



HSC imaging of the Andromeda Halo

Progress report

Masashi Chiba

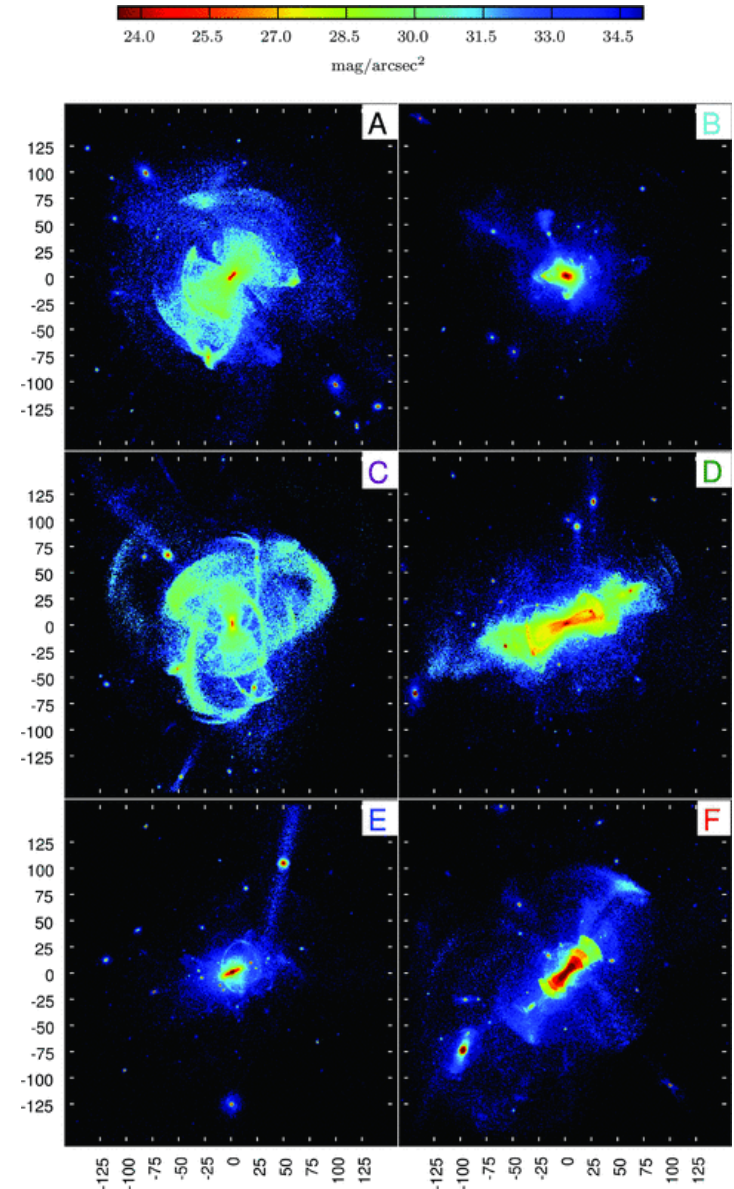
Y. Komiyama, Mikito Tanaka, Masayuki Tanaka,
R. Lupton, P. Guhathakurta, J. Kalirai, K. Gilbert,
E. Kirby, M.-G. Lee, S. Sharma, M. Mori, K. Hayashi

Motivation

Cooper+2010 Simulation
for formation of stellar halos

- Stellar halo component
 - Contains remnants of past merging events
 - Is a tracer of background dark halo
- Why the M31 halo?
 - External view of a halo from resolved stars
 - MW type galaxy

Clue to understanding
disk galaxy formation



Issues on the M31 halo

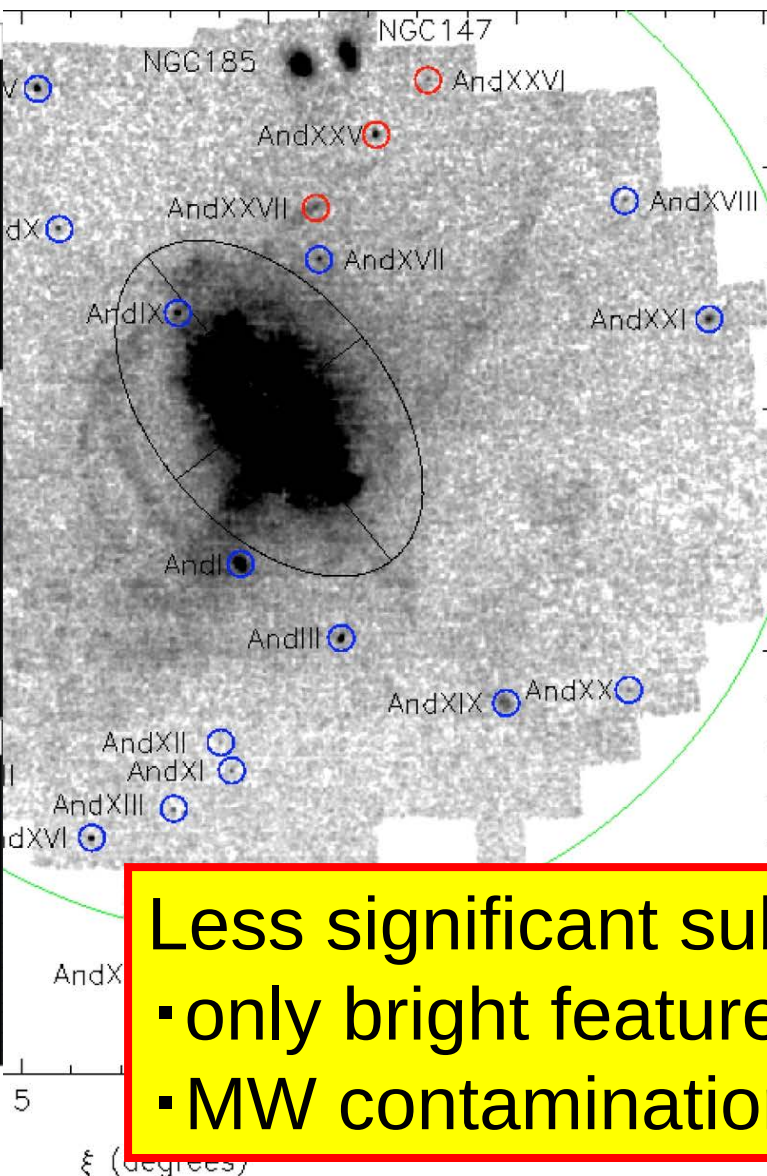
Why observation with Subaru/HSC?

