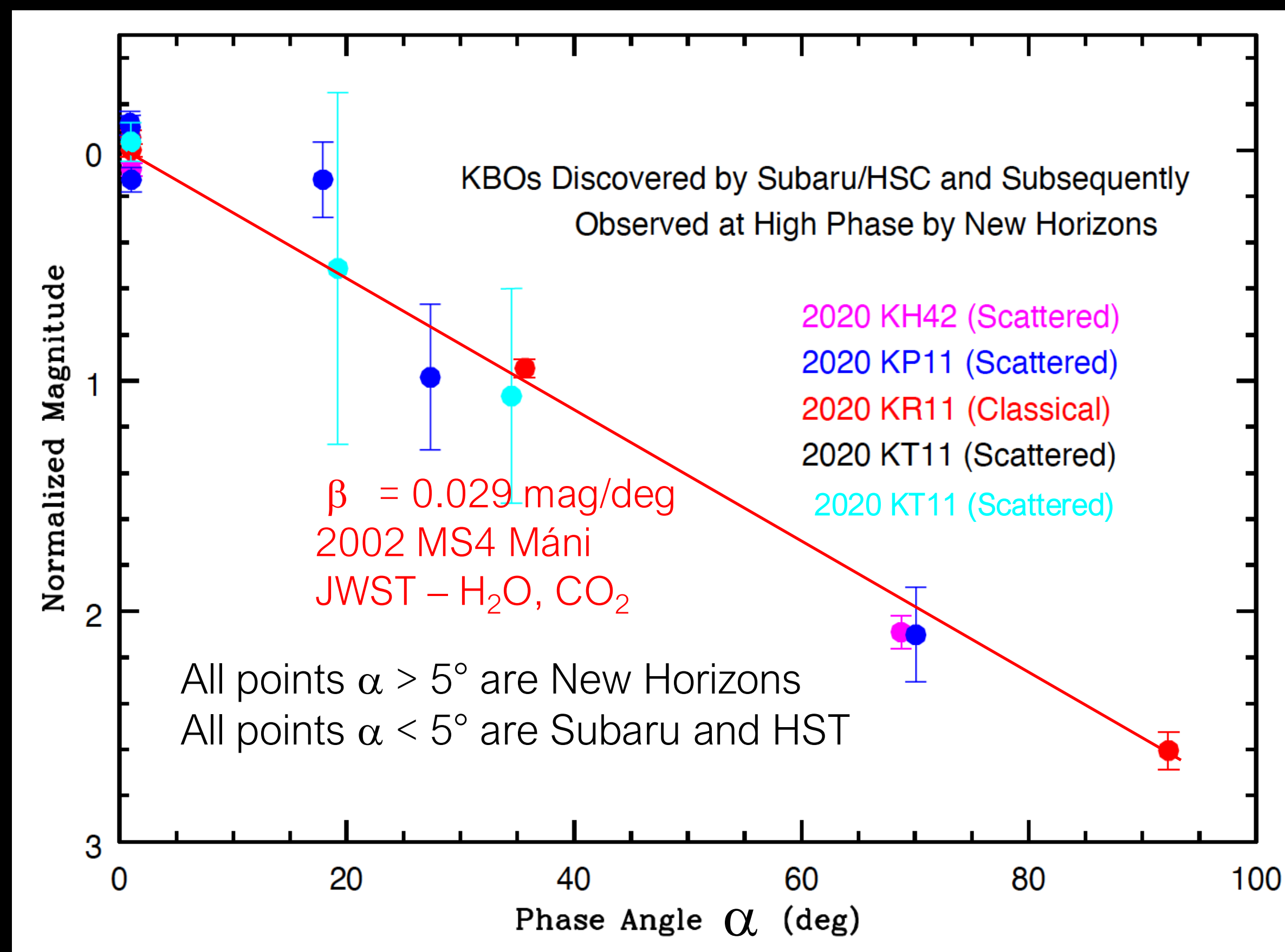
Solar phase curves → surface microtexture



