

Optical follow-up observations of nuclear transients detected by eROSITA: Testing the state of changing-look AGN

Malte Schramm Saitama Univ.

Main Collaborators: Mirko Krumpe, David Homan+eROSITA team

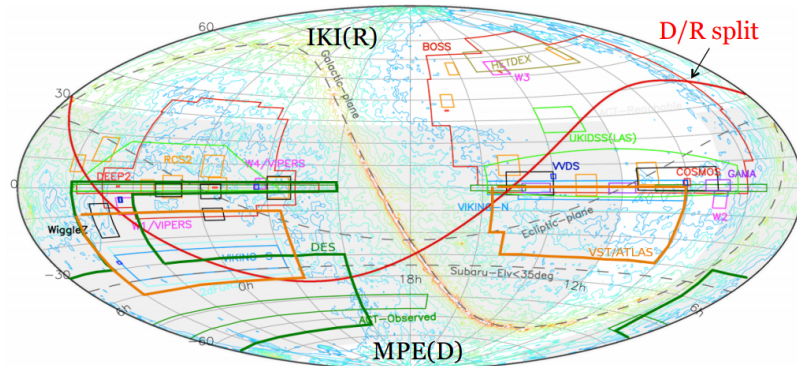
Special thanks: Shenli Tang (UT), Miho Kawabata (Kyoto U.)

SUBARU UM 13.1.2022



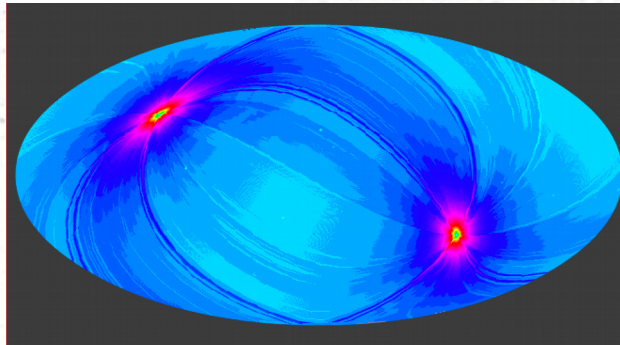
eROSITA: extended ROentgen Survey with an Imaging Telescope Array

Sky split between RU and DE consortium



credit to A. Nishizawa

Exposure map
eRASS4



Launch Dec 2019
Every 6 months
All sky scan eRASS1-8
(now eRASS4-5)
0.2-10 keV

SRG/eROSITA

0.3-2.3 keV - RGB

eROSITA Detections of Variable AGN



MPE

SRG/eROSITA

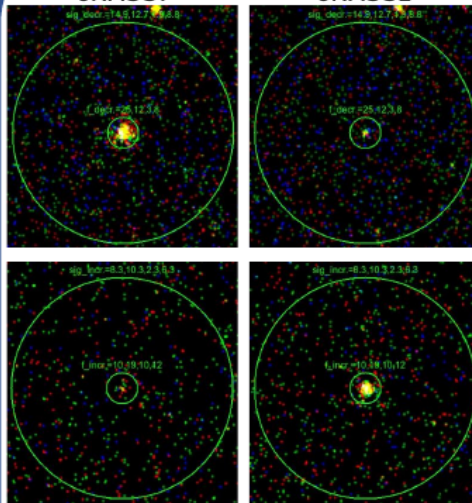
0.3-2.3 keV - RGB

eROSITA Detections of Variable AGN

AGN Shutdown and Ignition

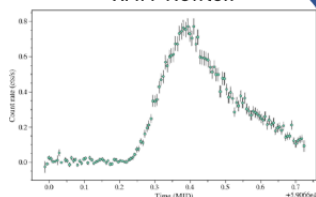
eRASS1

eRASS2

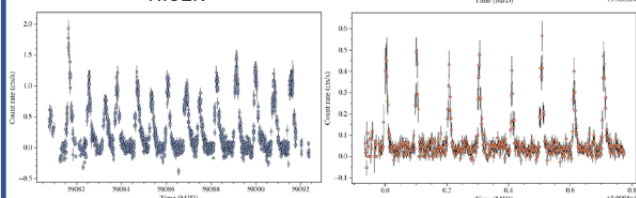


XMM-Newton and
NICER follow-up of
eROSITA detected
Quasi Periodic
Eruptions

XMM-Newton



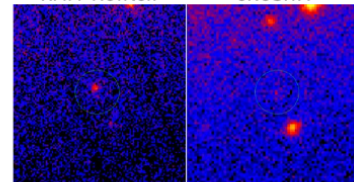
NICER



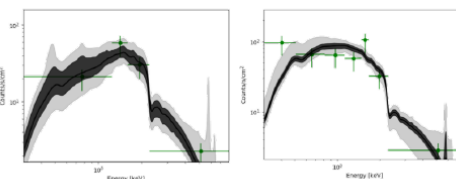
Comparison with
archival data:
The disappearance of
an XMM detected AGN

XMM-Newton

eROSITA



Spectral
variability:
change from
obscured to
unobscured
spectrum in 6
months



plus TDEs, X-ray binaries etc...

Optical Follow-up Observations

- Many telescopes join the effort to follow-up as many sources as possible. Major facilities are:
- Southern Sky: SALT, VLT, NTT, **Gemini-S**, SOAR + many small <1m telescopes for photometry
- Northern Sky: LBT, **Gemini-N**, Asiago, NOT, **Seimei**, **Nayuta**



Identify and follow-up of ignition & shut-down Events

- Main Interest: Search for Changing-Look AGN
 - * confirm the event in the optical and build a statistical sample (set benchmark data for evolutionary studies)
 - * Questions to be answered: How fast can the accretion flow be re-started/shut-down
What kind of spectral changes do we see and on what time scales etc...
- Secondary: TDEs, QPEs, X-ray binaries, active stars etc...

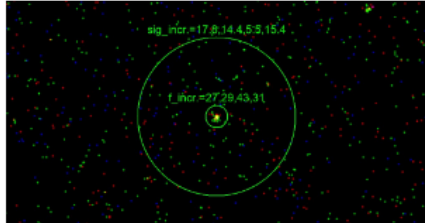
Observationally very extensive & expensive Project