- Previously observed halo substructures are much less significant than theoretical prediction
 - These are based on only bright RGB stars
- Metallicity and age distributions of halo substructures are yet unclear
 - These are degenerated for RGBs
- Many faint satellites are undetected
 - These contain only a small number of RGBs

With only bright RGBs, true halo structures are yet uncertain.

(Richardson+11)

RGB
with
 $i < 23.5$



Less significant substructures

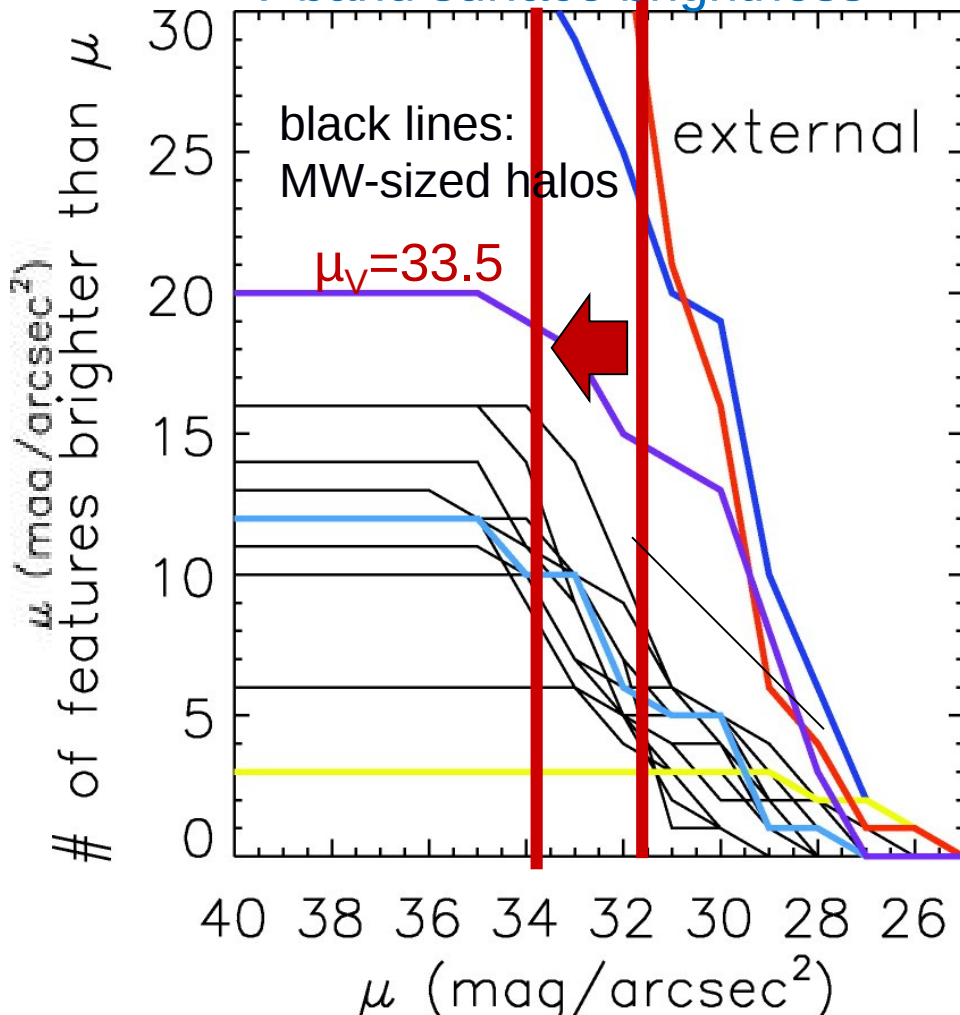
- only bright features
- MW contamination