Rotation phase curves → shapes and poles



NH Subaru/HSC KBO Solar Phase Curves



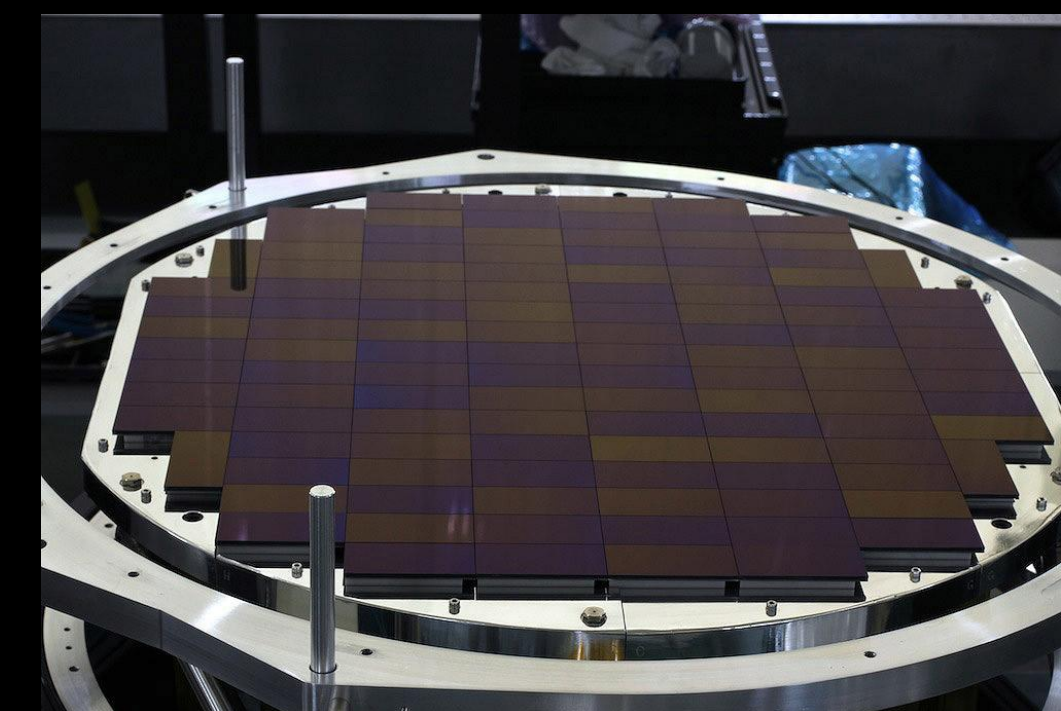
- Most Subaru KBOs have steep phase curves relative to other SS objects
 - strongly backscattering
 - hypervolatile-poor surfaces
- NH has not yet observed 2020 KV11:
 - scattered disk object
 - aphelion 154 au, beyond heliopause
 - observable ($V < 20.5$) 2025 – 2028, $\alpha = 1^\circ - 98^\circ$
 - brightest ($V = 18.9$) July 2027 $\alpha = 41^\circ$
 - NH observation planning started
- Compare properties of small, outer KBOs:
 - space weathering via phase curve modeling
 - shape, pole analyses via rotation curves



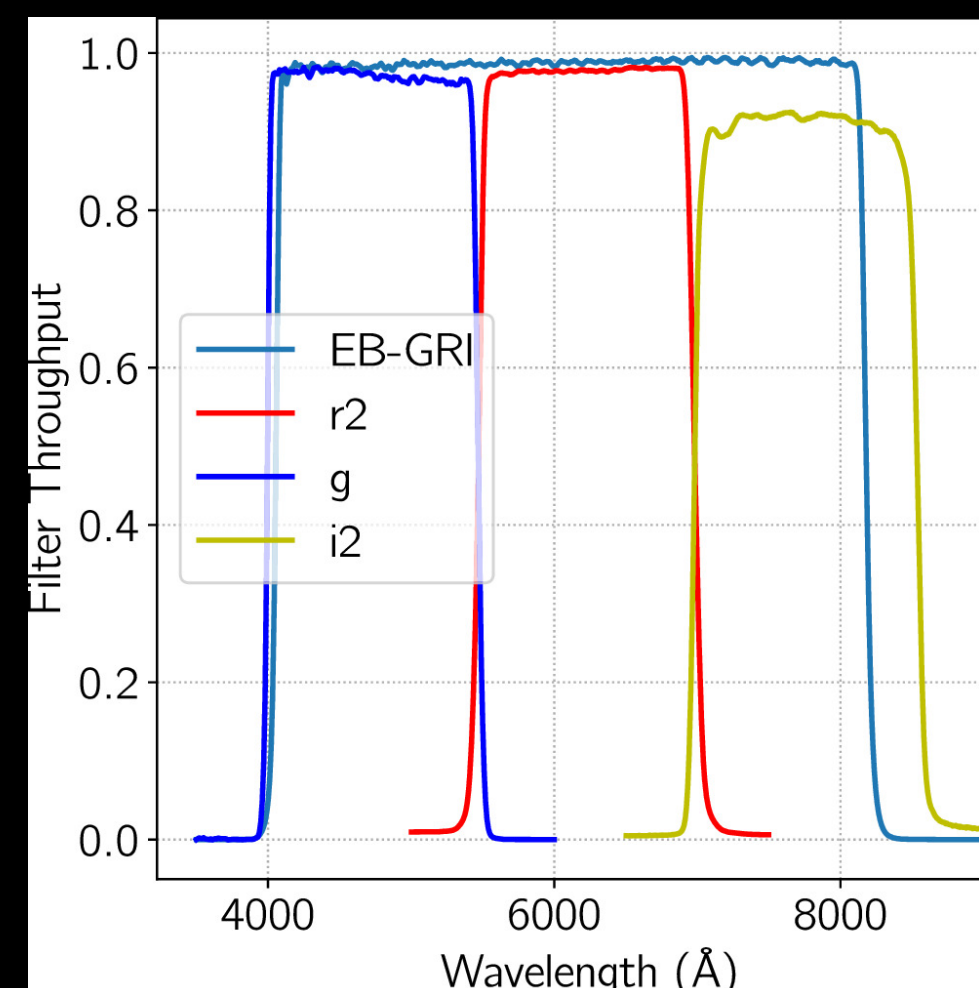
Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Summary

- 2014 Suprime-Cam follow-up observations
- 2020 HSC discovery observations
Japanese collaborators added
- 45 HSC half nights
Magnitude limit (thru 2023) $r \sim 26.5$
- 7 new New Horizons targets:
5 observed in 2020
1 observed in 2023
1 best observed in 2027
- 294 new KBOs (thru 2025)
51 new in 2024, follow up in 2025
239 Fraser et al. (2024) *PSJ*
2 Yoshida et al. (2024) *PASJ*

