

# ULTIMATE-SUBARU SCIENCE GOALS



ULTIMATE  
S u b a r u

Yusei Koyama (Subaru Telescope)

---

ULTIMATE-Subaru Science Team



## UNIQUE CAPABILITIES OF ULTIMATE-SUBARU

- Phase-1: GLAO+MOIRCS - high-resolution MOS spectroscopy at H+K
- Phase-1: LTAO mode - diffraction-limit image quality in optical-NIR
- **Phase-2: GLAO+WFI - NB/MB/BB imaging (in Y/J/H/K, best performance in K)**
- Phase-2: GLAO+WFI - long-term monitoring in crowded/obscured regions
- Phase-3: GLAO-assisted multi-object IFU at J + H (+ K ?)



Subaru/MOIRCS  
(4' x 7')



Subaru/IRCS  
(1' x 1')



Gemini/GeMS  
(1.4' x 1.4')



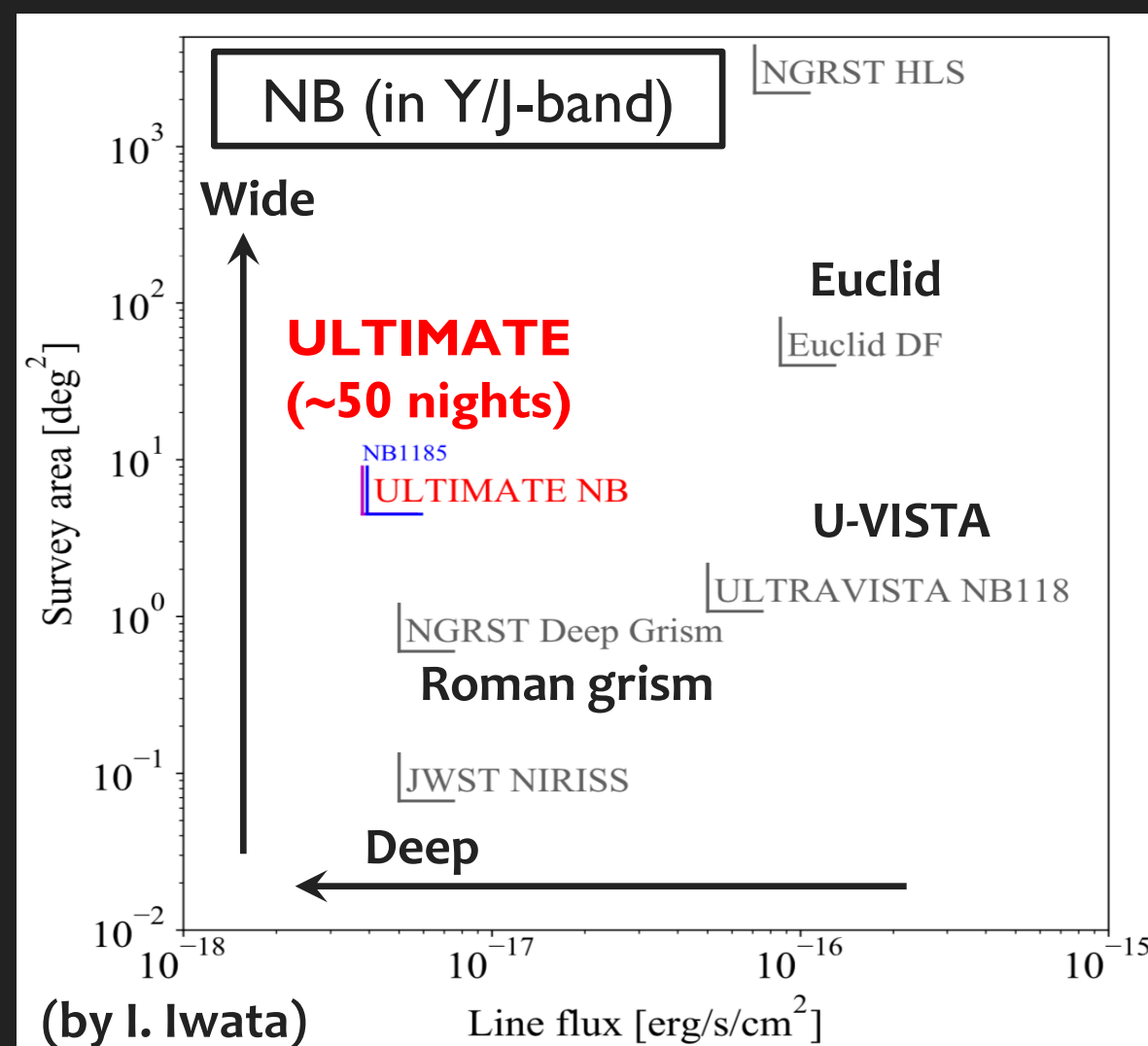
VLT/HAWK-I  
(7.5' x 7.5')



JWST/NIRCAM  
(2 x 2.2' x 2.2')



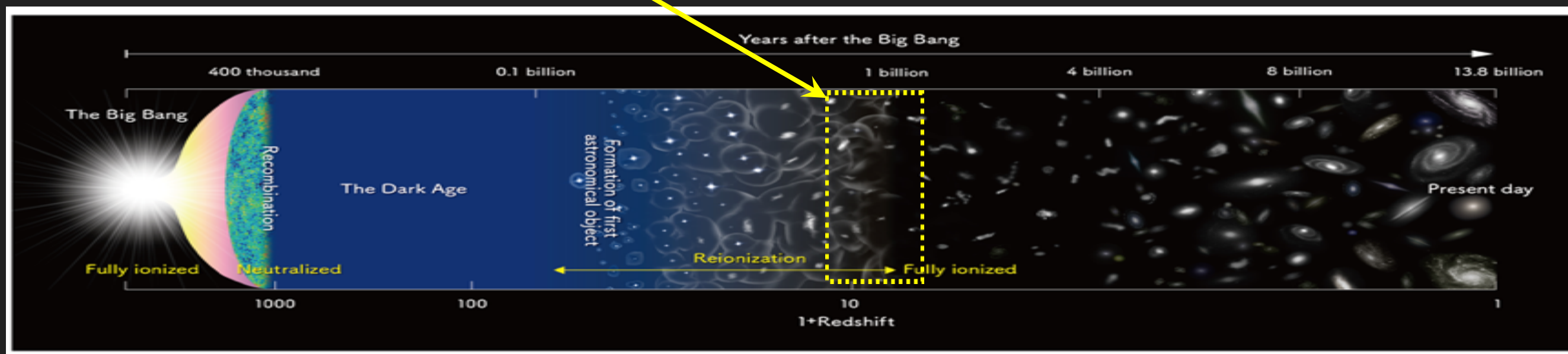
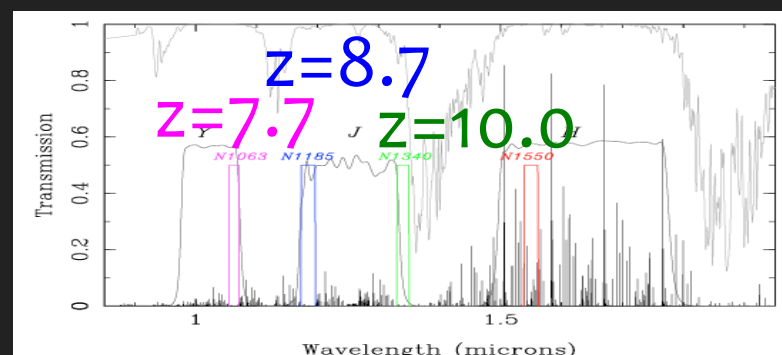
Please see ULTIMATE session in Day-3