Substructures: theoretical prediction

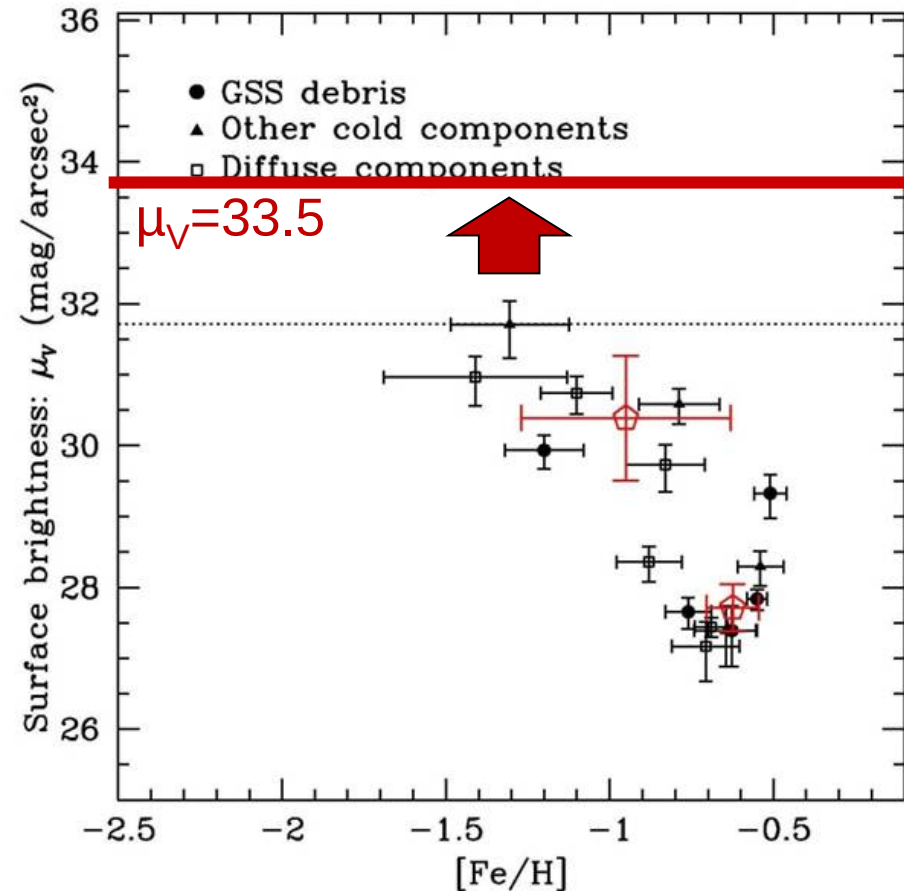
Λ CDM simulation (Johnston+2008)

11 MW-sized halos

V-band surface brightness

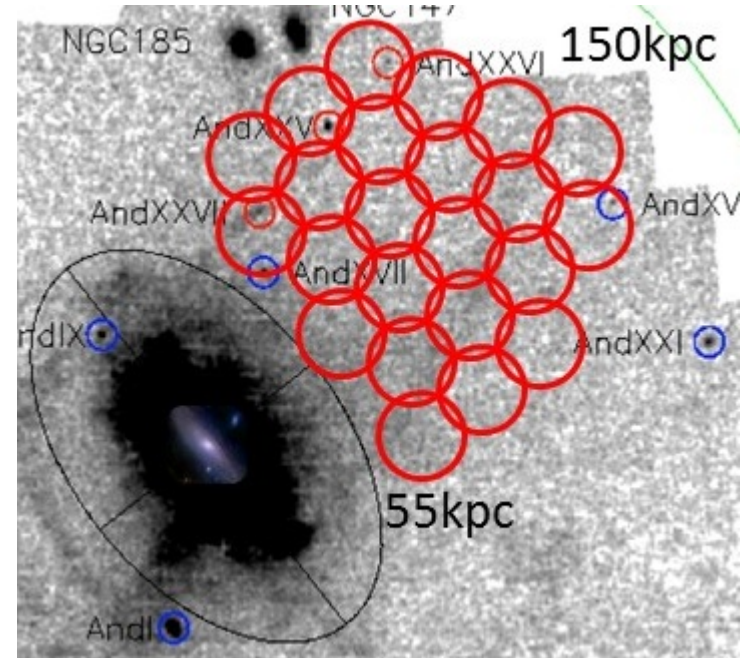


M31 observation (Gilbert+2009)