2 More Just Added (2025) See Yamashita P7 & Shibukawa P10 Posters!!



HSC 116 CCDs

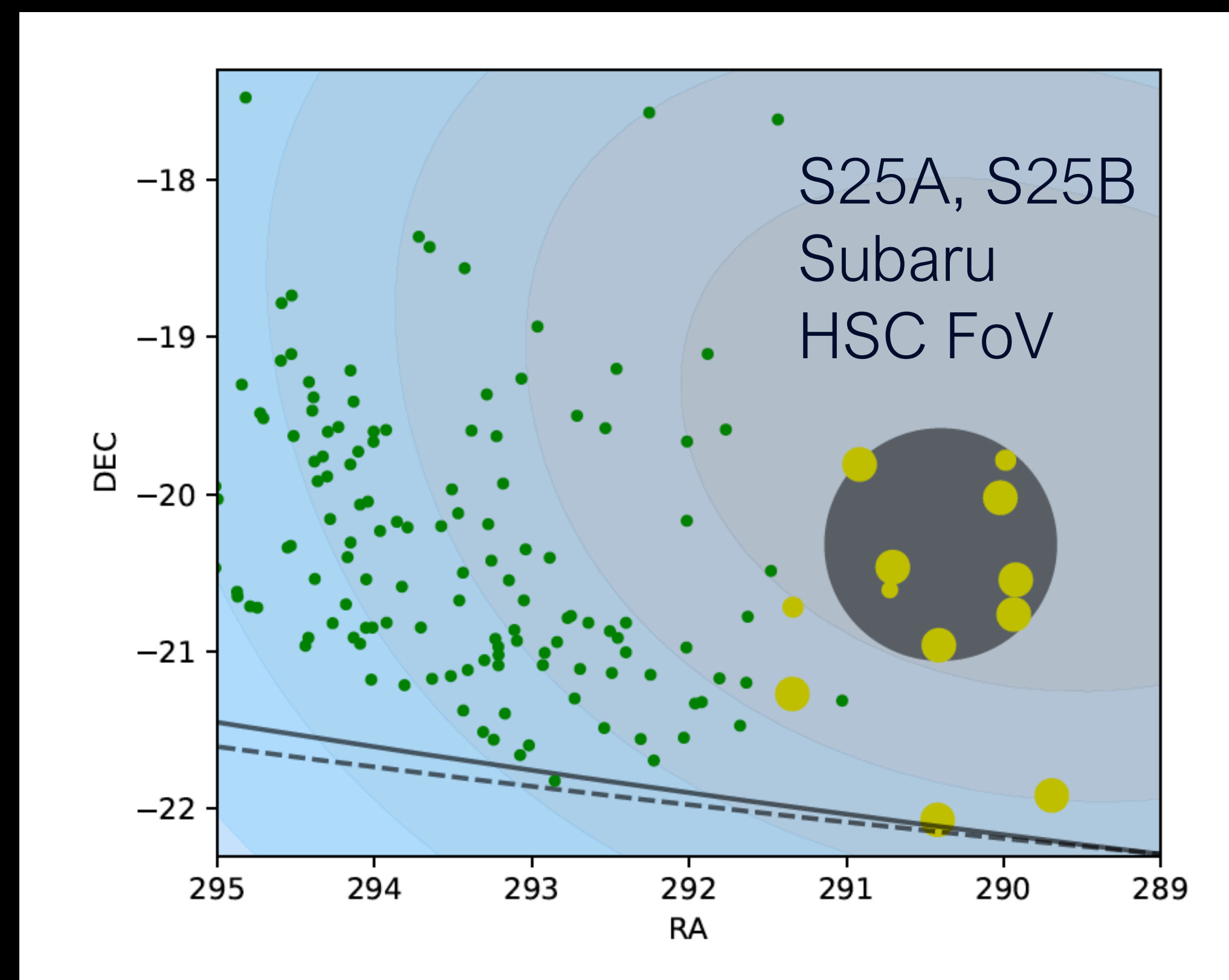


Extreme wide-Band
EB-*gri* filter
(since 2023)
Provided by New Horizons Project



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Summary

- 2025 Observations
July 20, 21 half nights in S25A
August 21 half night in S25B
- Reductions and subtractions
using the latest LSST pipeline
- Shift and stack search
- Machine learning source rejection
see poster P10 Shibukawa et al.