A little Statistics on our follow-up Program

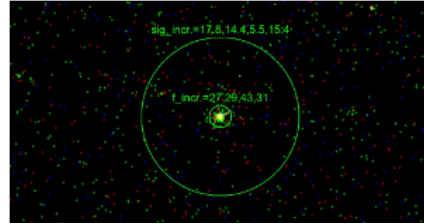
- Currently eRASS4/5
 - * basic catalog eRASS4 about 1900 X-ray transient candidates
 - * Currently about 260 with spectroscopic follow-up
 - * ~55 spectra taken from Japan (not all successful)
 - * bright targets → Seimei/Kools+Nayuta/Malls
 - * faint objects → Gemini N+S
 - * Make use of OISTER time Open Use at Nayuta + Gemini FT

eROSITA - Events

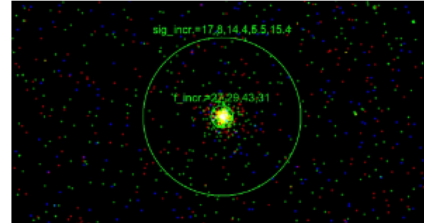
eRASS1



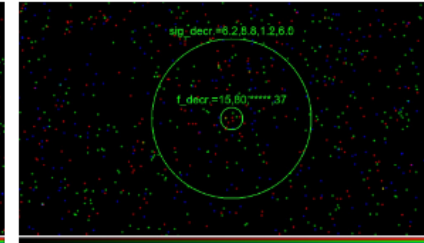
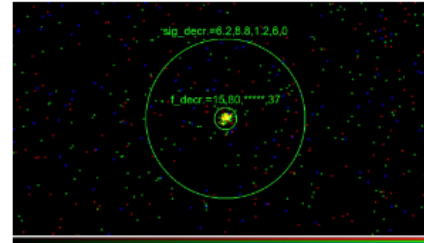
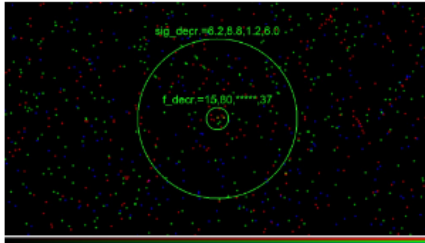
eRASS2



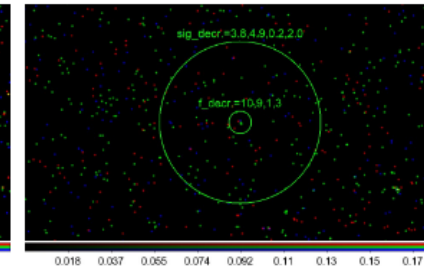
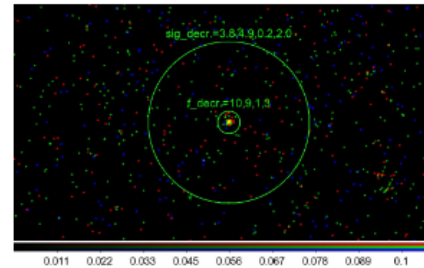
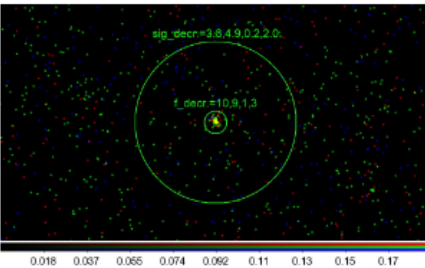
eRASS3



X-rays getting brighter



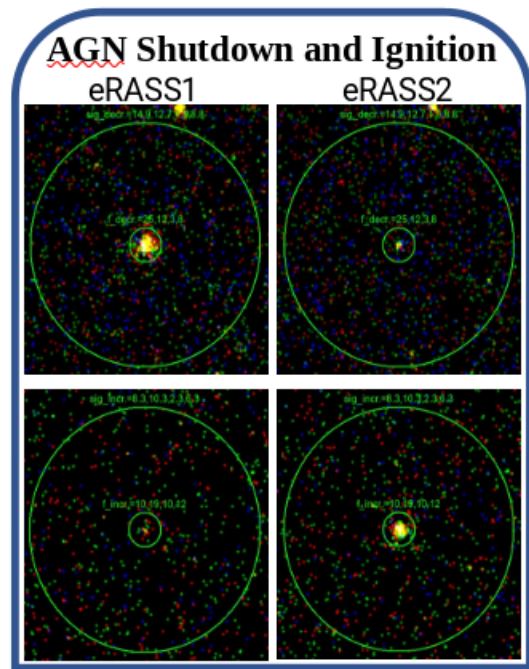
Single flare



Shut-down

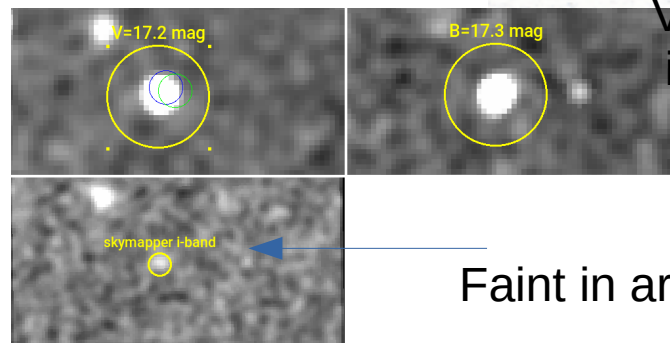
eROSITA Target Selection

Changing Look AGN



Ignition event

Shutdown event



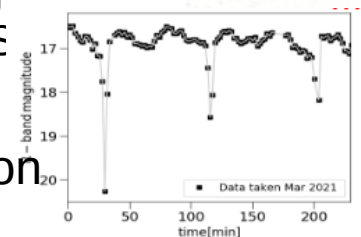
Very bright after ignition

Faint in archival data

Need to confirm the current magnitude:

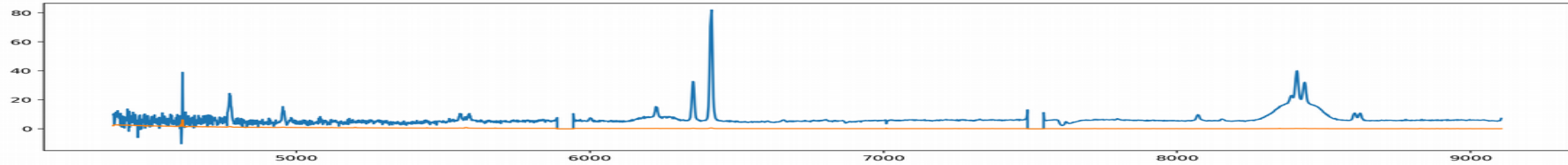
Some cases mag drop ~ 1 mag
→ faint targets move to GMOS