## KEY SCIENCE: “BIRTH”, “GROWTH”, “DEATH” OF GALAXIES IN THE CRADLE OF COSMIC STRUCTURE

### I. First galaxies (birth)

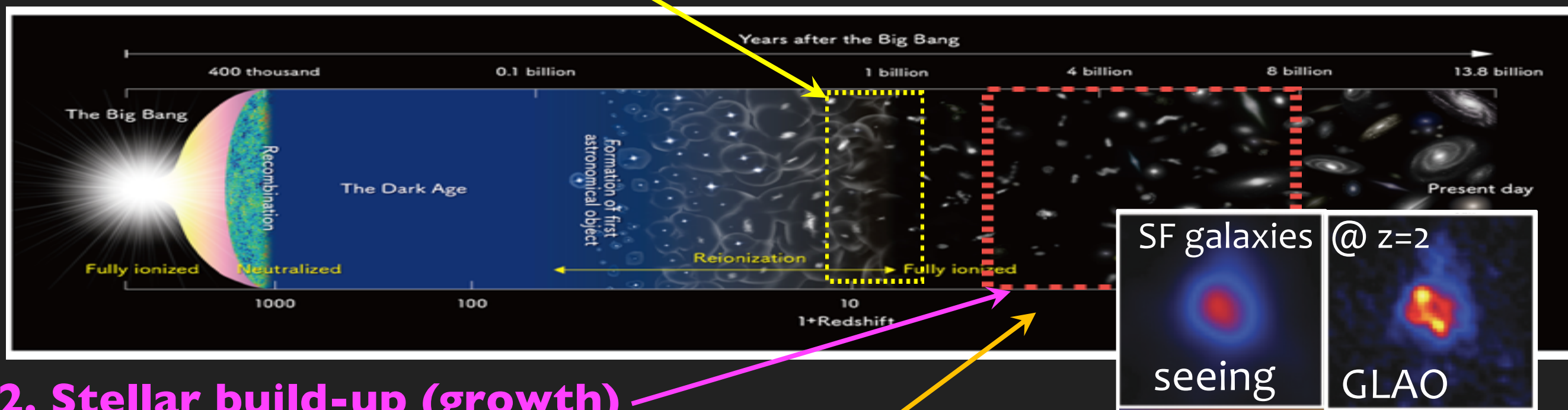
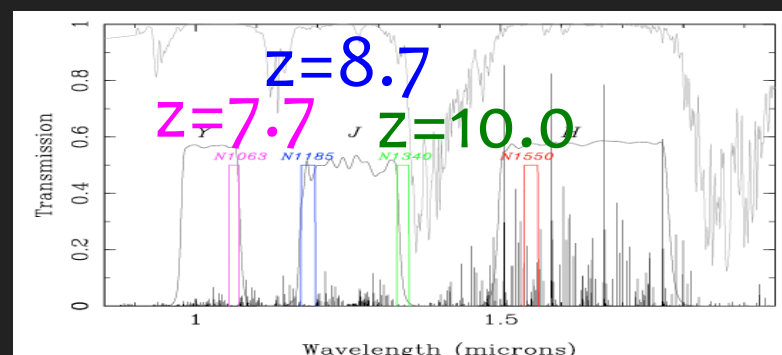
- Detect LAEs (+LBGs) in the epoch of reionization ( $z \gg 7$ ) with ultra-deep NB(+BB) NIR imaging



## KEY SCIENCE: “BIRTH”, “GROWTH”, “DEATH” OF GALAXIES IN THE CRADLE OF COSMIC STRUCTURE

### 1. First galaxies (birth)

- Detect LAEs (+LBGs) in the epoch of reionization ( $z \gg 7$ ) with ultra-deep NB(+BB) NIR imaging

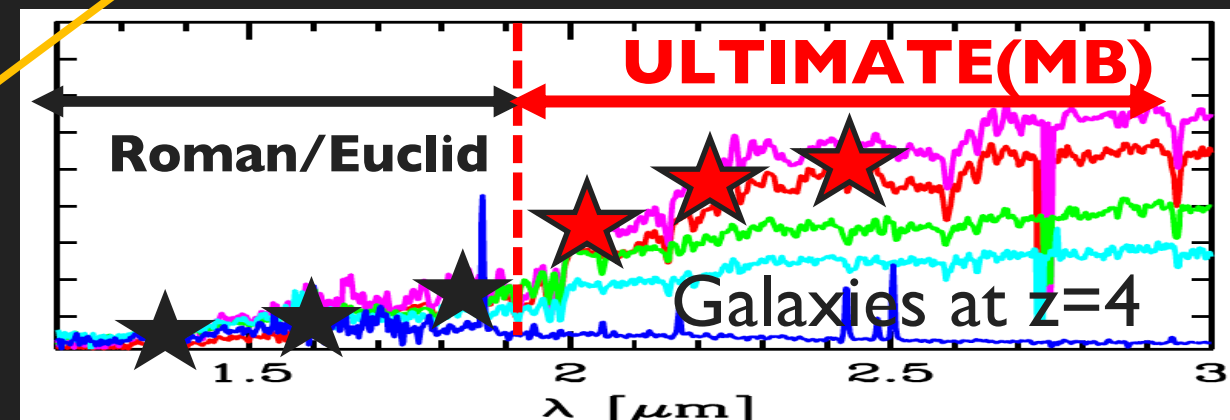


### 2. Stellar build-up (growth)

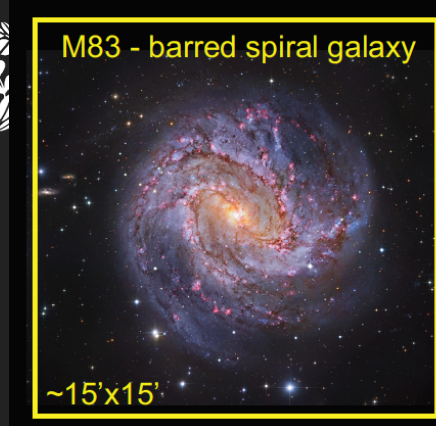
- Deep & sharp & panoramic NB  $H\alpha$ /[OIII] imaging galaxies at “cosmic noon” ( $z=0.5-3.5$ )

### 3. Quenching (death)

- Tracking down the rest-optical SEDs of galaxies @  $z \sim 5$  with BB/MB imaging (in K-band).



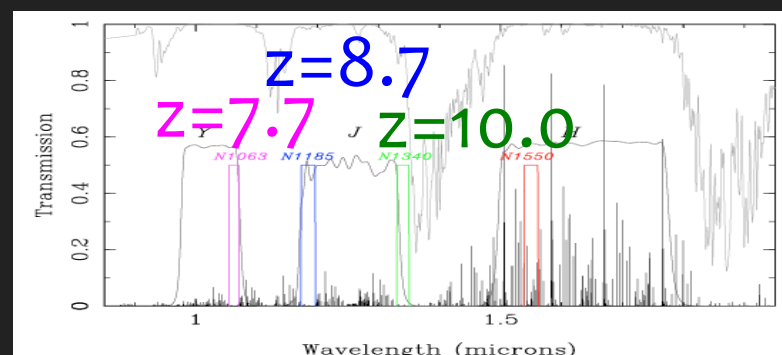




## KEY SCIENCE: “BIRTH”, “GROWTH”, “DEATH” OF GALAXIES IN THE CRADLE OF COSMIC STRUCTURE

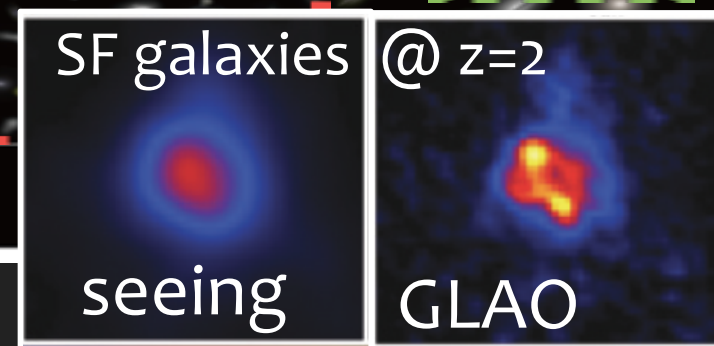
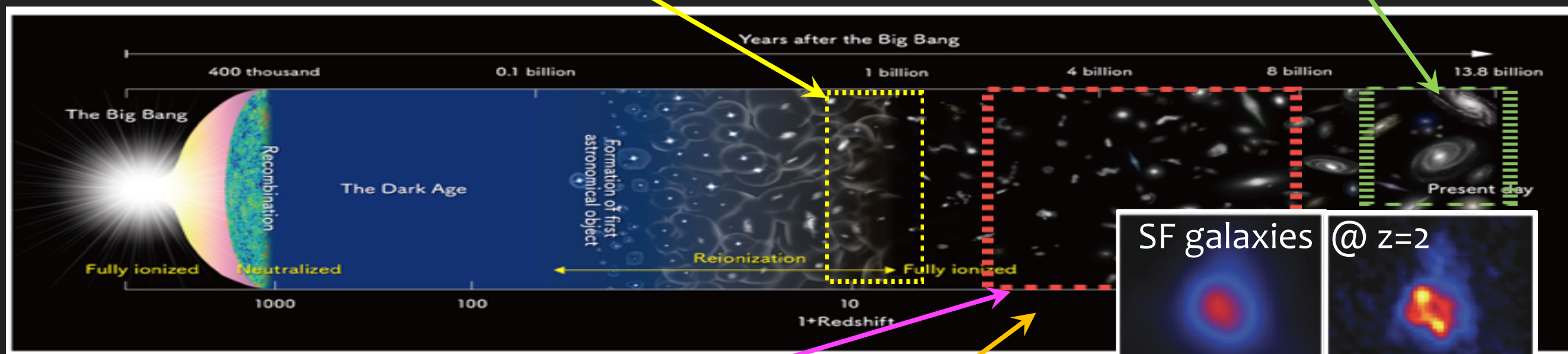
### 1. First galaxies (birth)