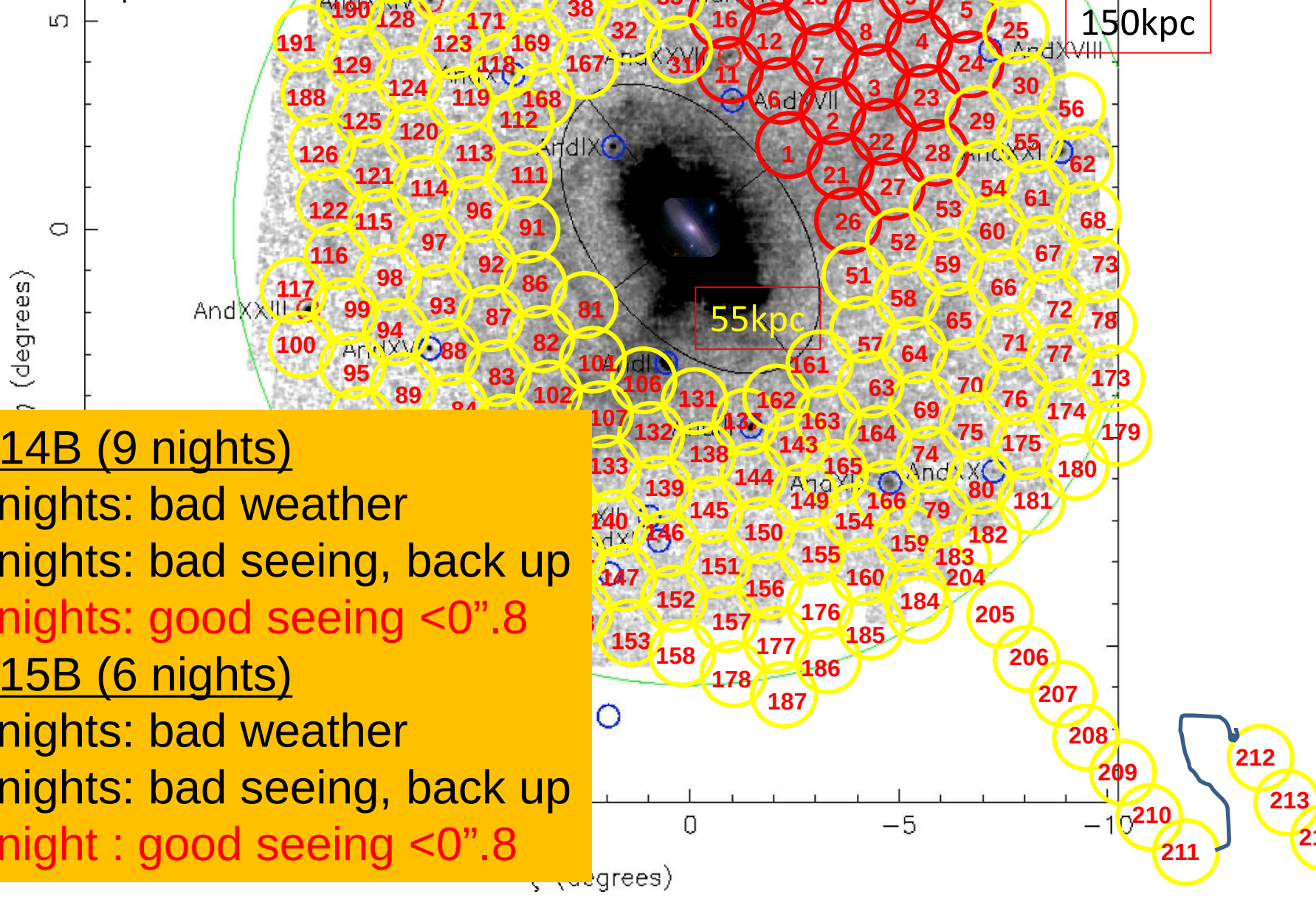


This deep+wide survey program

- Outer halo regions in M31
 - $\sim 6 \times 6 \text{ deg}^2$ (23 pointings)
- Deep to reach HB stars
 - $g < 27.4, i < 26.4$
- Selection of probable RGBs
 - $\text{NB515} < 25.5$ (for $g < 23$)
 - To break the metal-age degeneracy by combining the HB and RGB stars
- Detection of new substructures and satellites
 - Group finding method