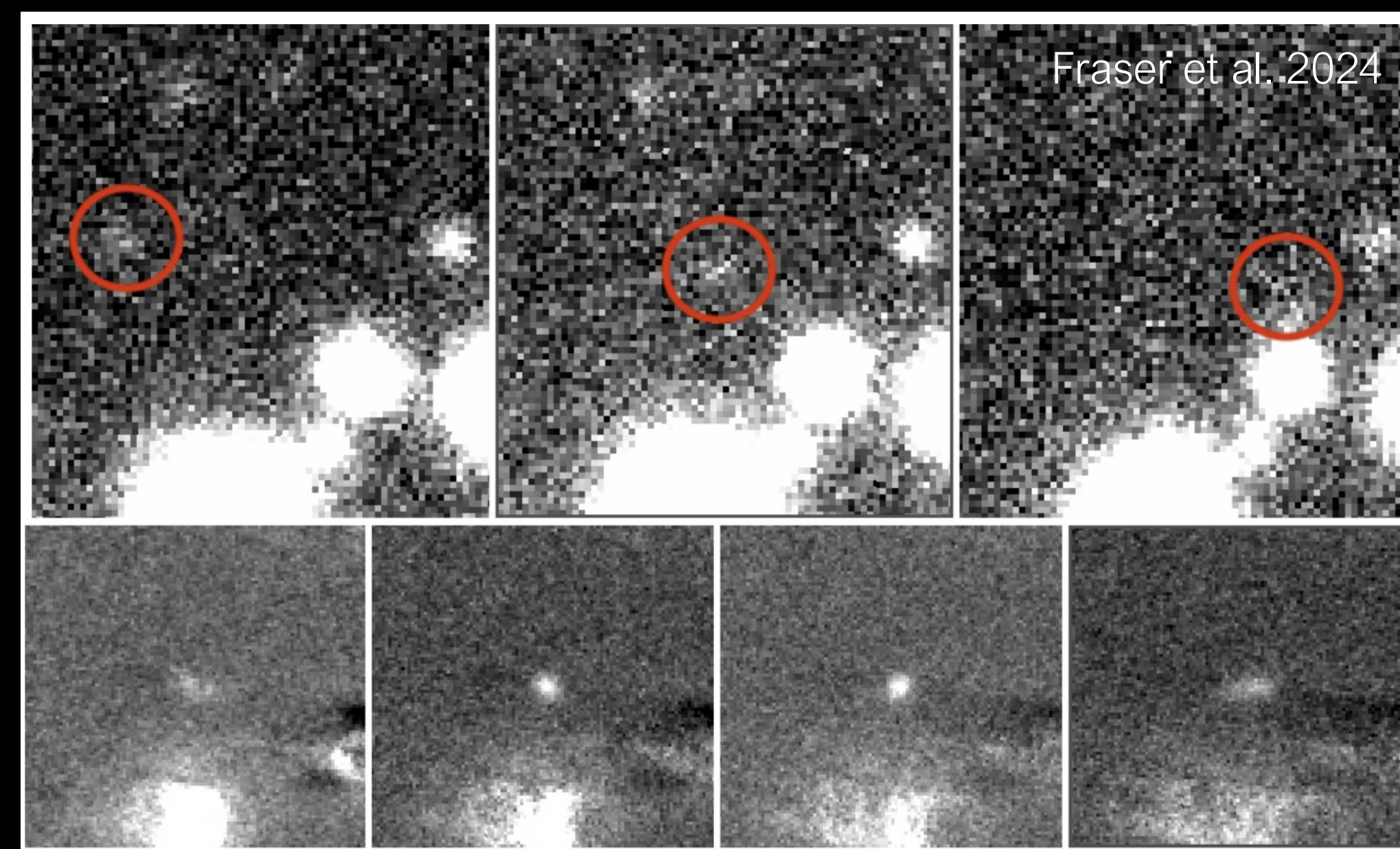
Green dots – all KBOs discovered by Subaru, no longer observable by NH
Yellow dots – locations of KBOs >60 au discovered by Subaru; size:orbit arc length



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Summary

- Observations S25A, S25B
- Reductions and subtractions using the latest LSST pipeline
- Shift and stack search
- Machine learning source rejection
- See Poster P10 Shibukawa et al. Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) technique.