- Detect LAEs (+LBGs) in the epoch of reionization ( $z \gg 7$ ) with ultra-deep NB(+BB) NIR imaging



### 4. End products

- Dissecting nearby galaxies @  $D < 100$  Mpc with BB+NB to GMC scale.

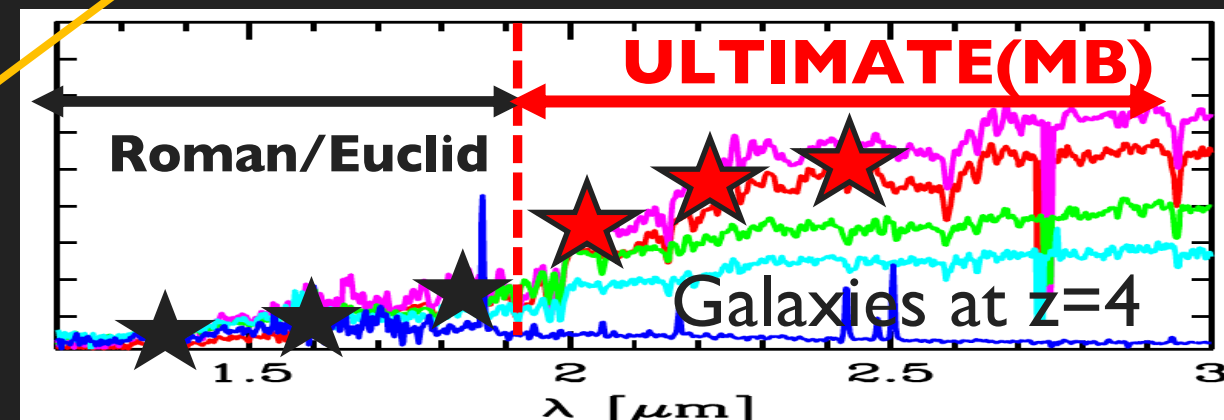


### 2. Stellar build-up (growth)

- Deep & sharp & panoramic NB  $H\alpha$ /[OIII] imaging galaxies at “cosmic noon” ( $z=0.5-3.5$ )

### 3. Quenching (death)

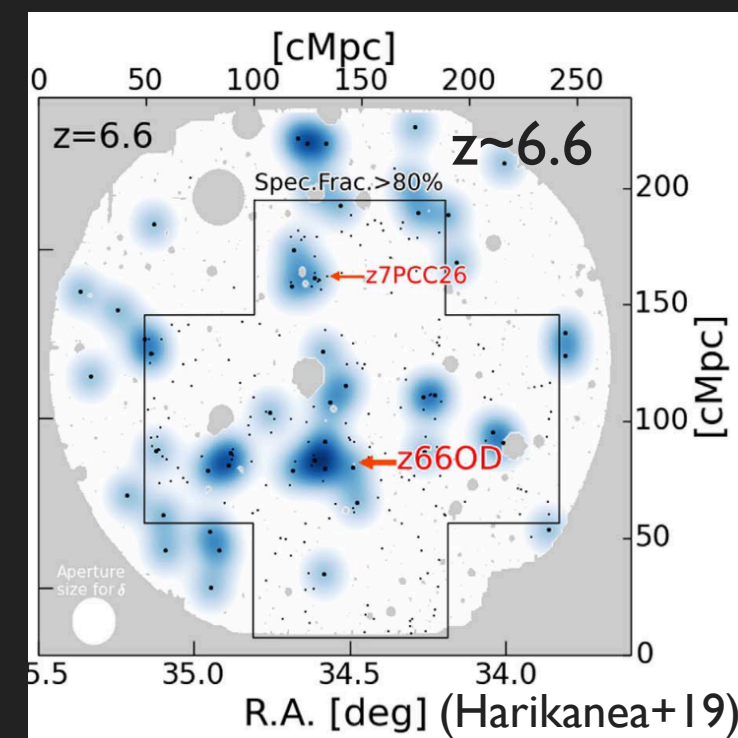
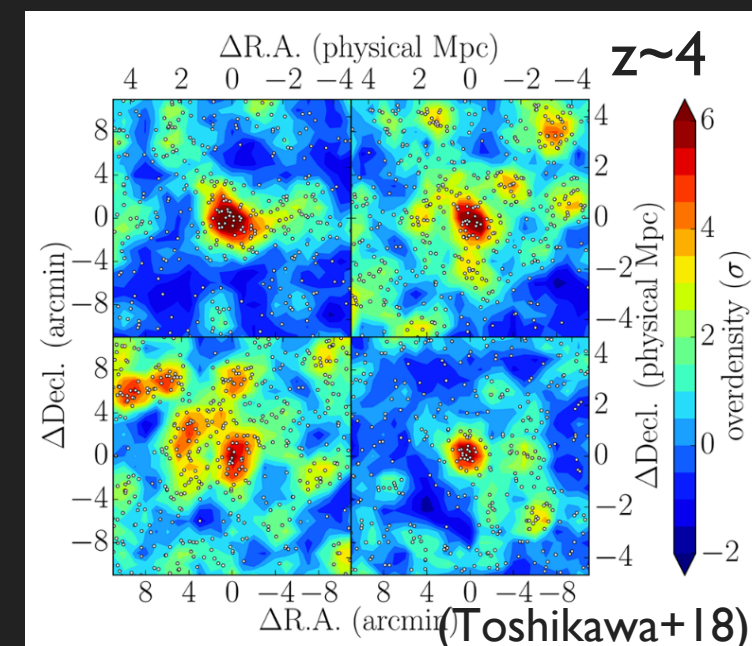
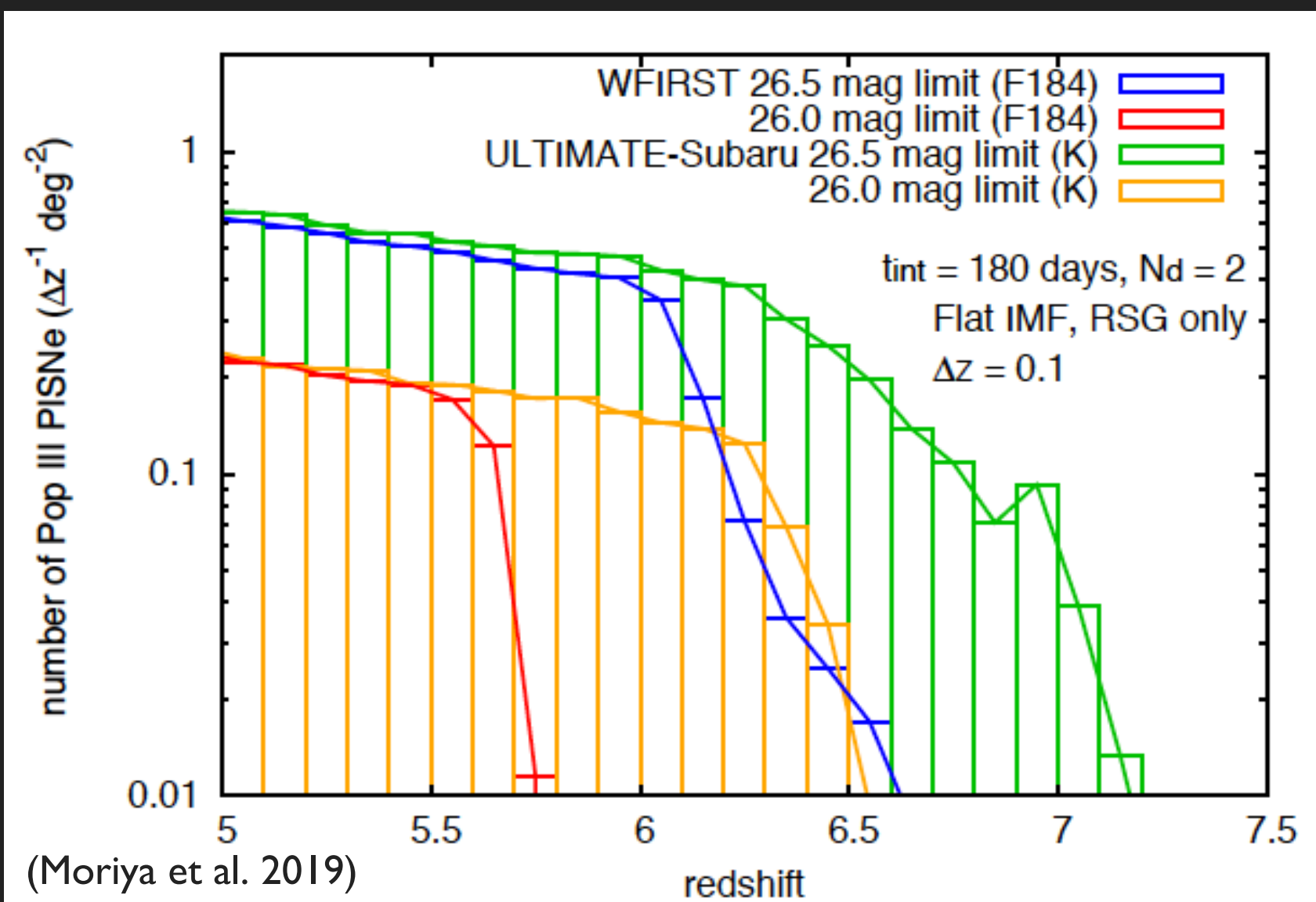
- Tracking down the rest-optical SEDs of galaxies @  $z \sim 5$  with BB/MB imaging (in K-band).