In some cases no archival information
so we identify e.g. galactic sources

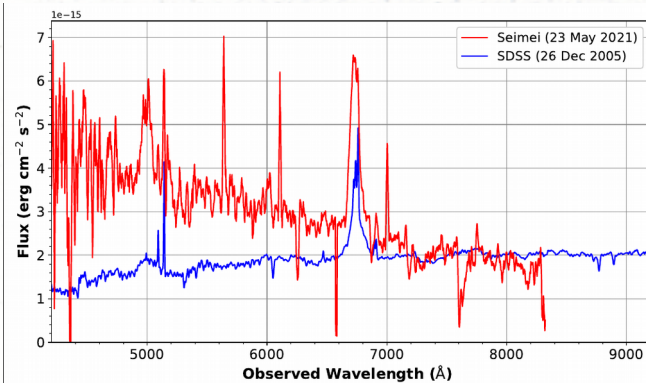


Optical Spectroscopy

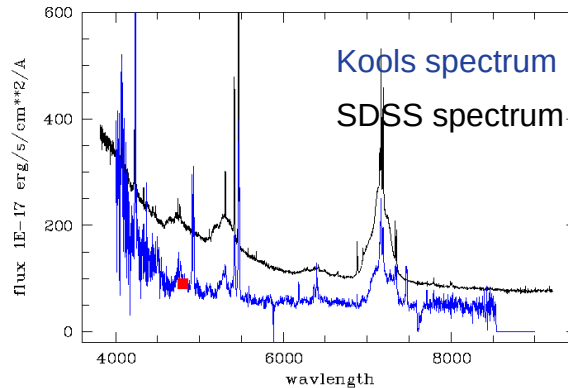
- Essentially 4 cases: (1) std quasar spectrum (little change)



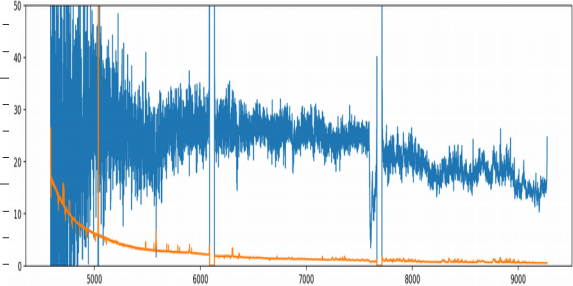
- (2) std quasar spectrum (clear brightening response to ignition event)



- (3) std quasar spectrum (clear fading response to shut-down event)

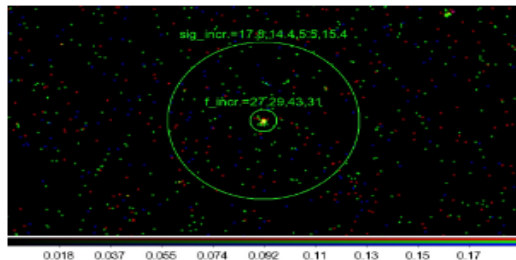


- (4) galaxy spectrum (no obvious response in optical)

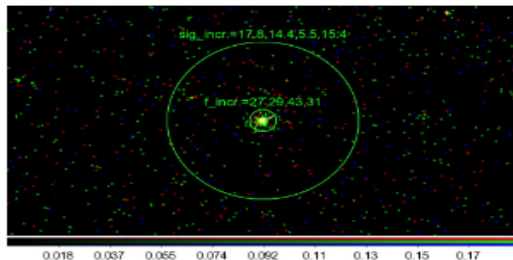


Ignition Event

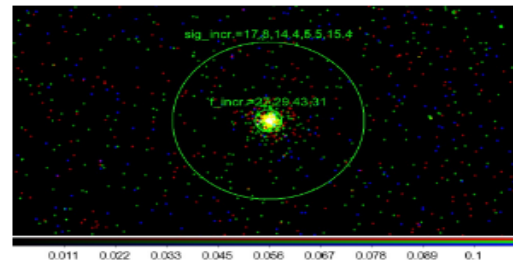
eRASS 1



eRASS2



eRASS3



Follow-up request 21.5.2021

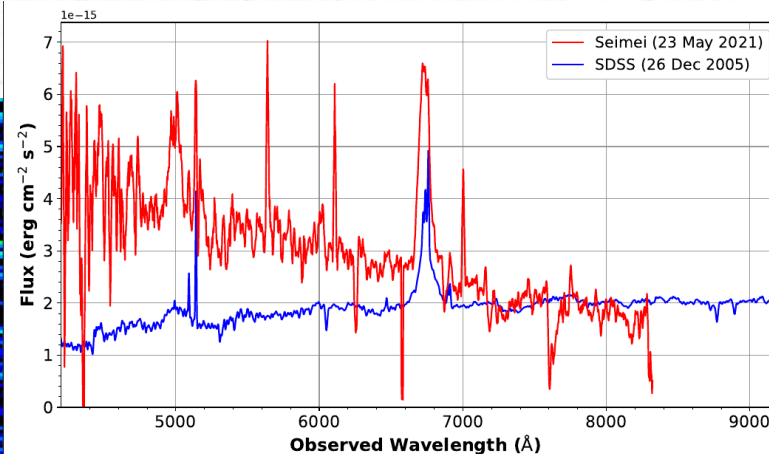
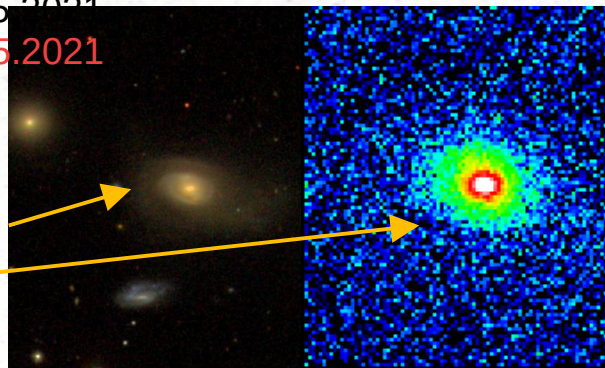
Photometry check 22.5.2021

