Intensive Program Report S19A-Q1060 Subaru Near-Field Cosmology Survey

Sakurako Okamoto Subaru Telescope/NAOJ

N. Arimoto (NAOJ), A. Ferguson (Edinburgh), M. Irwin (Cambridge) M. Chiba (Tohoku), K. Komiyama (NAOJ), M. Tanaka (Hosei) M. Tanaka (NAOJ), J. Koda (Stony Brook), M. Rich (UCLA), M.G. Lee (Seoul), I.S. Jang (AIP), J. Kang (Seoul), J. W. Lee (Seoul), R. Zemaitis (Edinburgh)

Subaru Near-Field Cosmology Survey (SNFC; S19A-QI060)

Cover 6 nearby disk galaxies with HSC 2 or 4 pointings each with g,i-bands Elucidate the dependence of stellar halos and thick disk properties in late-type galaxies based on the homogeneous observations/reductions/analyses by the same group

For individual galaxies:

Verify stellar halo and thick disk existence and reveal their stellar populations Search new satellites, (sub-)structures, GCs, outlying young stellar systems Radial metallicity distributions of old population by RGB colors

Using all target galaxies + existing samples:

Clarify the dependence of stellar halos and thick disk properties in late-type galaxies on the luminosity/morphology/environment. Compare halo radial profiles (power-low like MW/M31/M81?) Thick disks of edge-on targets (N247,N253,N4244,N4236)

Address the missing satellite problem with LFs/MDFs of satellites halo-to-halo scatter of the satellite abundance?

DM densities of MW-like galaxy halos



Stars born in satellites but now belonging to MW-like galaxies



In ACDM framework, galaxies having similar total mass may have different stellar halo fraction, radial density, the radial metallicity profiles, and the richness of substructures.

PISCeS Survey / Centaurs A @ 3.8Mpc (11deg², 80pointings, 175h, Magellan/Megacam) (Crnojevic+2016)

30 kpc





Integrated Surface Photometry: a significant number of galaxies lack of stellar halos?

Resolved Stellar Photometry:

- Reach well below the sky level (>34mag/arcsec²)
- Direct proof of faint (sub-)structures
- Better constraint on Age/Metallicity of individual stars
- Less foreground/background contaminations
- Less influence of foreground cirrus and sky-subtraction
- Limited number of target galaxies
 (< a few Mpc)
- Require both image depth and wide FoV







SNFC: Targets

Selection:

- Nearby galaxies D < 5 Mpc
- Not "dwarf" M_B < -18.0
- Visible from MK more than 3hours/night
- Galactic latitude |b|> 30 degree
- Variety of Morphological type, Mass, etc.



Table 1: The target galaxies											
Name	#ª	term ^b	D (Mpc) ^c	groupd	MB	classe	b/a	M.(M _☉) ^f	image	comments	
NGC0247	2	В	$3.4 \pm 0.06^{(1)}$	Scl	-18.5	Sd	0.32	3×10^{9}	HSC ^g		
NGC0253	5	В	$3.5 \pm 0.1^{(2)}$	Scl	-21.3	Sc	0.22	1×10^{11}	CFHT	two satellitesh	
NGC7793	2	в	$3.7 \pm 0.1^{(2)}$	Scl	-18.5	Sd	0.68	5.8×10^{9}	Gemini		
NGC4736	5	A	$4.2 \pm 0.3^{(2)}$	M94	-19.9	Sab	0.81	4.1×10^{10}	n/a		
NGC4244	2	A	$4.4 \pm 0.2^{(2)}$	M94	-18.2	Scd	0.11	3.6×10^{9}	HSC ^g	no stellar halo?	
NGC4236	5	A	$4.5 \pm 0.3^{(4)}$	M81	-18.6	Sdm	0.32	4.2×10^{9}	n/a	extended UV disk	
NGC5236	5	Α	$4.5 \pm 0.3^{(5)}$	M83	-20.6	Sc	0.89	7.2×10^{10}	HSC ^g	HI, satellite ^h	

8

SNFC: Survey Status (as of March 1, 2021)

Overall completion rate = 32.1h/87h = 36% ... S19A (2n)=50%, S19B (3n)=35%, S20A (3n)=36%, S20B (2n)=47%, S21A (2n)=??

target	Fields	visibility	filter	exp/F [s]	seeing	Field1	Field2	Field3	Field4
		VISIOIIITY							Tielu4
	2	mid7- end12	i	2500	1.0"	100.0%	0.0%	-	
			g	5500	1.0"	100.0%	0.0%		
	4	mid7- end12	i .	2750	1.0"	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
			g	7650	0.8"	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	2	mid7- end11	i	3825	1.0"	0.0%	0.0%	•	
	2		g	8400	1.0"	0.0%	0.0%		
	4	early12- end7	i	6250	1.0"	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	1000%
			g	16800	0.8"	7.14%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	2	end11- end7	i	7200	1.0"	100.0%	100.0%	STREET.	
	Z		g	15600	1.0"	100.0%	100.0%	-	181
	2	early12- end6	i	7500	1.0"	100.0%	100.0%	A Stark	18 1
	2		g	8225	0.8"	29.18%	0.00%	1	
	4	early1- end6	i	7700	1.0"	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	4		g	21000	0.8"	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	^{0.00%} 11

SNFC: data

NGC4244



NGC4244

13

SNFC: N4244



14

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- Overall completion rate is very low (36%),
 - if this goes on, it is very difficult to achieve the objectives....
 - NGC4244 analysis on-going
 - old, metal-poor population does exist in the outskirt. halo fraction seems to be relatively small.
 - Keen to complete N4236 and N4736 in S21A and get N253, N247 data in S21B as carry-over