## TIME DOMAIN ASTRONOMY IN ULTIMATE ERA

**Supernovae search at  $z > 6$**  – visiting  $\sim 1\text{-deg}^2$  every 180-days down to  $K > 26$  mag (AB) will allow us to detect PopIII pair-instability SNe at  $6 < z < 7$ .

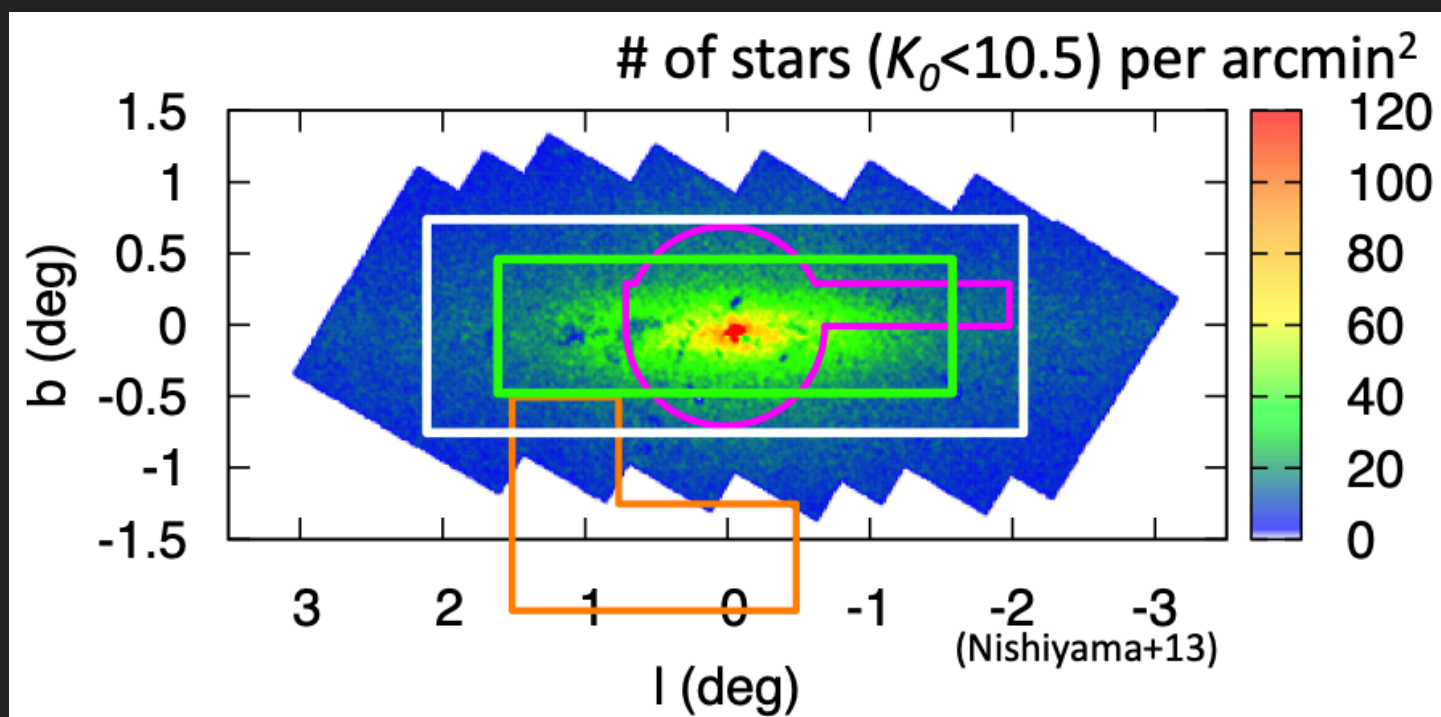


Note: Roman can do the same job as they recently decided to install Ks-band - but we will enhance the efficiency by targeting overdense/proto-cluster regions discovered by HSC, Euclid, Roman.



# GALACTIC CENTER – ULTIMATE-K + NB IMAGING SURVEY

(S. Nishiyama, D. Suzuki, et al.)



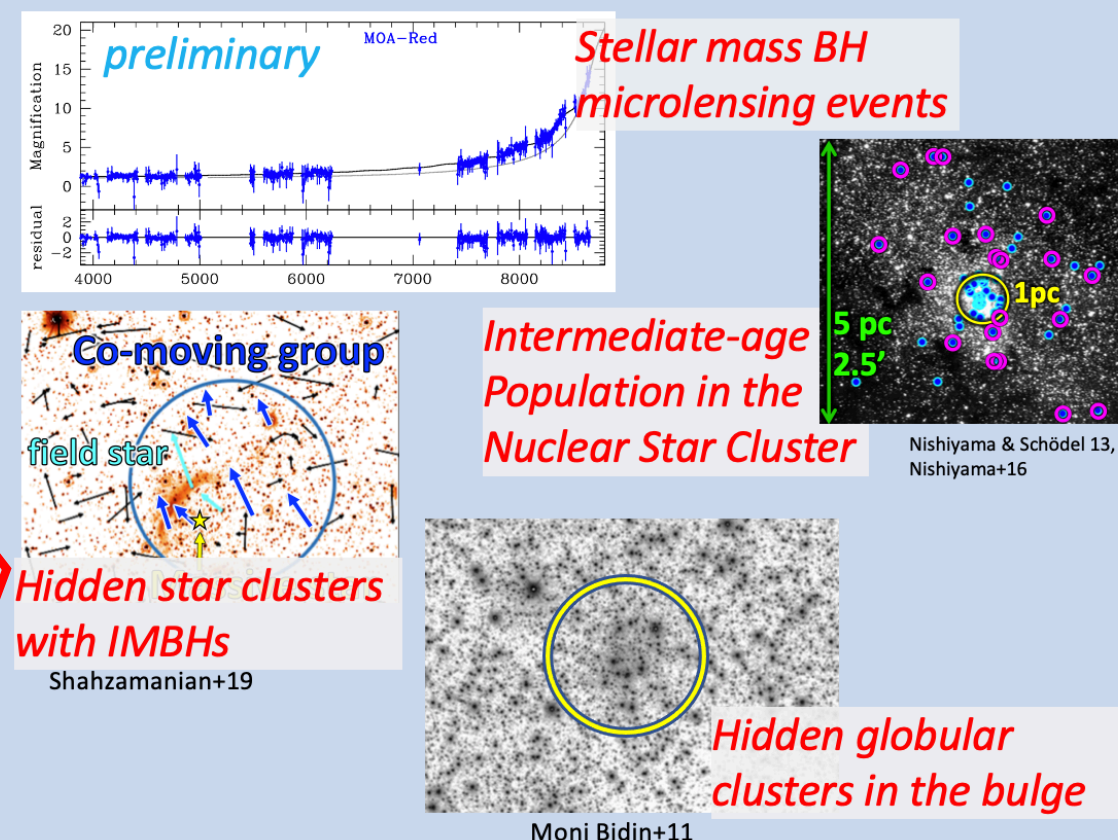
- ULTIMATE low cadence (1/month) 6 deg<sup>2</sup>
- ULTIMATE high cadence (3/month) 3 deg<sup>2</sup>
- Roman microlensing survey field
- JASMINE survey field