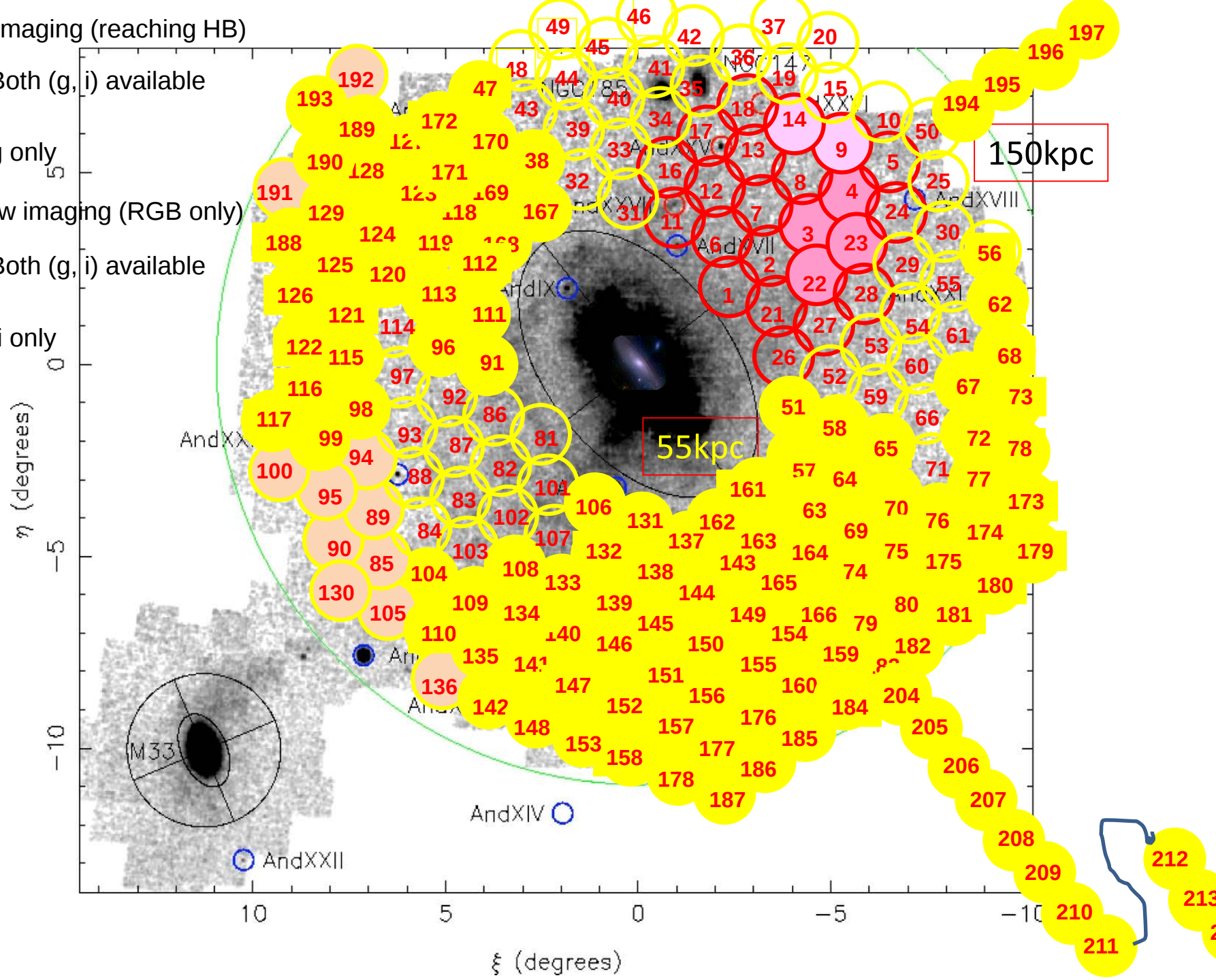


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- Legend:**
- Deep imaging (reaching HB)
 - For the main program
 - Shallow imaging (RGB only)
 - For back up observation
- S14B (9 nights)**
- 4 nights: bad weather
 - 3 nights: bad seeing, back up
 - 2 nights: good seeing <0".8
- S15B (6 nights)**
- 2 nights: bad weather
 - 3 nights: bad seeing, back up
 - 1 night : good seeing <0".8



Both (g, i) available
g only

 Both (g, i) available
 i only

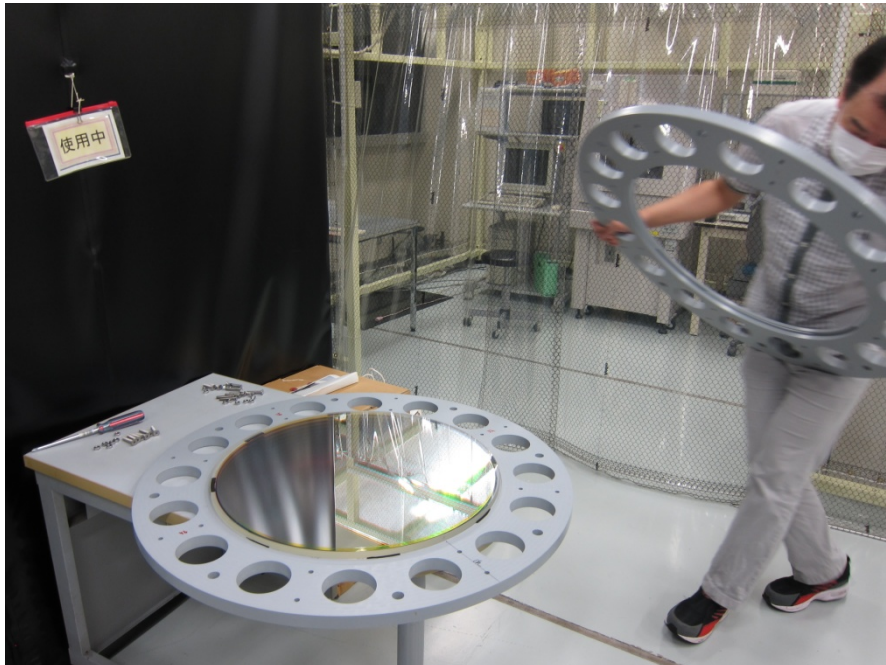


NB515 filter for HSC (from S15A)

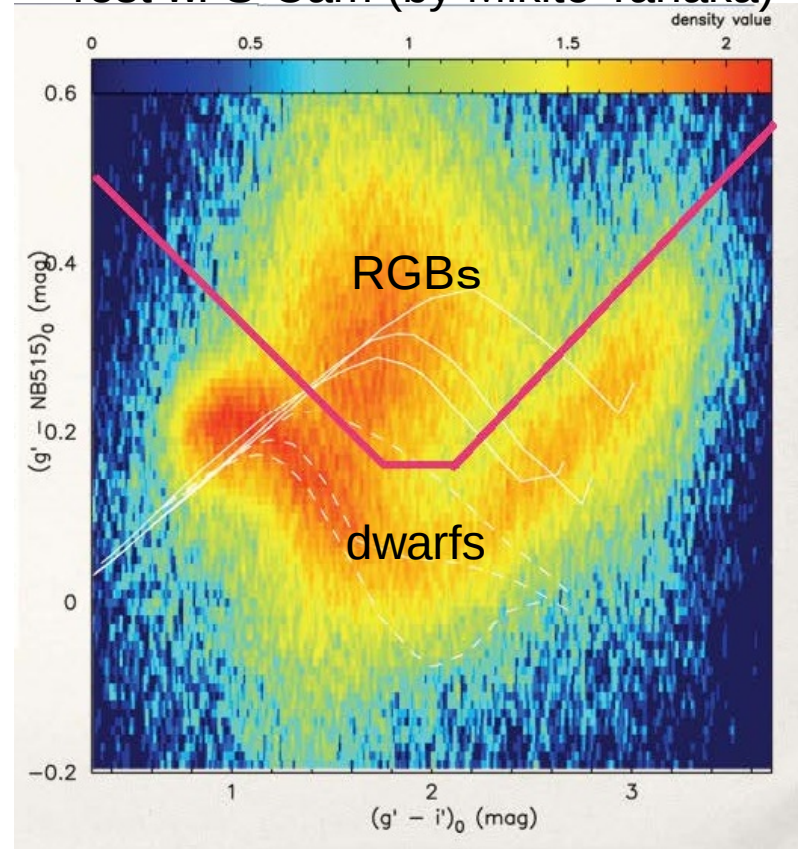
CW: 515 nm, FWHM: 8nm

Separation of RGB stars in M31 halo + MW satellites
from the foreground MW dwarfs