Seimei Spectroscopy 23.5.2021

SDSS PSF mag = 16.9

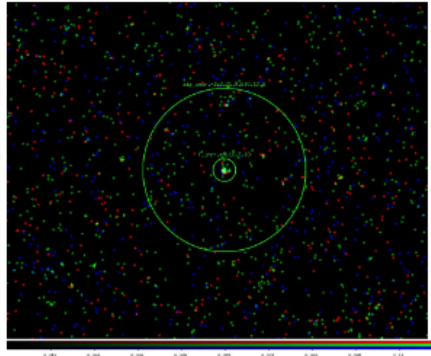
PSF mag 22.5. = 16.0

total: g=14.2 mag

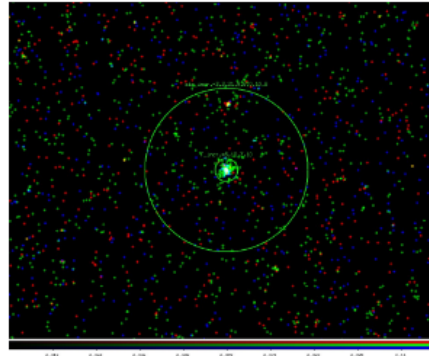


Ignition Event: Example II

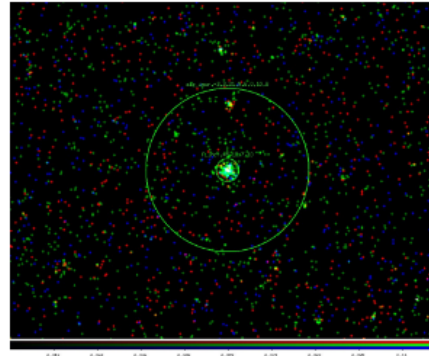
eRASS 1



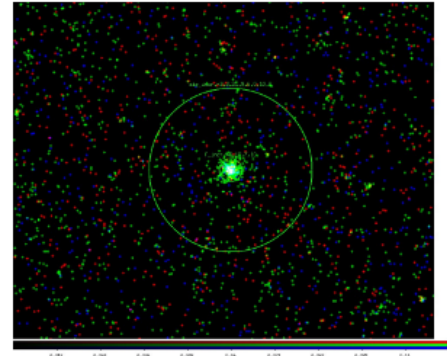
eRASS2



eRASS3



eRASS4



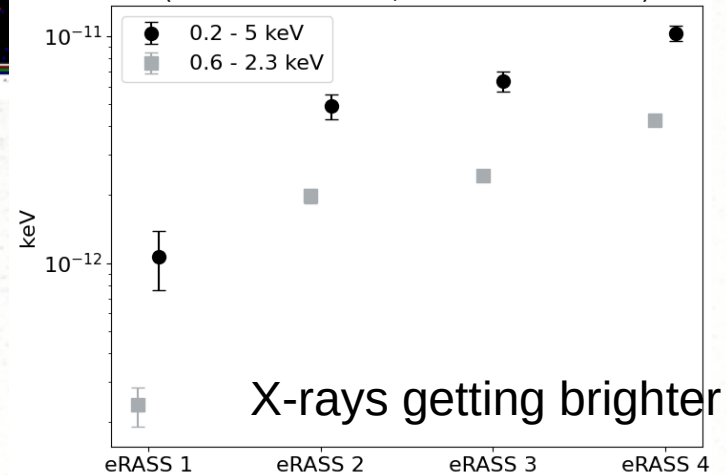
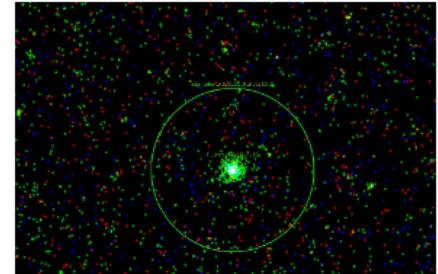
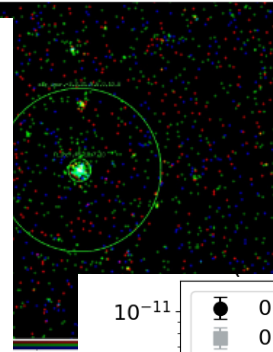
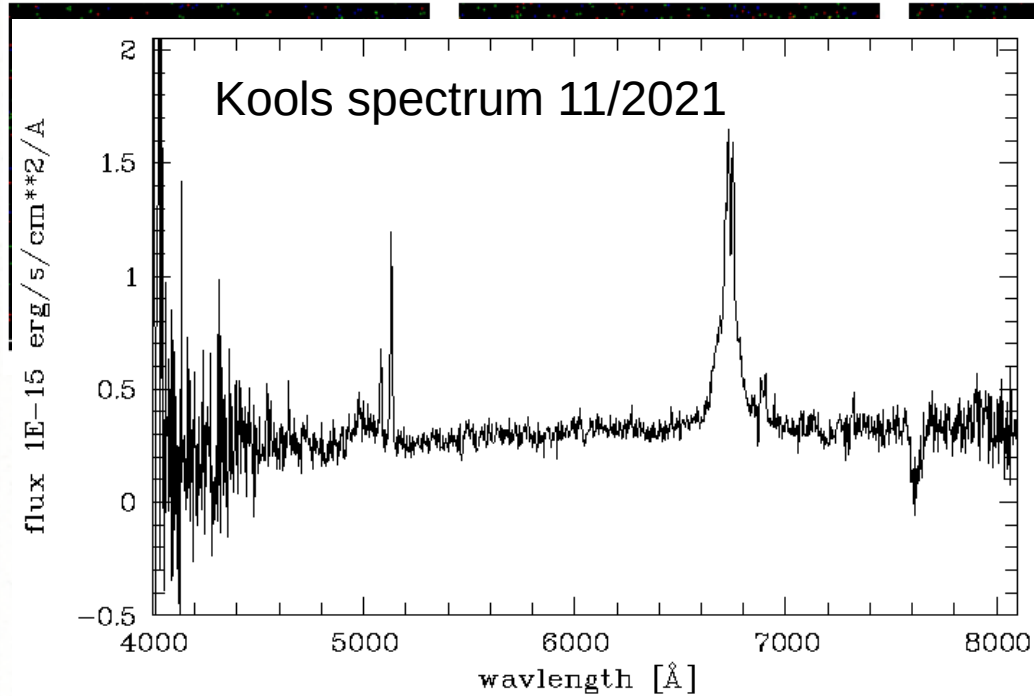
Ignition Event: Example II