## ➤ Synergy with Roman

Simultaneous observation to measure the free-floating planet mass function

Please see ULTIMATE session in Day-3

To reveal **hidden objects** toward the Galactic center



- ✓ Photometry (K+NB) and Astrometry survey
- ✓ Requires GLAO, wide FOV, Fast-AO setting for large airmass
- ✓ Complementary to the space missions
- ✓ Confusion limit for GC
- ✓ Assuming Subaru Intensive program

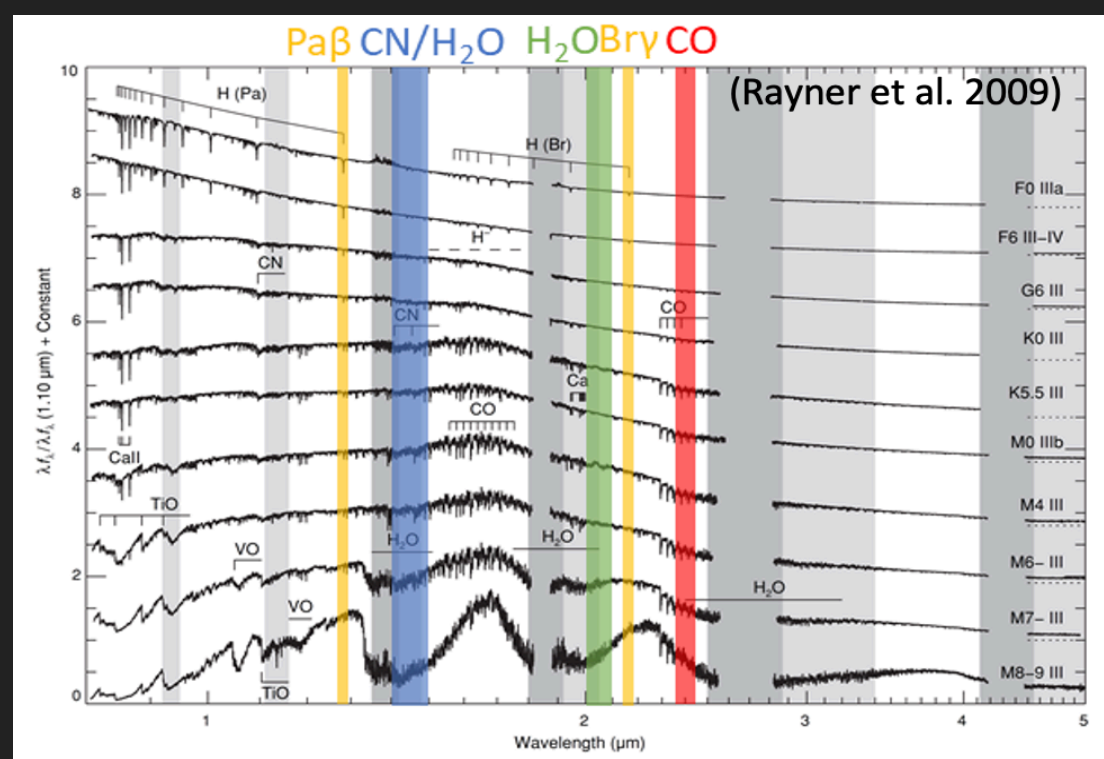


## ULTIMATE GALACTIC PLANE SURVEY

(T. Kamizuka, K. Morihana,  
H. Onozato, Y. Nakada et al.)

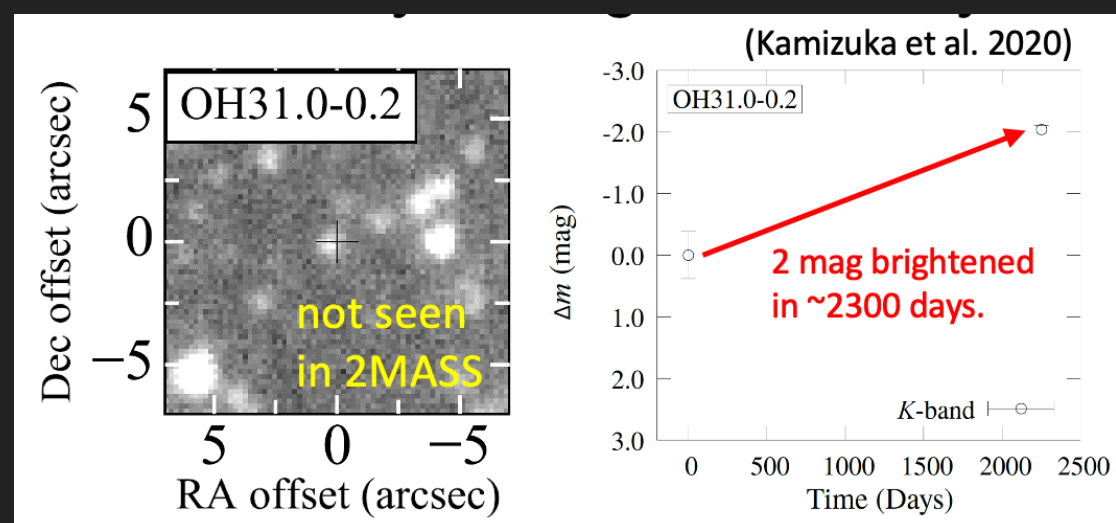
### Revealing the Milky Way structure and hidden stellar evolution

1. Stellar classification & distribution census in the MW w/ MB (CO, H<sub>2</sub>O) & NB (Pa $\beta$ , Br $\gamma$ )



NIR spectra of giant stars and MB/NB filters.

