MAUNAKEA ELEBRATING 40 YEARS OF EXPLORATION CÉLÉBRONS 40 ANS D'EXPLORATION

90

Celebrating 40 Years of Discovery and a Bright Future at CFHT

ΗΕ ΡΙΗΑ ΜΑΚΑΗΙΚΙ 40 Ο ΚΑ 'ΙΜΙ LOA

Doug Simons Director - CFHT

CFHT's 40th Anniversary!



C S !

HOth BIRTHDAY PARTY

Celebrating 40 Years of Exploration

BARBEQUE FACE PAINTING BOUNCY CASTLE BIRTHDAY CAKE CHARITY DUNK TANK SEPTEMBER 28 🔶 SATURDAY 10AM-2PM

CFHT OFFICES 65-1238 MAMALAHOA HWY, WAIMEA



HAPPY BIRTHDAY ...

FREE COMMUNITY EVENT!



CFHT Users Meeting



Science Sampler



Back to Work & Aloha 'aina

Herald Herald Starday, August 10, 2019 Produbine of the Big Island since 1923 25 cents

Back to the summit



The sun sets July 14 behind telescopes at the summit of Maunakea.

Associated Press file photo

See ASTRONOMERS Page A9

Telescope confirms asteroid not a threat

Astronomers make observation just after returning to mountain

By MICHAEL BRESTOVANSKY Hawaii Tribune-Herald

Maunakea observatories returned to work last weekend and almost immediately discovered that the world will not end next year. On Saturday night into Sunday morn-

ing, the Canada-France-Hawaii Telescope returned to operational status

after four weeks of non-use and astronomers were able to con-

By MICHAEL BRESTOVANSKY Hawaii Tribune-Herald

After being grounded for four weeks. Maunakea Observatories announced Friday that astronomers will return to the summit and telescones will resume observations. Observatory spokespeople announced that astronomers and technicians will begin work on restoring the summit telescopes to full operations with the blessing of the state and Thirty Meter Telescope opponents. Demonstrators occupying the roadway since July 16 had permitted astronomers back up the mountain last week after Gov. David Ige rescinded an emergency proclamation he issued regarding the protests. However, safety issues prevented the observatories from authorizing a full return to service. Since the closure of Maunakea Access Road, technicians and other

Astronomers

observations

atop Maunakea

to resume

firm that an asteroid near Earth will not strike the planet next year or within the next century. The asteroid, designated 2006 QV89, had previously only been observed between its discovery on Aug. 29, 2006, and Se thet year That observation window.

only been observed between its discovery on Aug. 29, 2006, and Sept. 8 of that year. That observation window was not sufficient to entirely rule out a possible collision with Earth next month, however. The European Southern Observatory's Very

Large Telescope in Chile ruled out such a collision last month when it scanned the skies where the asteroid would appear if it were to strike the Earth in September and did not detect it. However, the potential trajectories of the asteroid indicated that an impact in 2020 was still possible, as well as 22 other potential impacts over the next century.

The asteroid is estimated to be roughly 30 meters in diameter, said David Tholen, an astronomer with the University of Hawaii's Institute for Astronomy who led the effort to recover the asteroid's trajectory. An object of similar size detonated in midair over



THOLEN



Virtual Impactor Remains "Virtual"



SITELLE

Imaging Fourier Transform Spectrometer

- Intended to study the structure and kinematics of emission line sources (nebulae, galaxies, clusters)
- ★ Wavelength range: ~350-970 nm
- ***** Resolution: Tunable up to ~5000
- ***** Field of view: 11x11 arcmin
- Built at ABB in collaboration with Université Laval and CFHT





3D Imaging of a Supernova Remnant

None

M1Explorer

Outreach

Maunakea Scholars



* 13 schools this year
* Program established on 6 islands
* On-line dual credit astronomy classes
* >500 students in program to date!

Hōkūala (Rising Star) Scholarship to JC Damaslan (Waipahu High)

Entered UH Manoa this year to major in astronomy





 * 'Oumuamua – First interstellar asteroid/comet
 * Kamo'oalewa – Asteroid that appears as a quasimoon to earth

Ka'epaoka'āwela – rare retrograde orbiting asteroid (captured interstellar asteroid?)
Pōwehi – first imaged black hole
Leleākūhonua – Most distant object known in our solar system

* Poniua'ena – Quasar containing highest mass black hole known at the edge of the universe

The Physics of Po

Lessons from Nature



Future Plans...





Essential Design Elements

Maunakea Spectroscopic Explorer

~4300 fiber positioner, 1.5 sq. deg. FoV

11 m segmented primary

Low/Mid-resolution spectrometers

High-resolution spectrometers

No change in footprint on already disturbed ground





Maunakea Spectroscopic Explorer

MSE Science



Exoplanets and stellar astrophysics Maria Bergemann & Daniel Huber

Chemical nucleosynthesis Sivarani Thirupathi & David Yong





Galaxy Formation and evolution Kim-Vy Tran & Aaron Robotham



Astrophysical tests of dark matter Ting Li & Manoj Kaplinghat

Time domain astronomy and transients Adam Burgasser & Daryl Haggard Milky Way and resolved stellar pops Carine Babusiaux & Sarah Martell



AGN and supermassive black holes Yue Shen & Sara Ellison



Cosmology Will Percival & Christophe Yeche





International Strategic Planning

Maunakea Spectroscopic Explorer





Australia in the era of global astronomy



IAU Strategic Plan 2020-2030

Plus 2020 French Prospectiv, strategic planning in China, etc...

Important CFHT/MSE Distinctions

40 year presence of CFHT in the community has enormous value in making the case for MSE

Will not seek MSE permits until Maunakea Science Reserve Master Lease is renewed – focus of my attention these days

In general expect those opposed to MSE are opposed to all telescopes on Maunakea in the future - Master Lease Renewal
 MSE has identical footprint as CFHT and is on "previously disturbed" land
 CFHT site identified as recyclable under Comprehensive Management Plan
 Extensive/innovative CFHT community engagement



ΗΕ ΡΙΗΑ ΜΑΚΑΗΙΚΙ 40 Ο ΚΑ ΊΜΙ LOA