Detection of real KBO via shift & stack search



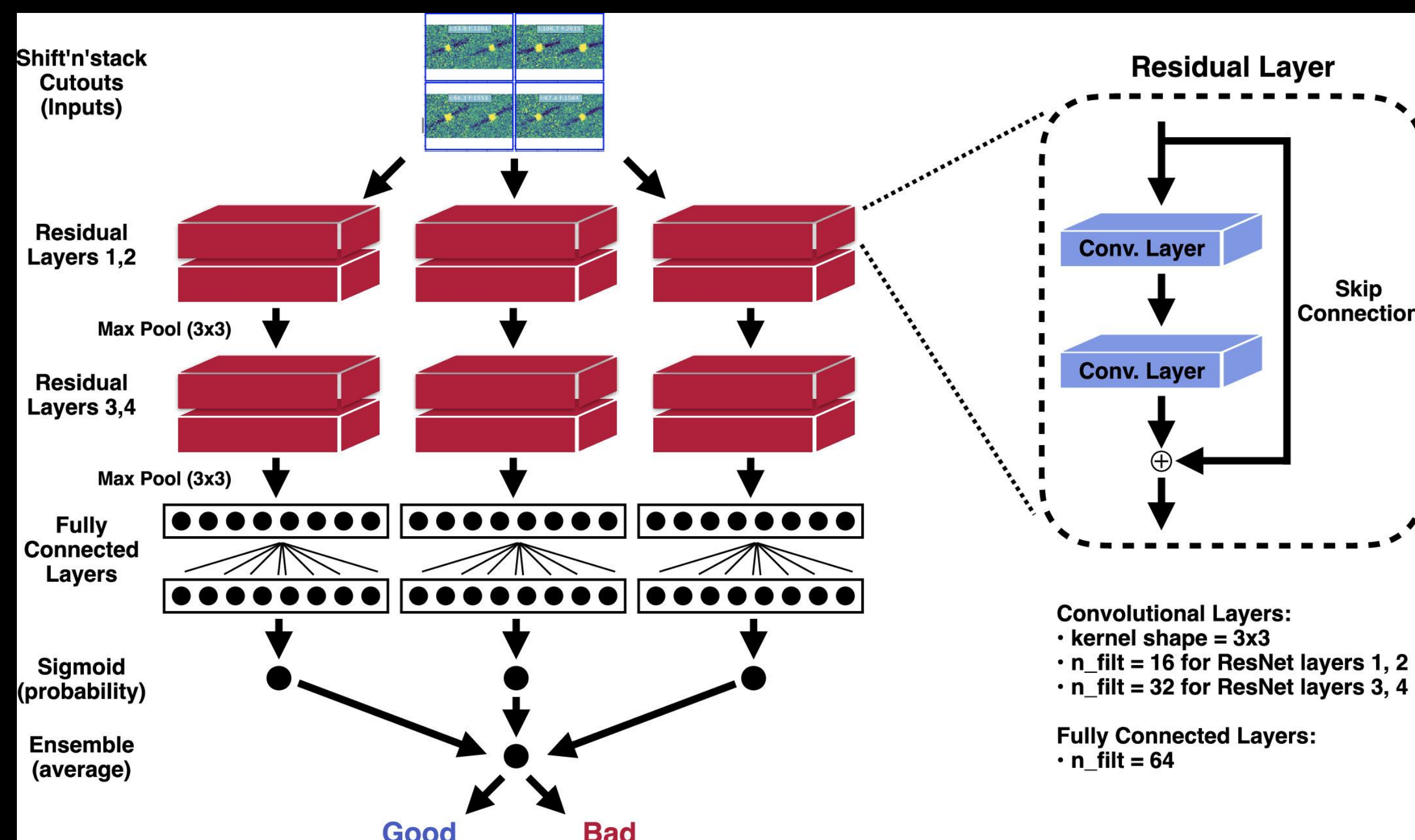
1.5"/hr 2.0"/hr 2.5"/hr 3.0"/hr

Actual = 1.9"/hr



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Summary