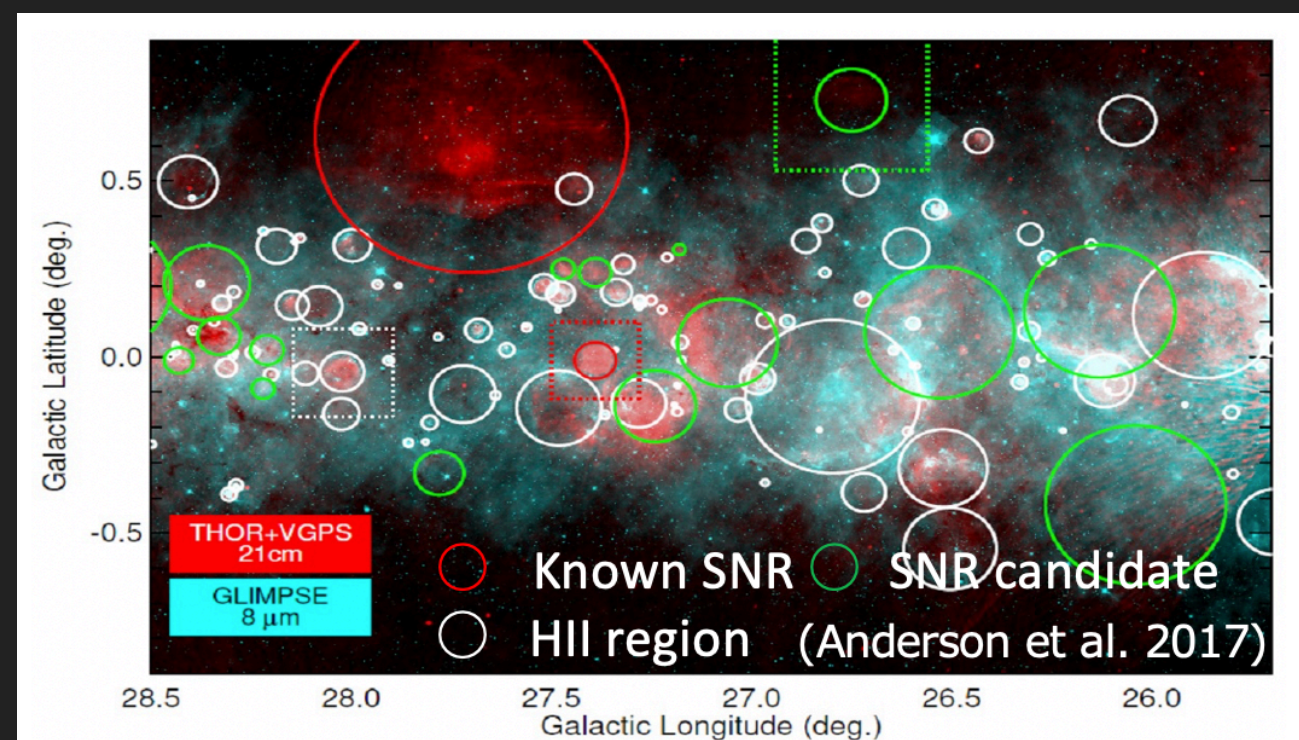
2. Finding & monitoring OH/IR stars – to investigate their evolution & mass-loss activity through variability.



Unexpected brightening of a non-variable OH/IR star from UKIDSS-GPS survey.

3. Cataclysmic Variable Survey with NB imaging (Pa $\beta$ , Br $\gamma$ ).

4. Galactic Supernovae Remnant Survey with [FeII] & H<sub>2</sub> NB imaging.



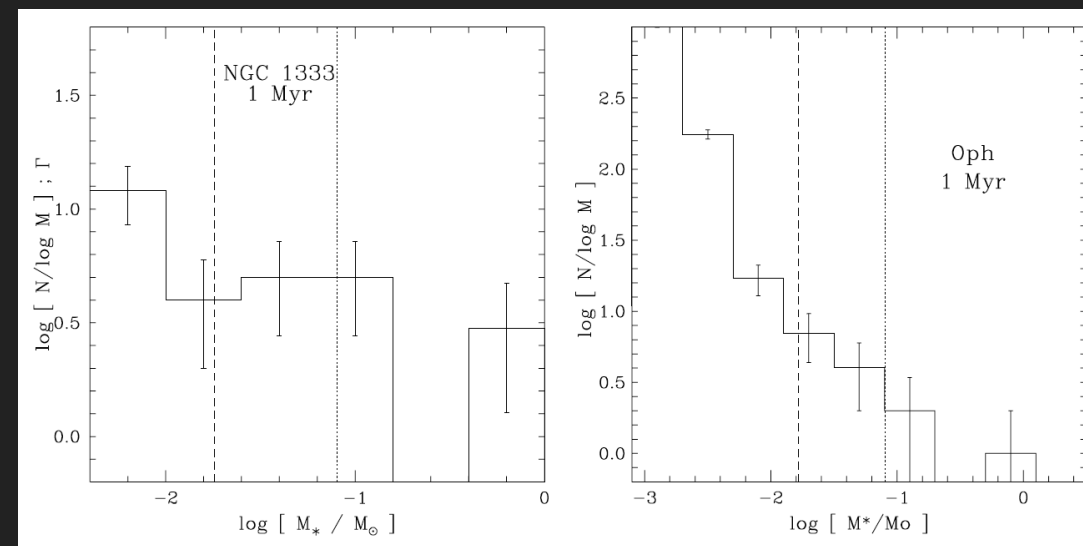


# STAR FORMATION SCIENCE WITH ULTIMATE

(Y. Takagi et al.)

## ► Initial Mass Function (IMF)

High-resolution deep imaging of massive star forming regions (SFR) and low-metallicity distant SFRs are essential to clarify the universality and variety of IMFs



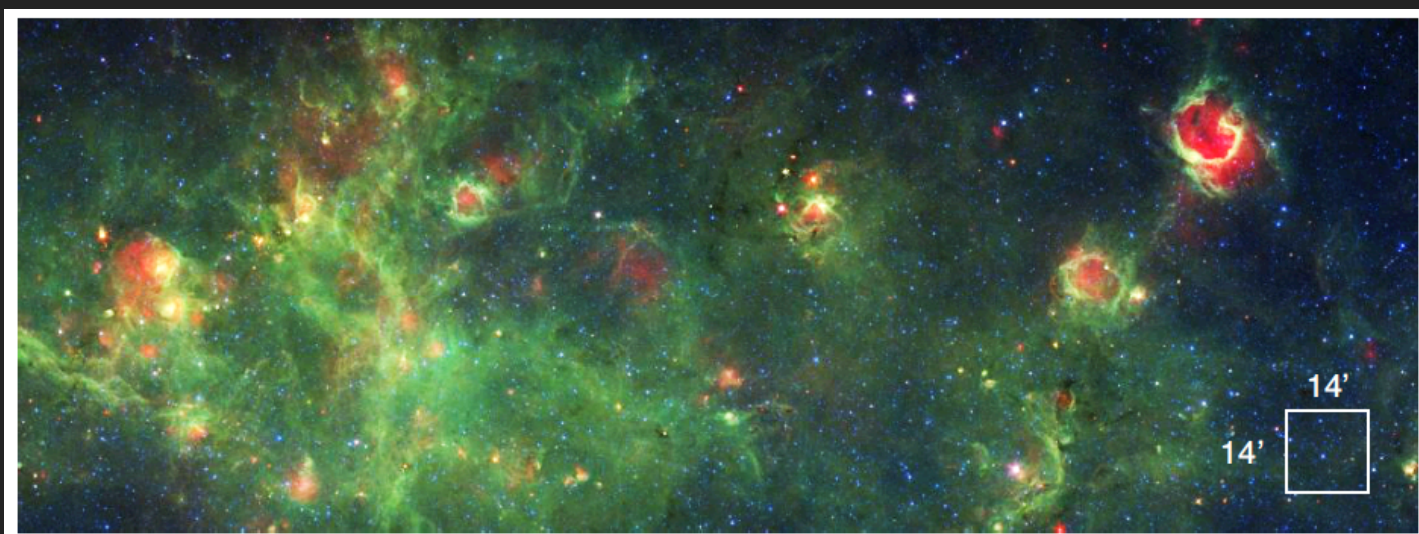
IMF of NGC1333 and Oph (Oasa+ 2006, 2008)

## ► Formation of massive stars

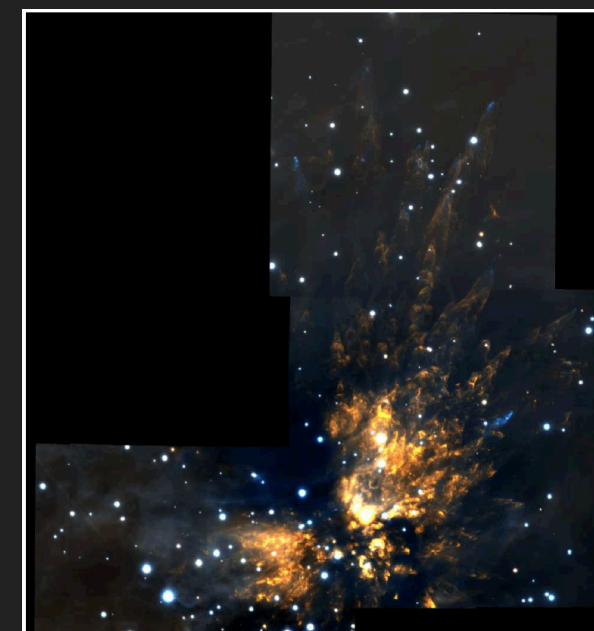
Understanding the formation of massive star by revealing massive YSOs and HII regions with NB(Pa $\beta$ , Br  $\gamma$ )

## ► Jet & Outflow

NB ([FeII], H<sub>2</sub>) observations of both jets and outflows to understand the formation history of molecular clouds and stars



Churchwell et al. 2006



Wide field imaging of H<sub>2</sub> (orange) and [Fe II] (cyan) with AO (Bally et al. 2015)

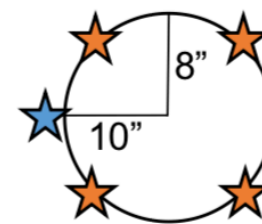
## ULTIMATE IS NOT ONLY FOR WIDE-FIELD AO

- ▶ Please also recognize our “narrow-mode” capability.
- ▶ Our **LTAO mode** can deliver ultimately high spatial resolution and high sensitivity to your favorite target!