eRASS 1

eRASS2

eRASS3

eRASS4



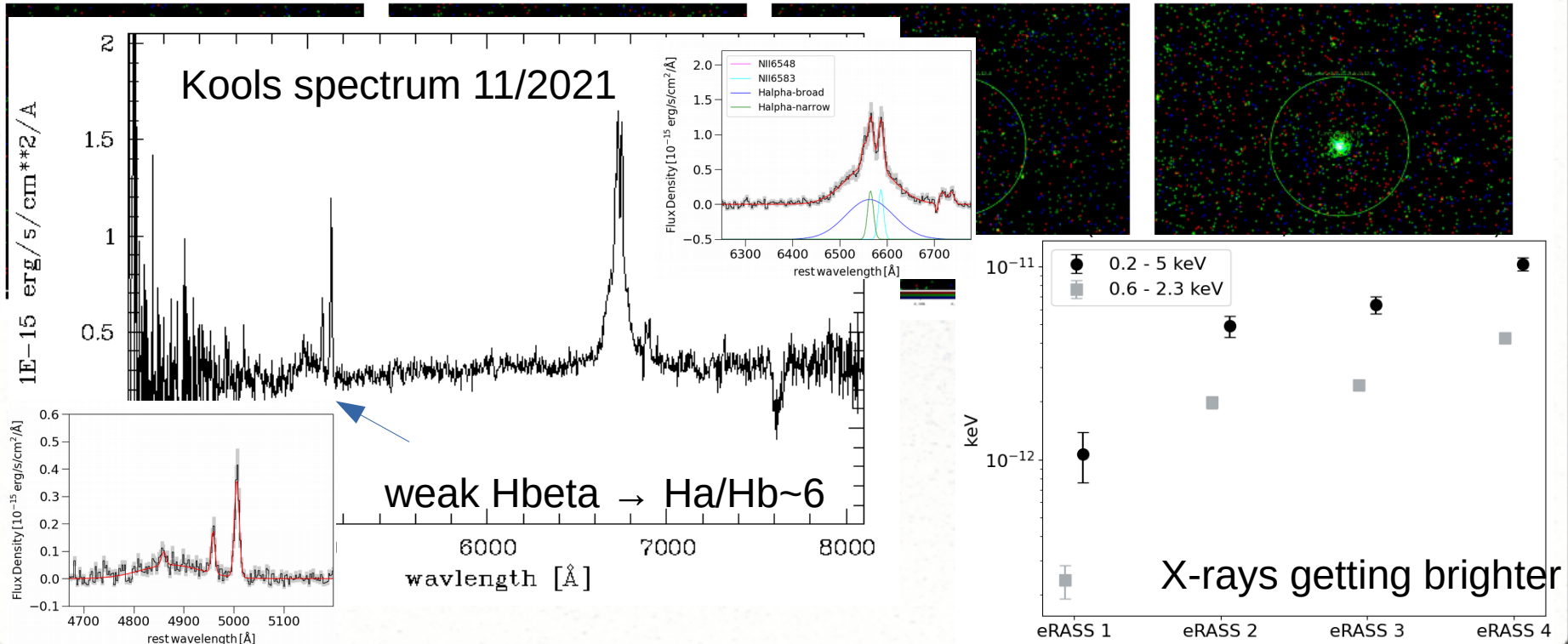
Ignition Event: Example II

eRASS 1

eRASS2

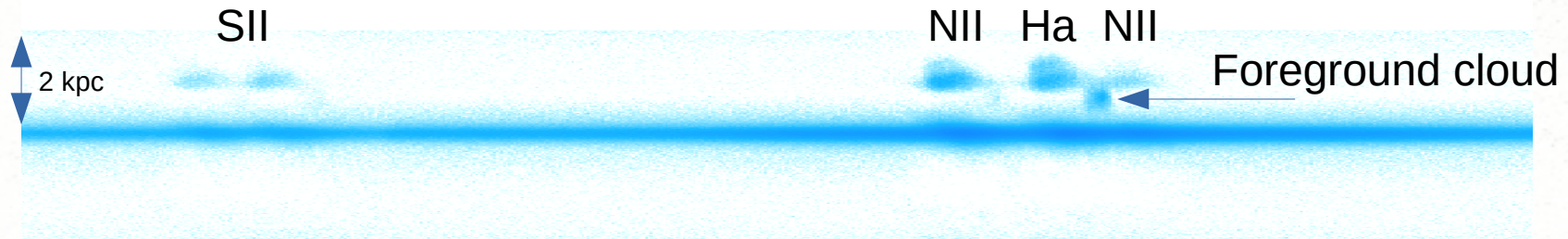
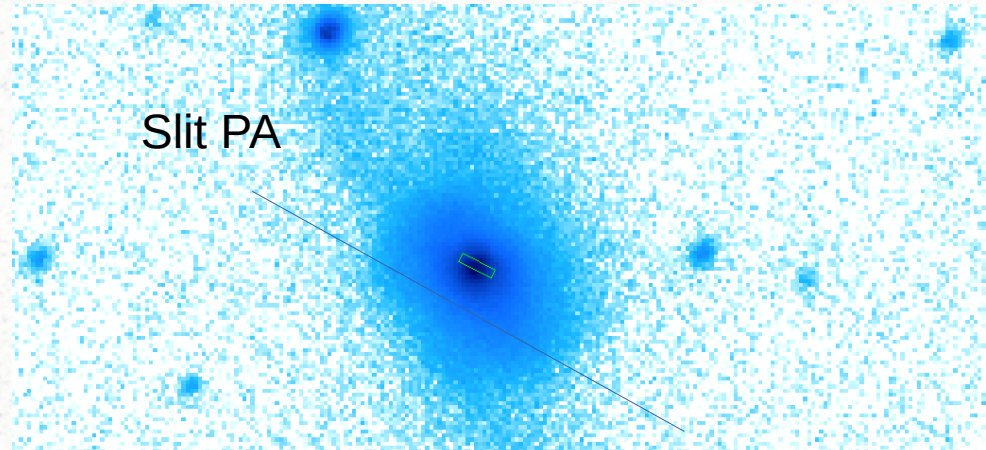
eRASS3

eRASS4



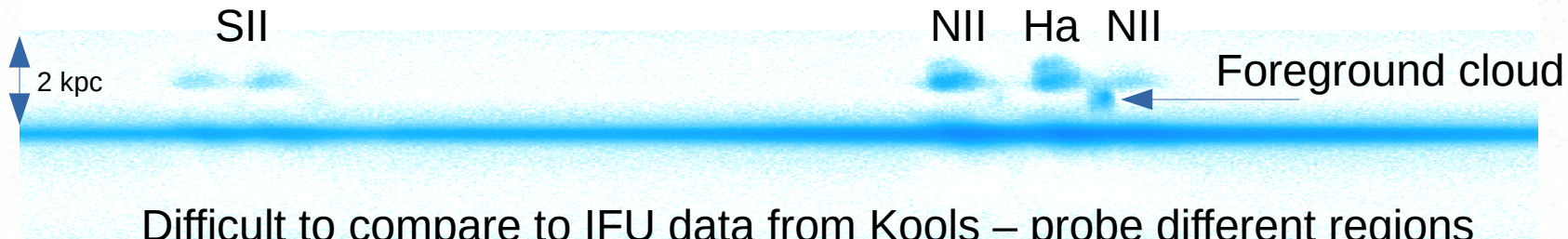
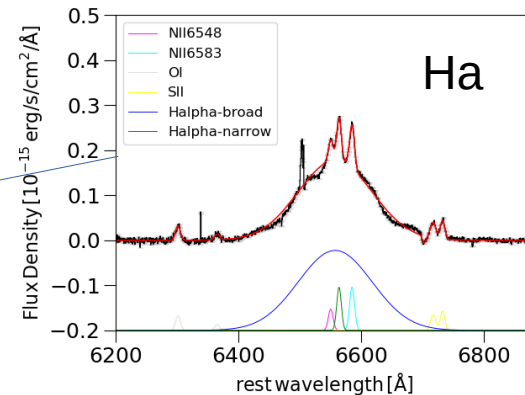
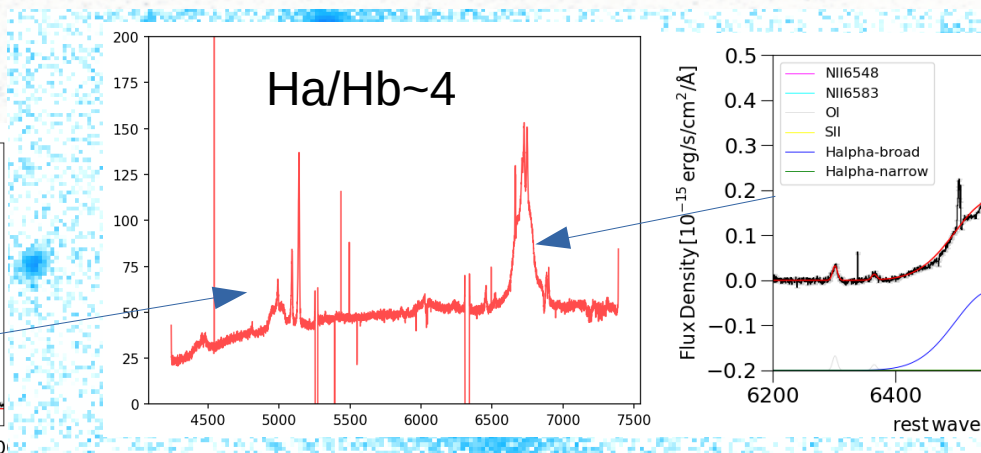
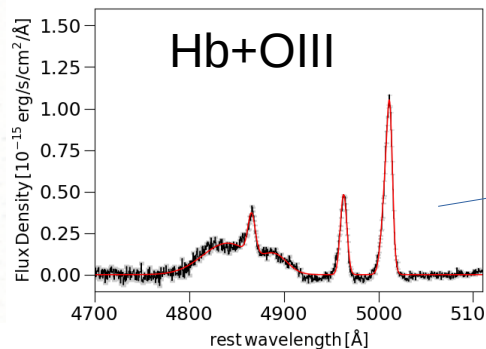
Ignition Event: Example II