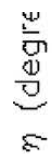
Aug 28, 2013



Test w. S-Cam (by Mikito Tanaka)



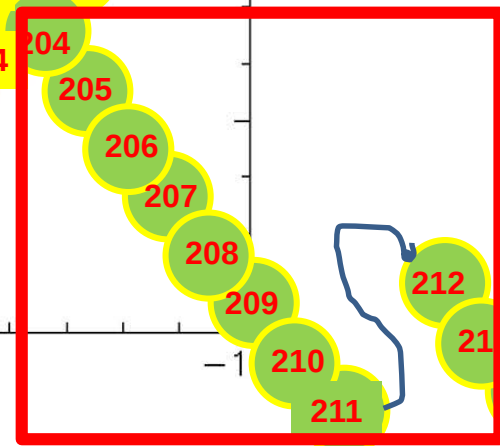
Both (g, i) available
g only



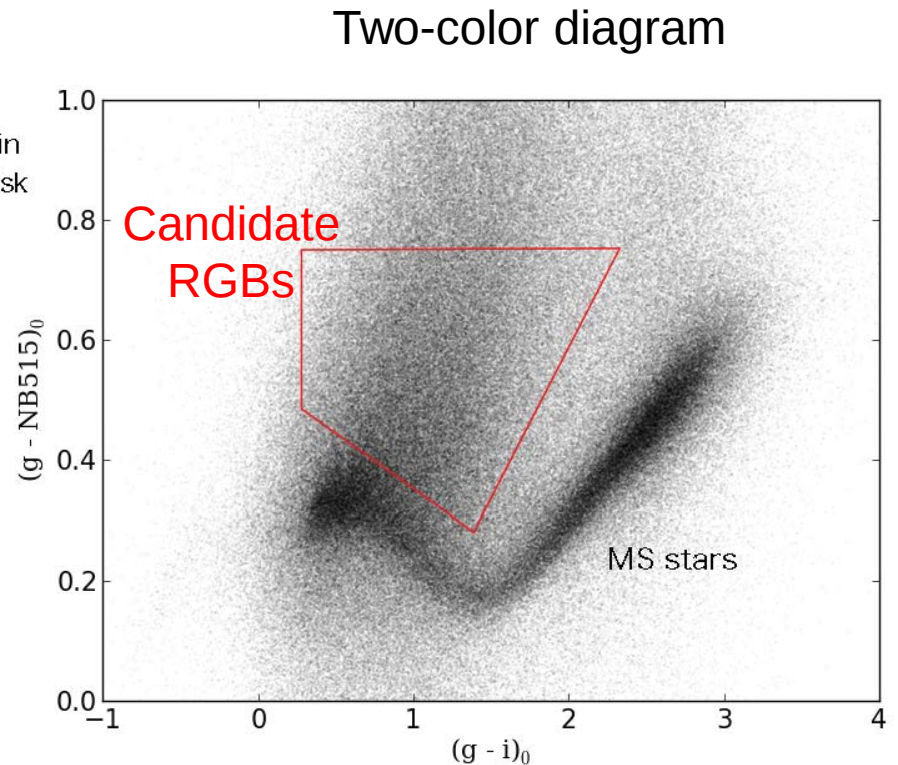
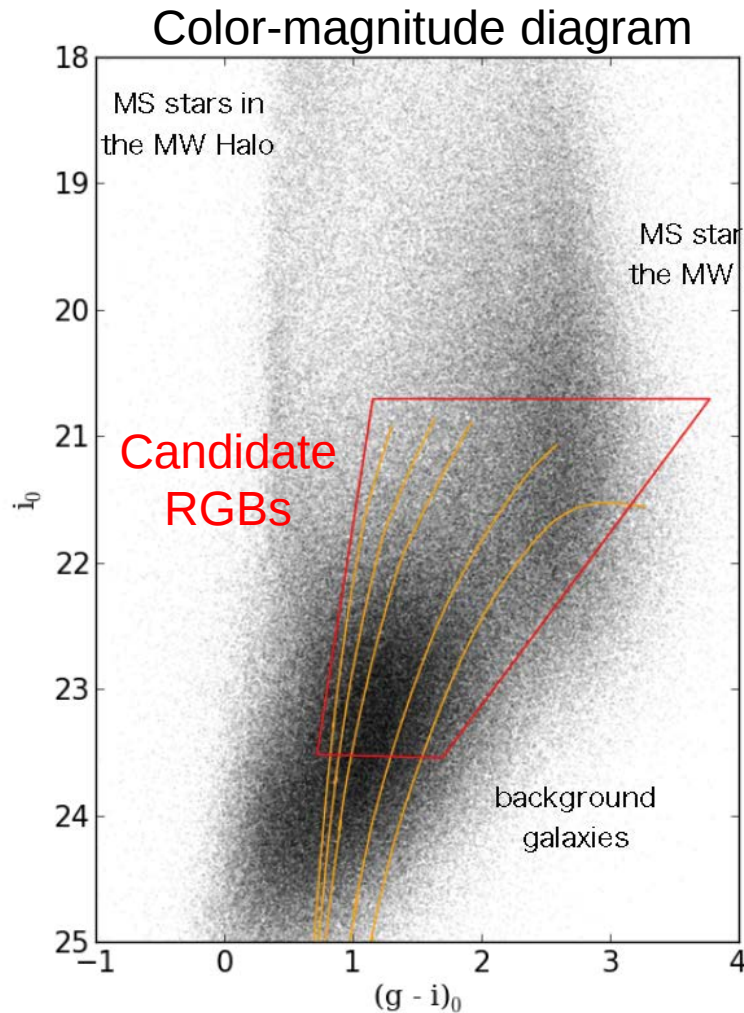
55kpc