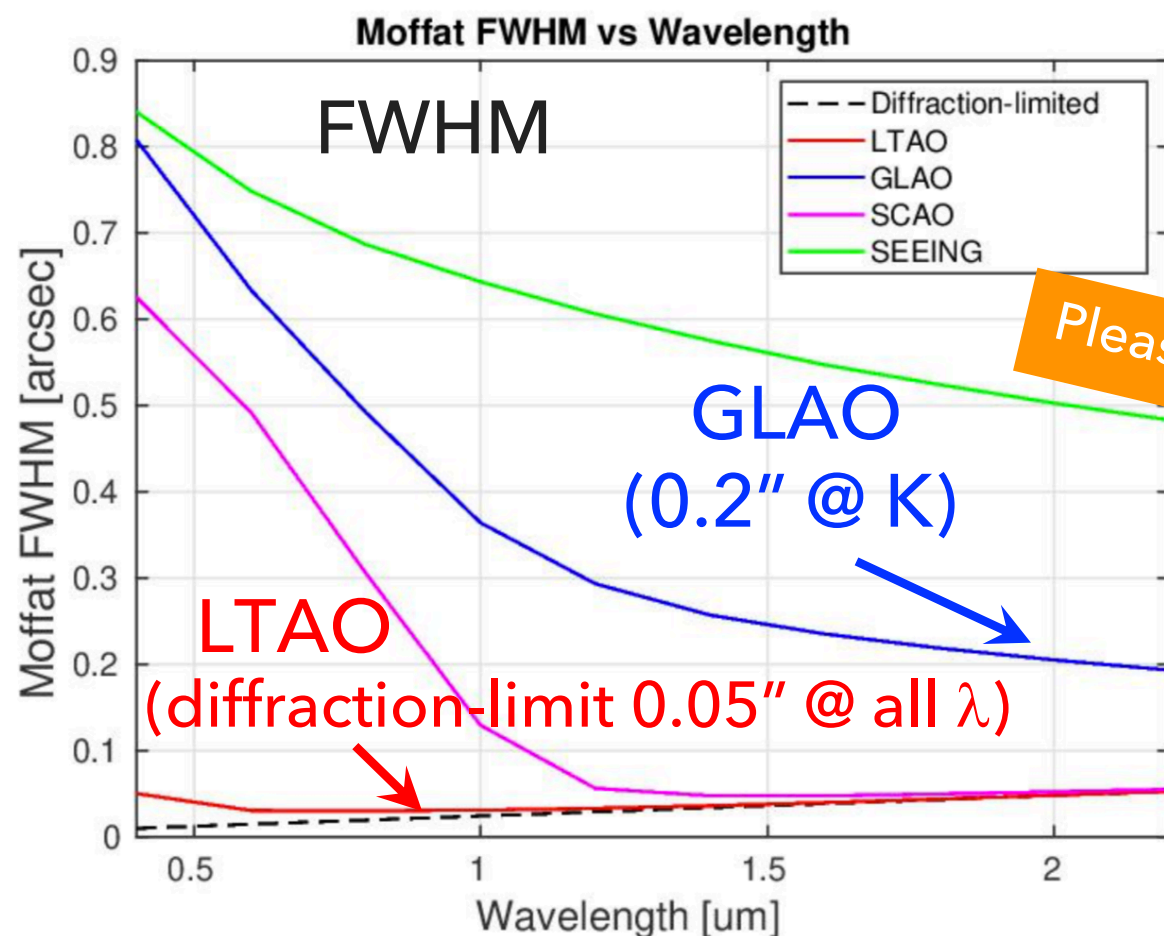
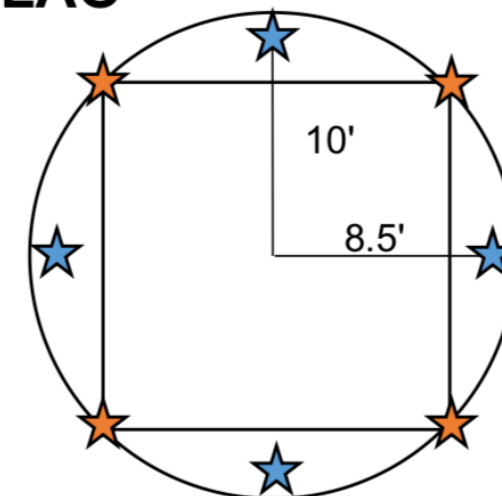
Wide field  
+ moderate  
correction

LTAO

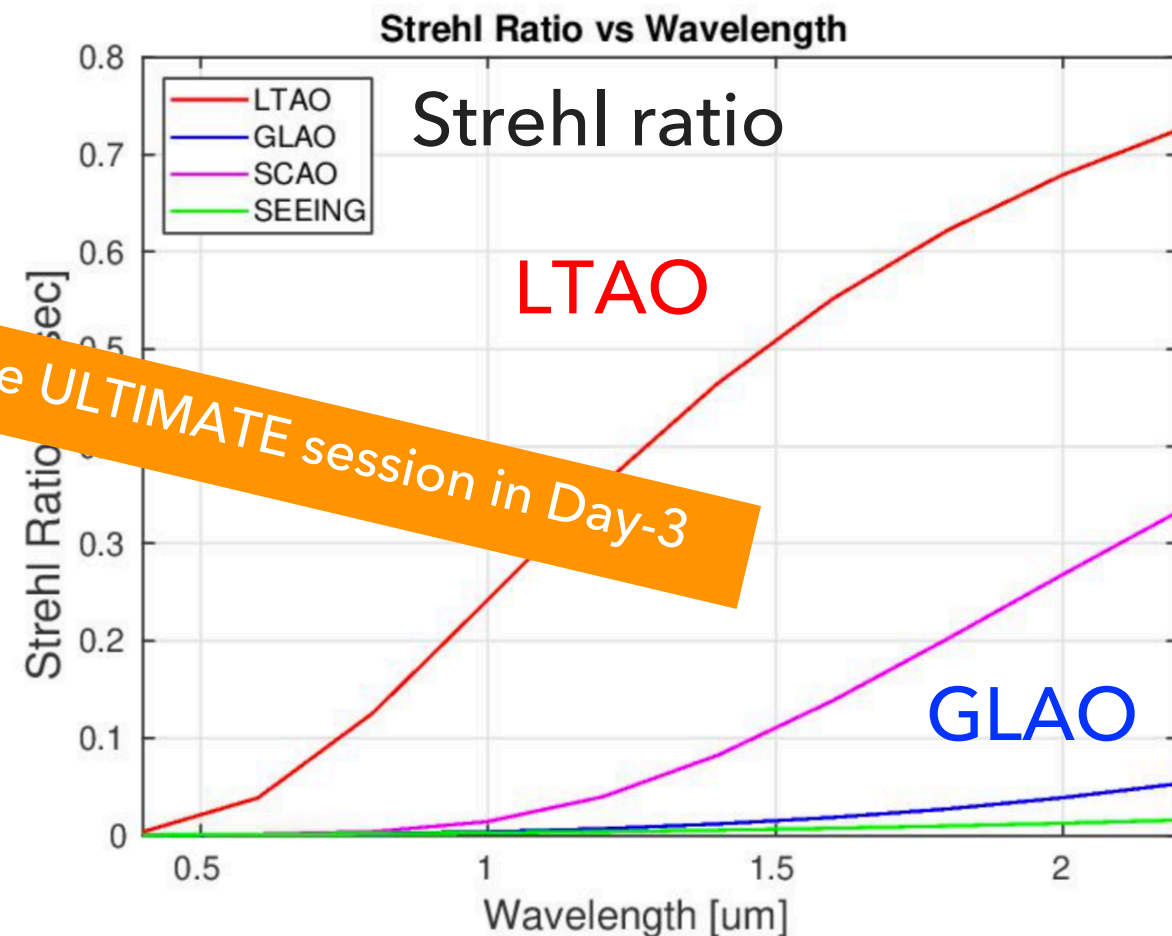
Narrow field  
+ extreme  
correction



GLAO



Please see ULTIMATE session in Day-3





Development Team  
(AO & instruments)