Jan 11 GMOS spectrum



Ignition Event: Example II

Jan 11 GMOS spectrum

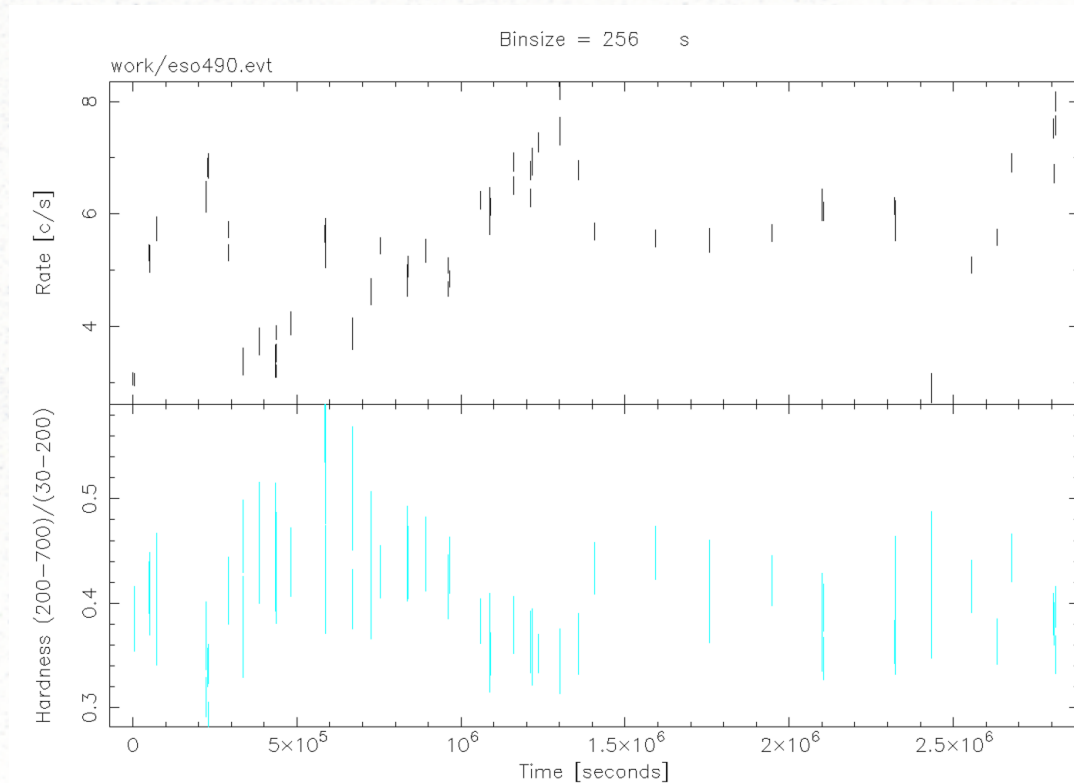


Difficult to compare to IFU data from Kools – probe different regions
Currently OIII flux matching