150kpc

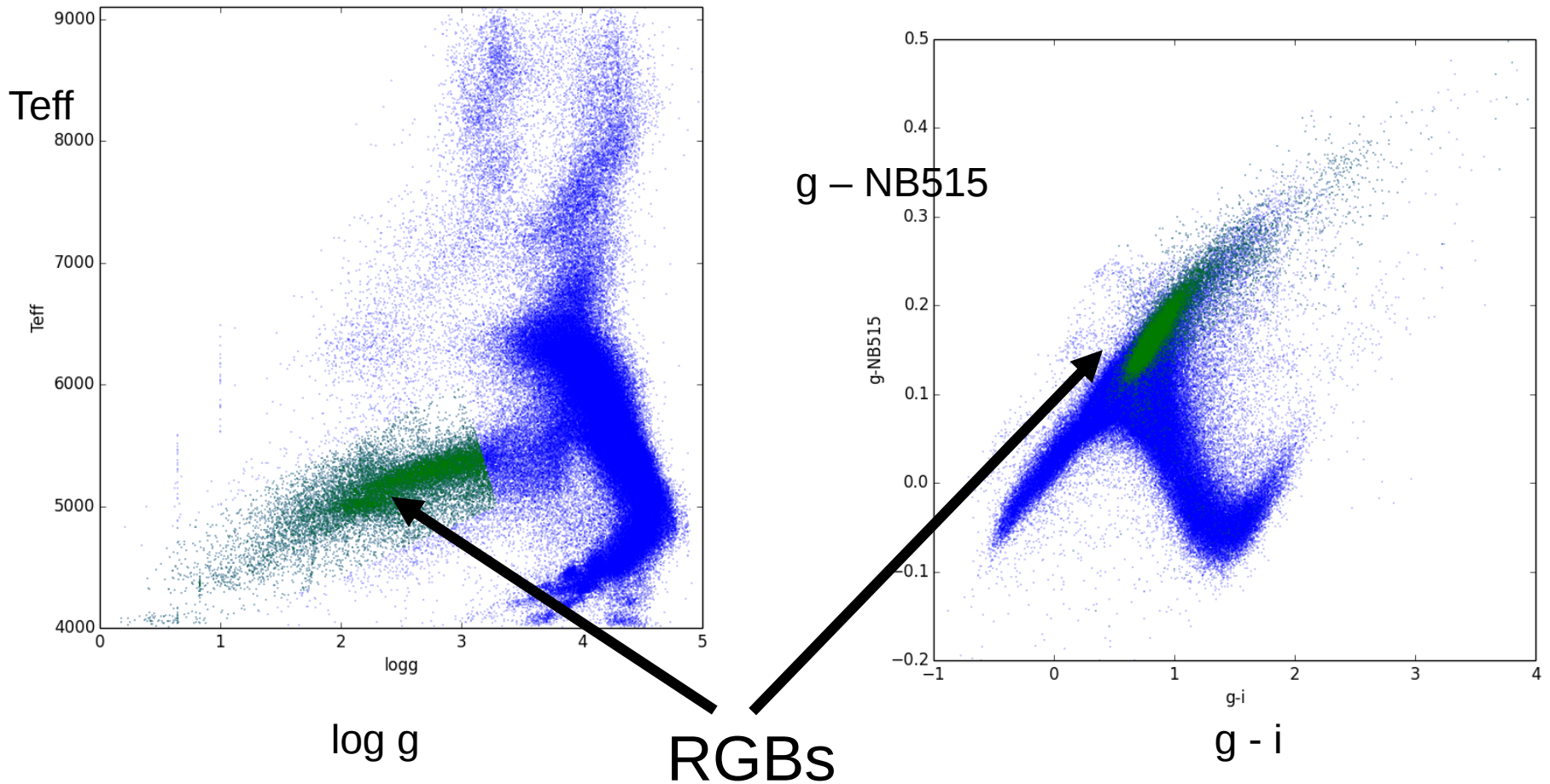
SW field



Analysis of RGBs along the major axis with the use of NB515 (Tanaka+)