**ULTIMATE core**  
(project management team)

Project scientist  
(Y. Koyama)

ULTIMATE science team (ver. March 3<sup>rd</sup> 2021)



**A. High-redshift Universe**

(T. Kodama / I. Iwata / A. Inoue /  
K. Tadaki / T. Suzuki)

M. Akiyama	R. Momose	F. Bian
T. Hashimoto	T. Nagao	J. Bryant
Y. Harikane	K. Nakajima	J. Bloom
M. Hayashi	K. Ogura	A. Casey
A. Inoue	M. Onodera	S. Croom
I. Iwata	C. Rusu	S. Leslie
S. Kikuta	T. Shibuya	C. Lidman
T. Kodama	R. Shimakawa	L. Lin
K. Kohno	D. Sobral	D. Nataf
Y. Koyama	T. Suzuki	L. Kewley
M. Kubo	K. Tadaki	I. T. Ho
Y. T. Lin	*I. Tanaka	A. Shaefer
Y. Matsuda	M. Tanaka	T. Yuan
Y. Matsuoka	J. Toshikawa	T. Zafar
Y. Minowa	Y. Toba	
T. Morishita	K. Yabe	

**B. Local Universe & Milky Way**

(T. Yamashita / S. Okamoto / S. Nishiyama /  
D. Suzuki / K. Morihana / T. Kamizuka / Y. Takagi)

D. Calzetti	*Y. T. Lin	K. Sorai
M. Chiba	N. Matsunaga	T. Sumi
A. Fukui	T. Michiyama	D. Suzuki
O. Guyon	Y. Miyamoto	Y. Takagi
D. Iono	K. Morihana	T. T. Takeuchi
K. Ito	T. Muto	T. Terai
T. Kamizuka	Y. Nakada	K. Torii
H. Kaneko	S. Nishiyama	J. Ueda
J. H. Kim	C. C. Ngeow	T. Yamashita
J. Koda	Y. Oasa	C. Yasui
T. Kokusho	S. Okamoto	
S. Komugi	H. Onozato	
Y. Kono	T. Pyo	
N. Koshimoto	T. Saito	
*Y. Koyama	S. Sorahana	
C. H. Lee		

**C. Time Domain science**

(T. Moriya)

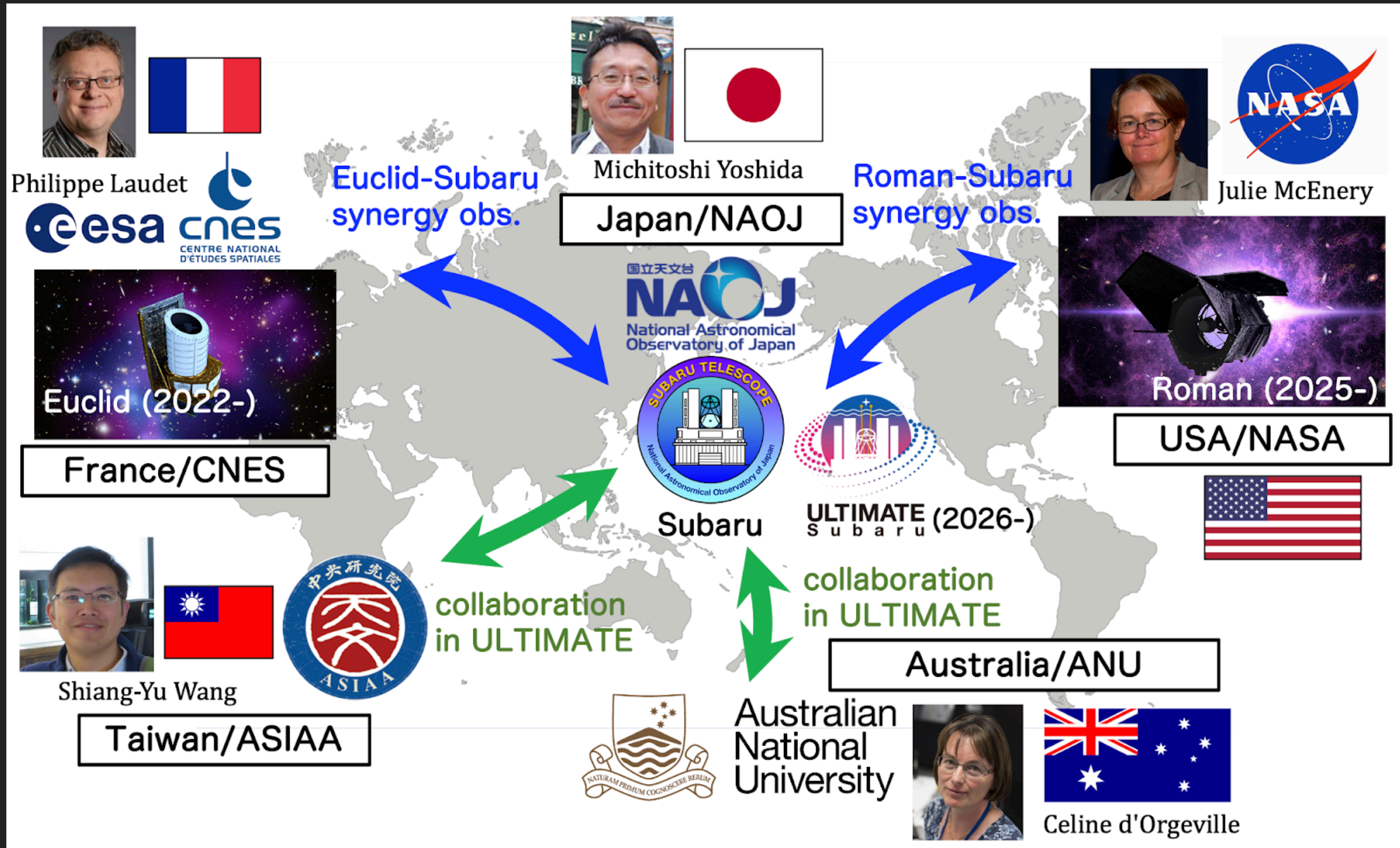
T. Morokuma  
Masaomi Tanaka  
\*C. H. Lee  
K. Maeda  
T. Moriya  
C. C. Ngeow  
M. Oguri  
K. C. Wong

**D-SHOOTER/LTAO**

M. Ouchi, \*T. Moriya,  
\*Masaomi Tanaka,  
N. Tominaga, M. Yoshida  
S. Ozaki, \*Y. Minowa  
N. Takato, \*Y. Koyama

# JSPS CORE-TO-CORE PROGRAM (研究拠点形成事業)

"International research network toward the era of **deep and wide NIR survey of the universe** with space and ground-based telescopes" - **Approved for FY2021-2025 !**







# SUMMARY

## ULTIMATE-Subaru

Next-generation AO + IR instrument to maximize Subaru capabilities (in bright nights) toward 2030s.

### Wide-field mode (GLAO)

- FWHM=0.2" @ K-band
- 20-arcmin FoV (diameter)
- Great synergy with future space missions (e.g. Euclid/Roman/JASMINE) with deep/wide/sharp/long-period survey.

### Narrow-field mode (LTAO)

- FWHM=0.05" @ all opt-NIR
- A few to ~10-arcsec FoV
- Best follow-up tool for your favorite targets (discovered by e.g. HSC/PFS) as a preparation work toward the TMT era.



Please join ULTIMATE session in Day-3 (March 5<sup>th</sup> 10:00-10:30, JST)