Ignition Event: Example II

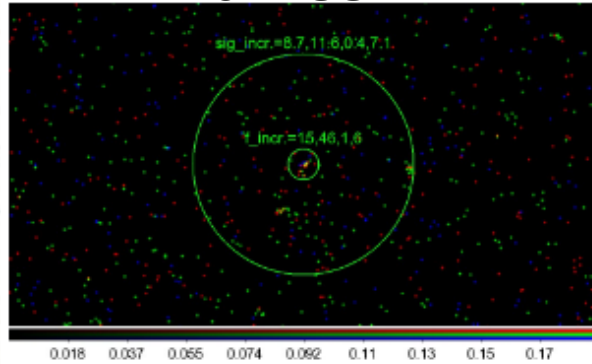
On-going NICER
campaign from Nov

Clear changes over
past month
also in HR

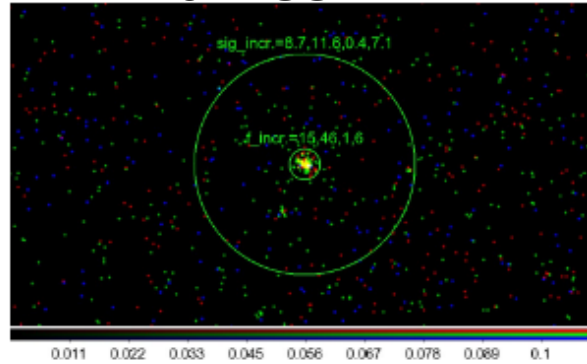


Ignition Event – NLSy1

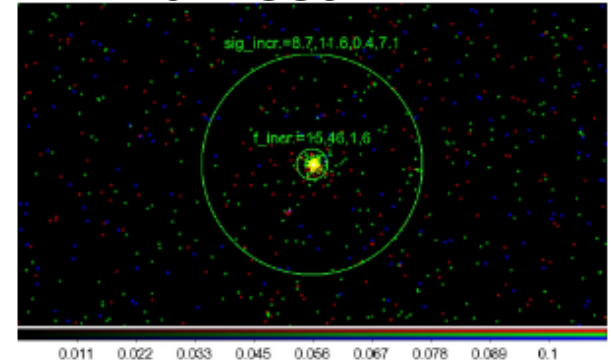
eRASS 1



eRASS2

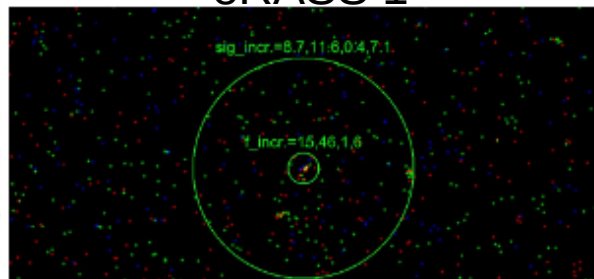


eRASS3

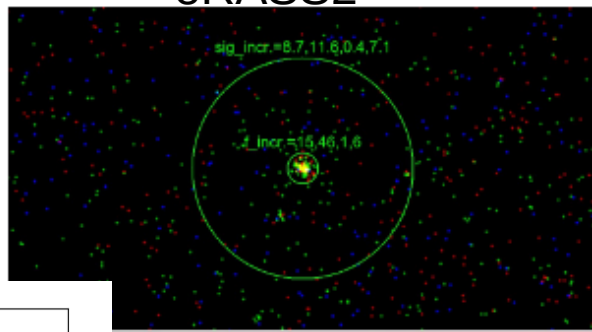


Ignition Event – NLSy1

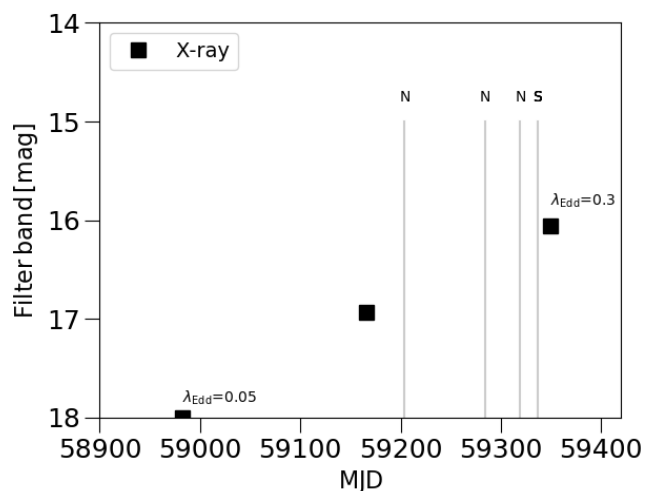
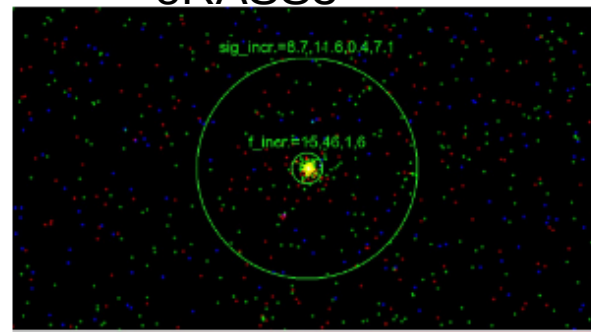
eRASS 1



eRASS2



eRASS3



Continuous increase in X-ray flux over 1 year
→ 5% Edd to 30% Edd (beware uncertainties)

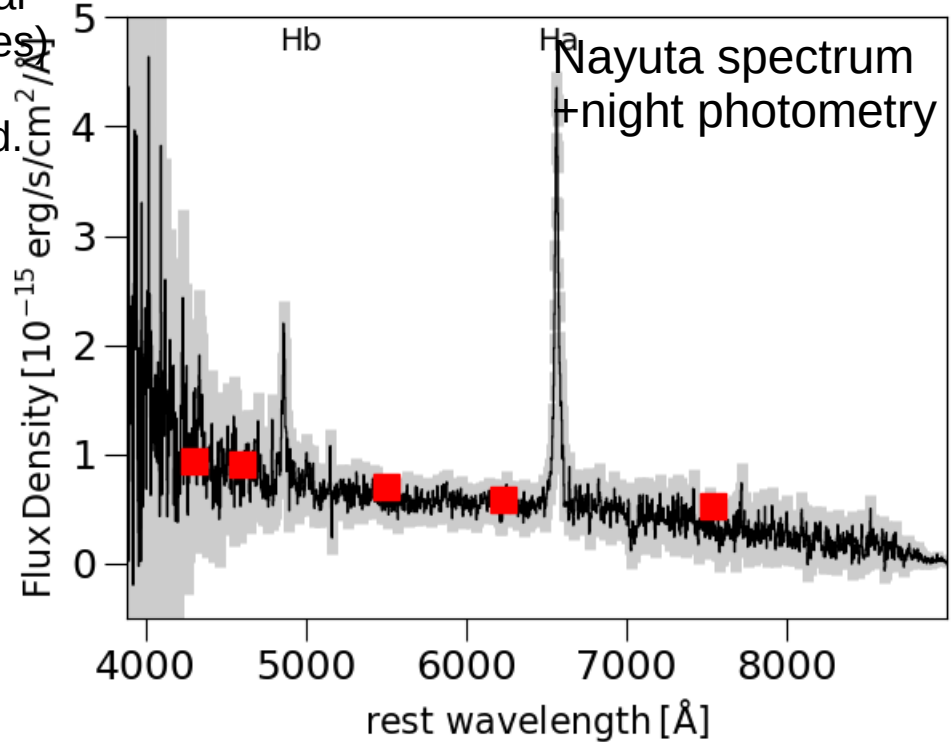
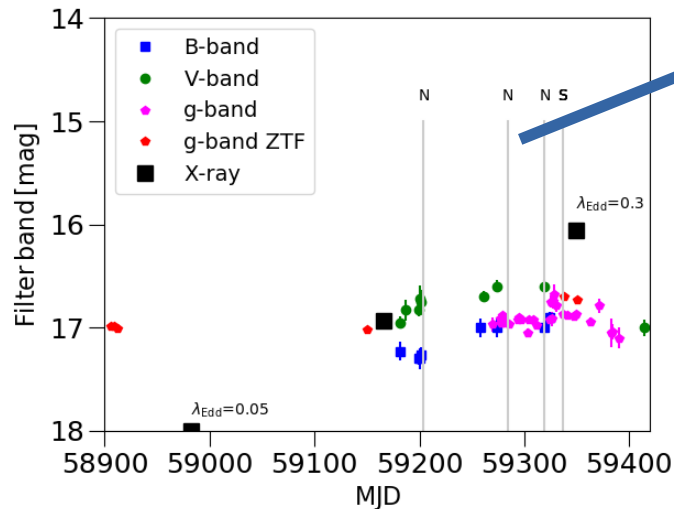
If X-rays continue to rise → candidate for Edd
or super Edd accretion

Waiting for eRASS4 data point!!!!

Low-Mass BHs - NLSy1

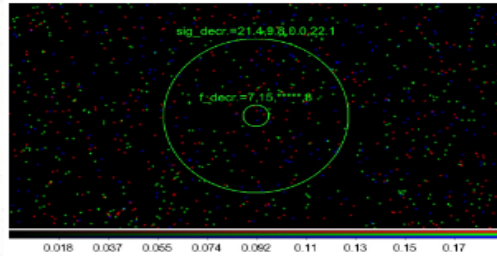
Continuous increase in X-ray flux over 1 year
→ 5% Edd to 30% Edd (beware uncertainties)

If X-rays continue to rise → Super Edd cand.