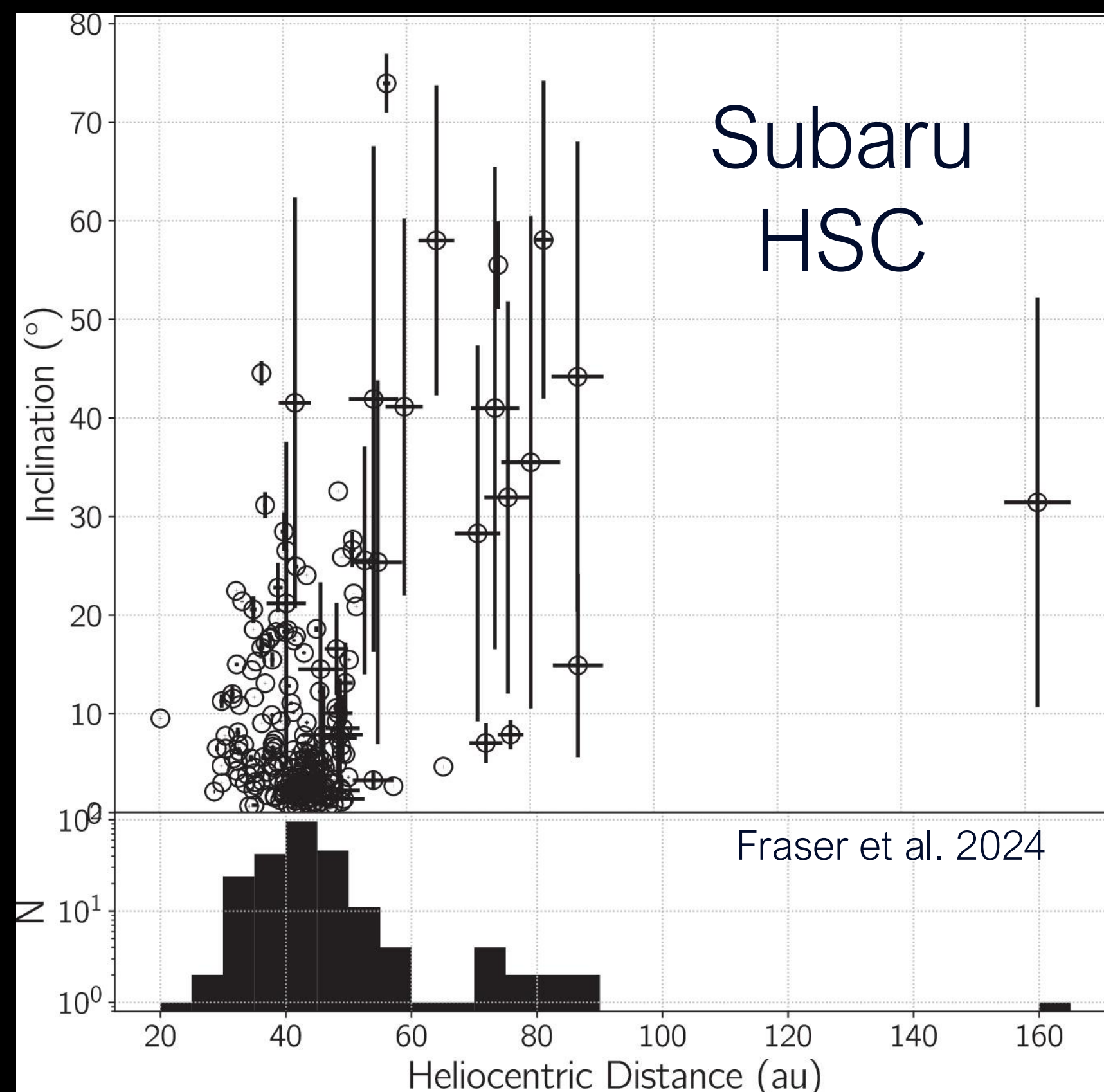
- Observations S25A, S25B
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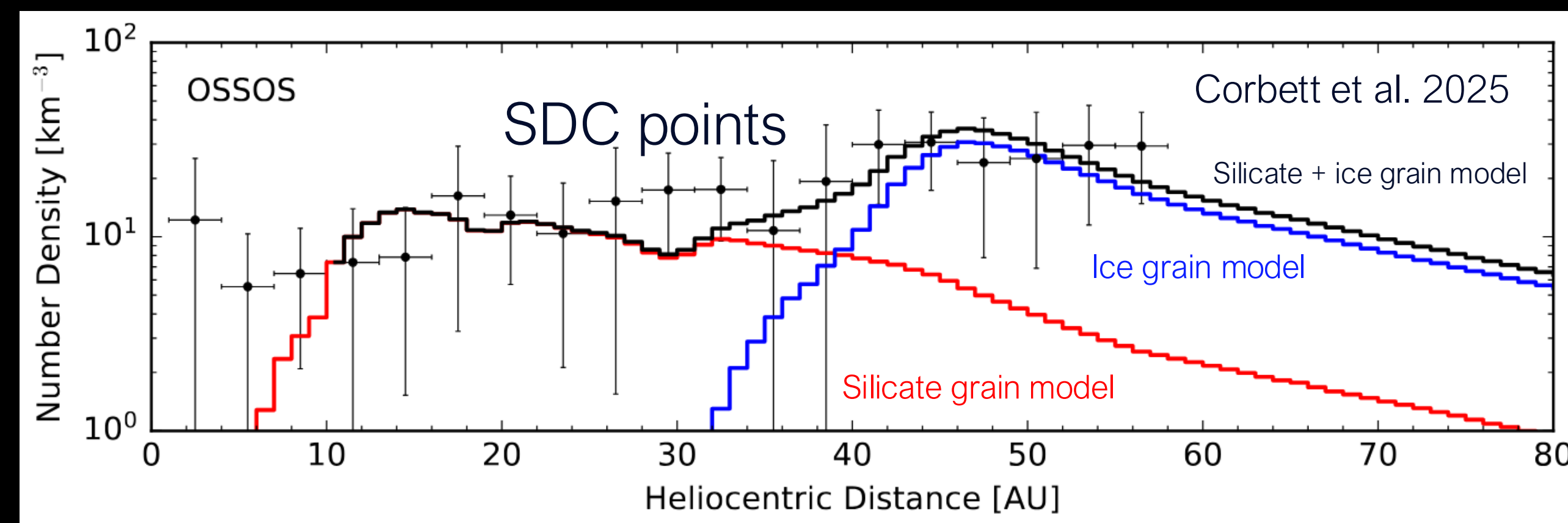
Fraser et al. 2024