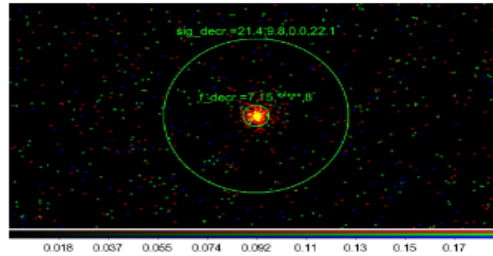


Extreme Burst

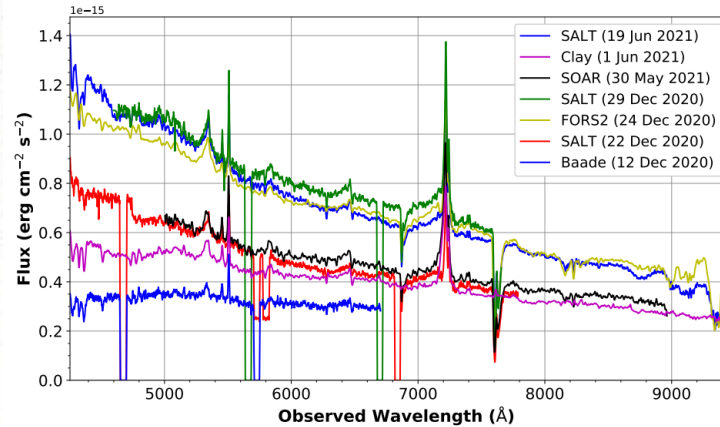
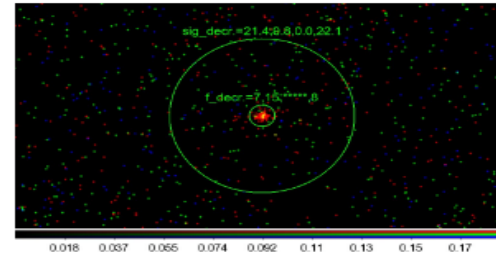
eRASS1



eRASS2



eRASS3



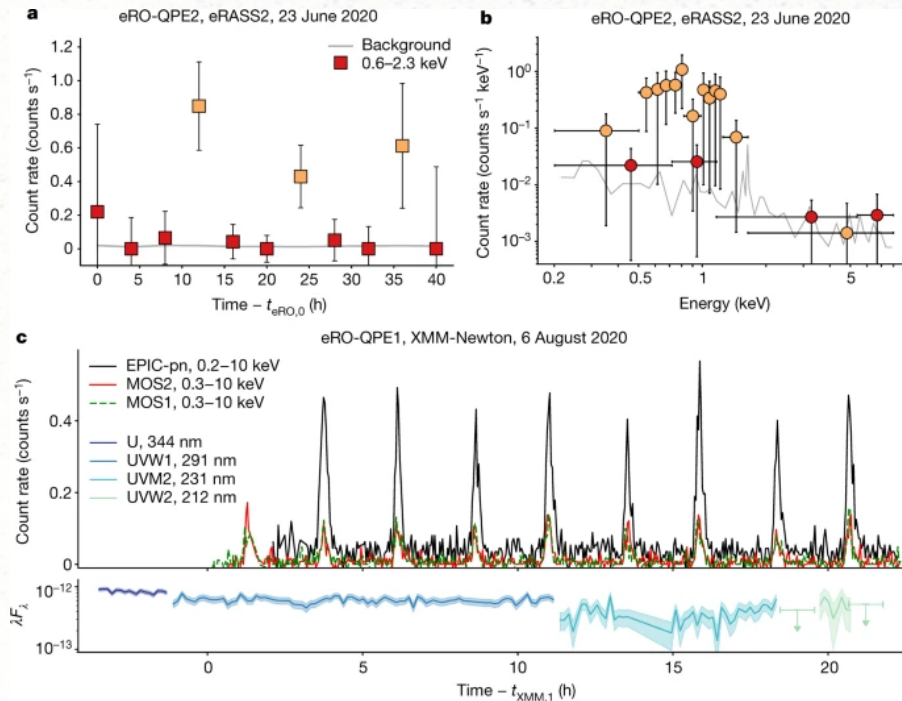
More than factor 100
brightening in X-rays

Optical response through
vast spectroscopy and
Imaging

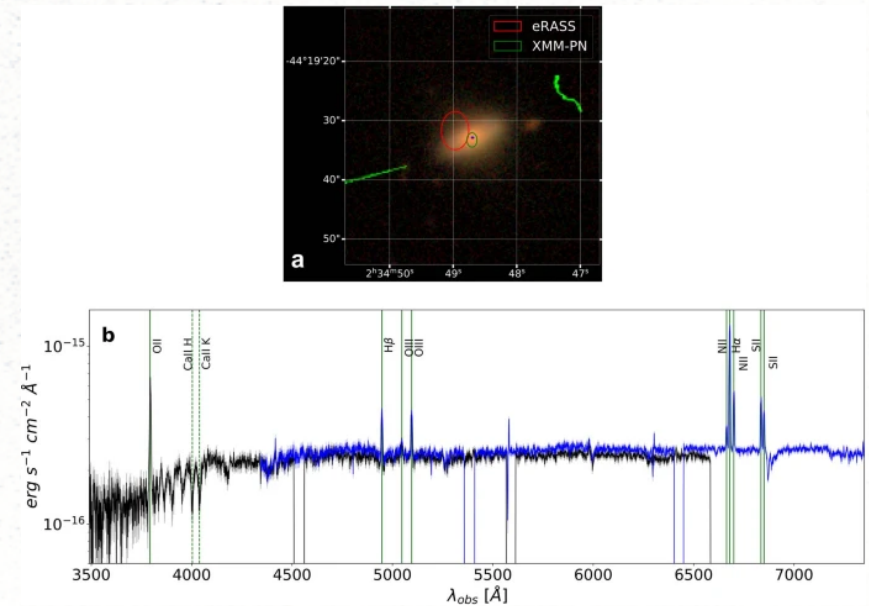
Clear response detected

Quasi Periodic Eruptions

2 QPEs detected by eROSITA presented in Nature as Arcordia et al. 2021



No optical response in both hosts



Summary

- Extensive Follow-up Campaign for eROSITA detected ignition/shut-down events (targets will multiply each all-sky scan)
- ~268 AGN spectroscopically observed / 20% from Japan
- Most sources do NOT show any significant optical response – or changes compared to archival data (e.g. SDSS)
- Have uncovered many AGN in optical quiescent galaxies
- Now time has started for repeated observations to study time evolution of the events
- We make contributions to other working groups studying X-ray transients