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Results



Evidence for an extended Kuiper Belt?
Potential for a major discovery!



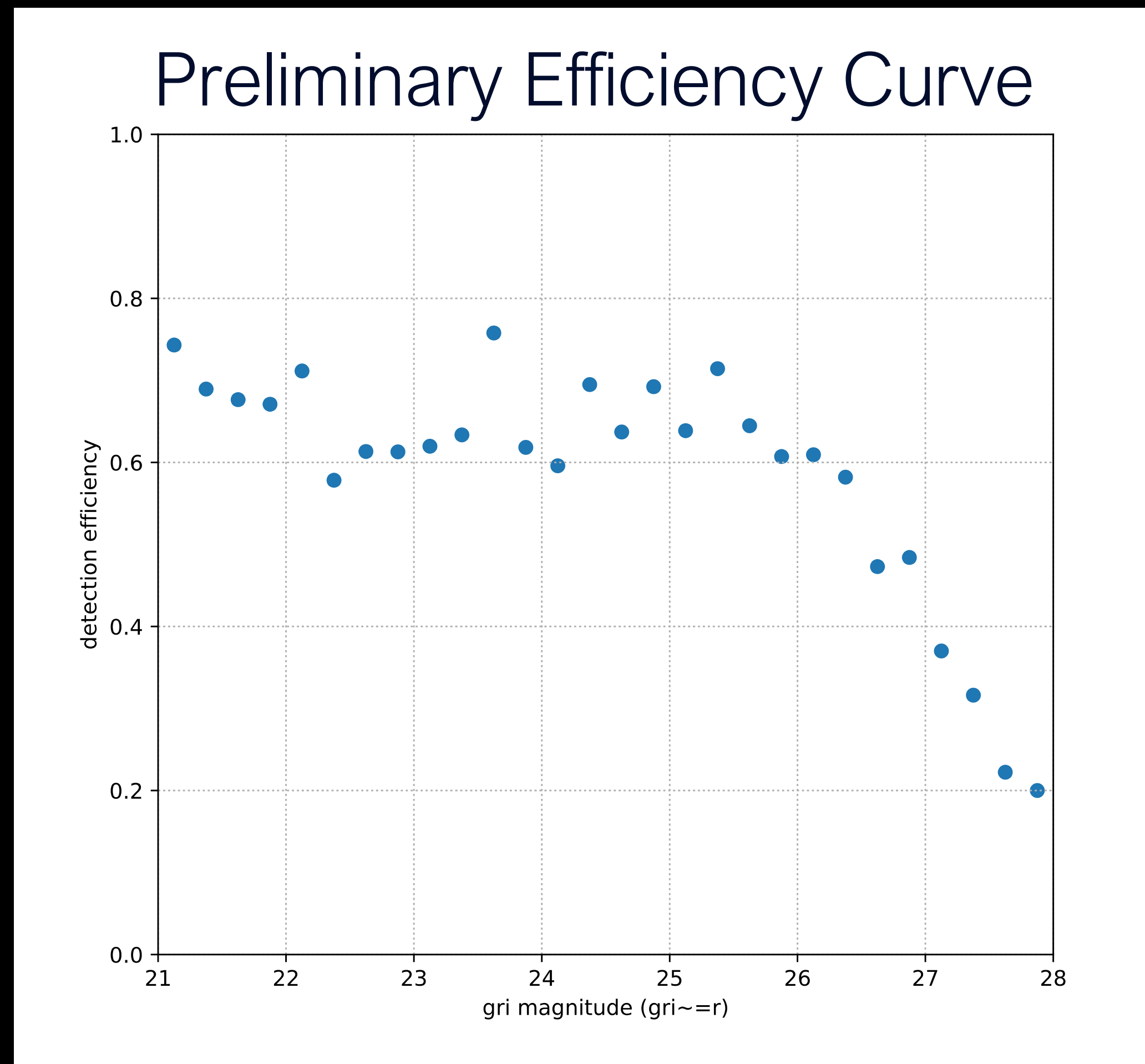
New Horizons Student Dust Counter (SDC) Flux

294 new KBOs, including 11 with $R > 70$ au (5x more than OSSOS++ model predicts)



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope in 2024-2025

- 8.5 half nights 2024
51 discoveries, so far
- 3 half nights in 2025
follow up 2024 discoveries
extend orbit arcs
- Analysis ongoing
- Magnitude limit $r \sim 27$



Wes Fraser



Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Rubin Observatory

- Proposed a 30-hr 'micro-survey'
Kavelaars et al. 2025, *ApJS*
- Magnitude limit $r \sim 27.5$
- Expect ~ 730 new KBOs
 - ~ 12 observable by NH
 - ~ 1 within 1 au of NH
 - may resolve 'tight' binaries
- Magnitude limit $r \sim 28$ with 75 hrs
- Commissioning observations May-August
results TBD

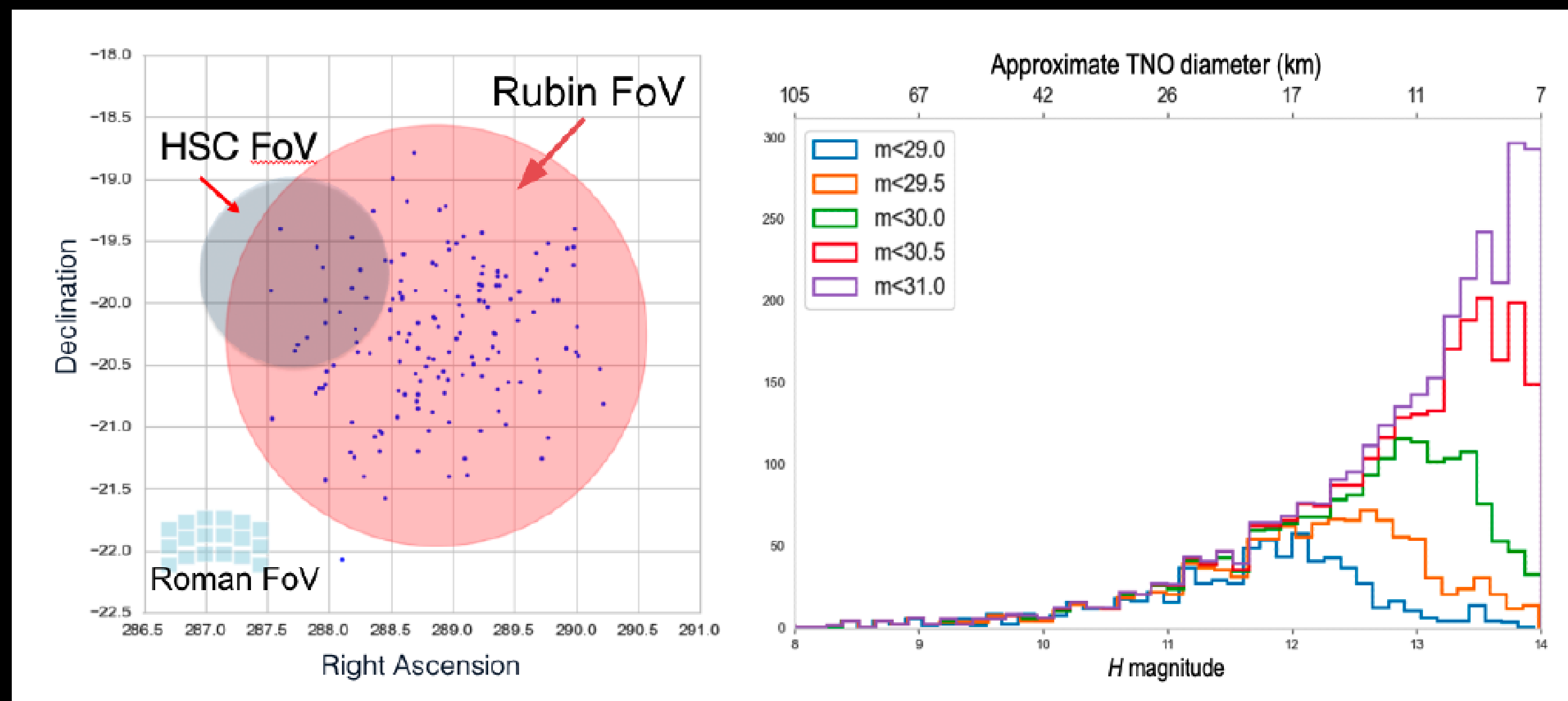
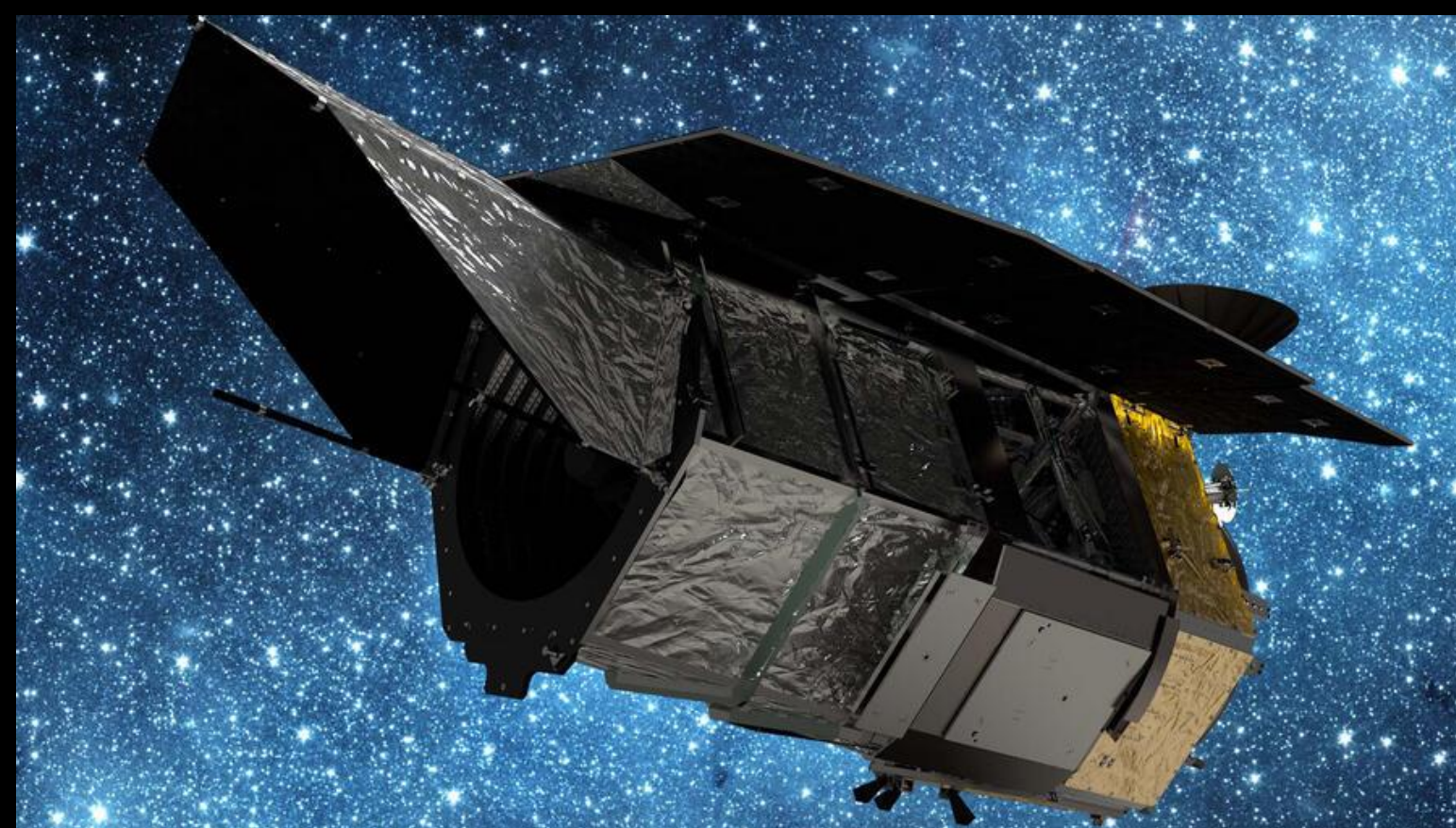




Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Roman Space Telescope



- Cycle 1 Call for General Astrophysics Survey Proposals
release date: November 2025 deadline: early March 2026
- Magnitude limit $r \sim 30$
- Expect ~ 900 new KBOs





Searching for KBO Targets for New Horizons with Subaru Telescope – Summary

- Complete 2024-25 Data Analysis
report discoveries (at least 51) to MPC
still more objects $R > 70$ au than expected?
potential for a major discovery!
- Proposals going forward (S26A →)
led by Japanese collaborators (Ito, Yoshida, et al.)
- Use of Rubin, Roman Telescopes
reach magnitudes $r \sim 27.5$, $r \sim 30$
- Observe new KBOs with New Horizons
can accommodate close flyby for at least a decade
 - power available until ~ 2050
 - limited remaining fuel for ΔV , flyby activities