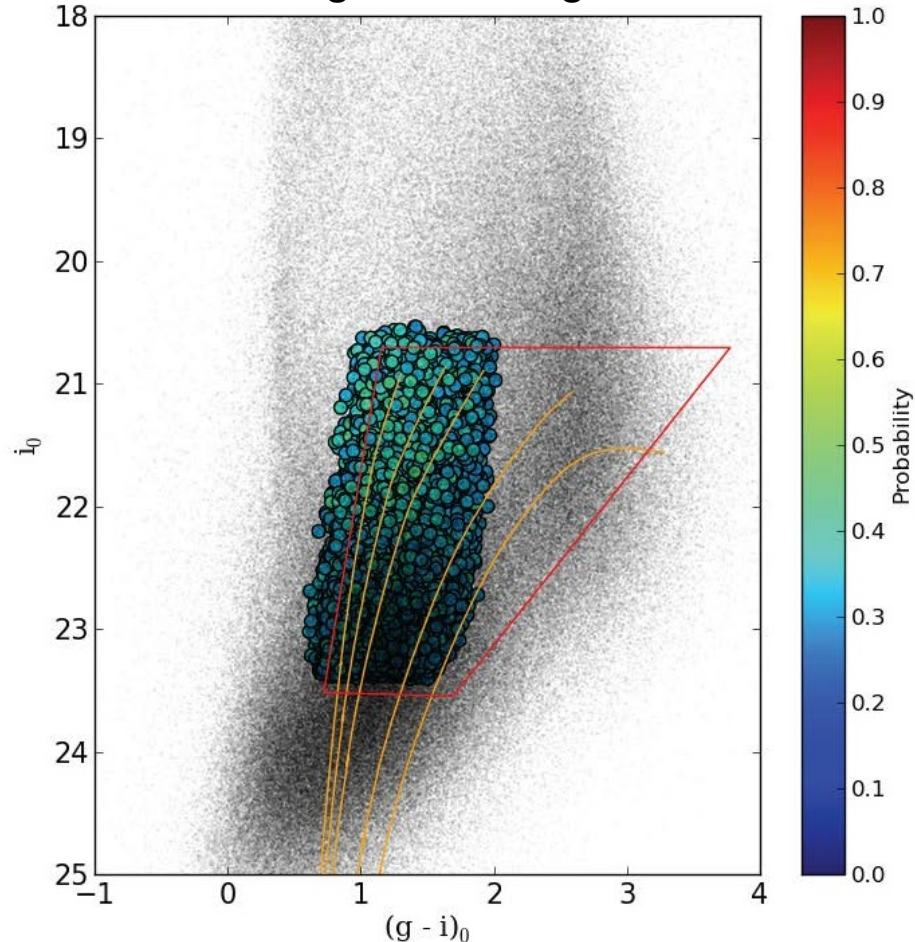


The case of spectroscopically confirmed RGBs from SEGUE

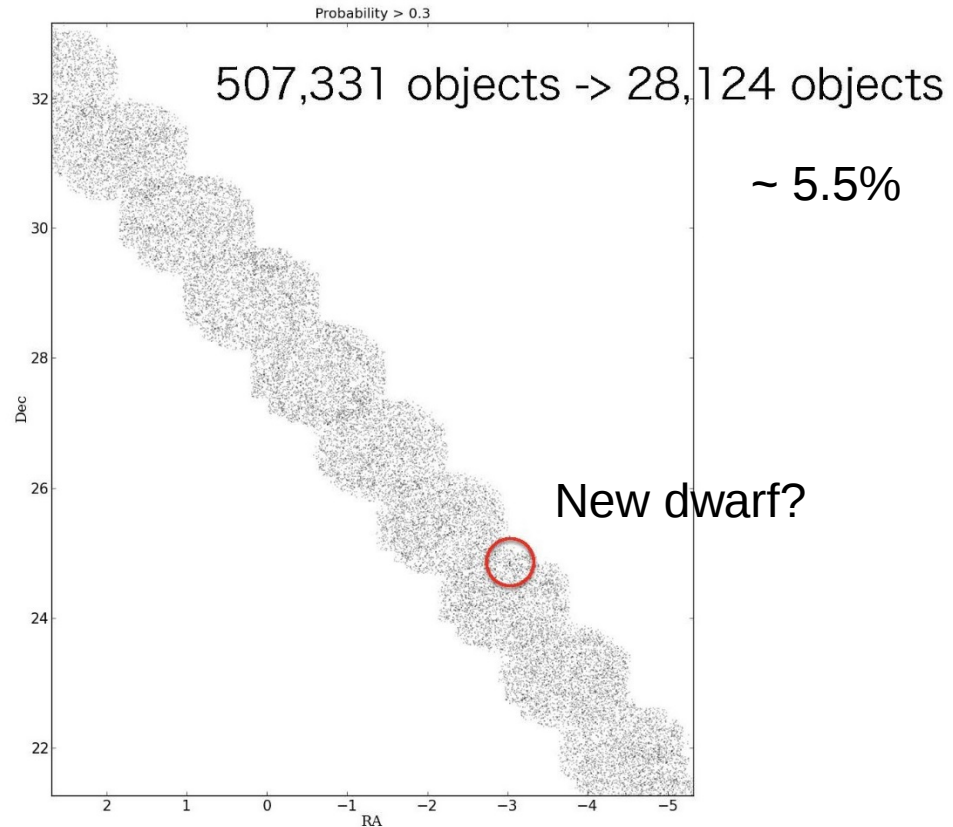


Stars with high probability ($P > 0.3$) as RGBs in M31

Color-magnitude diagram



Spatial distribution

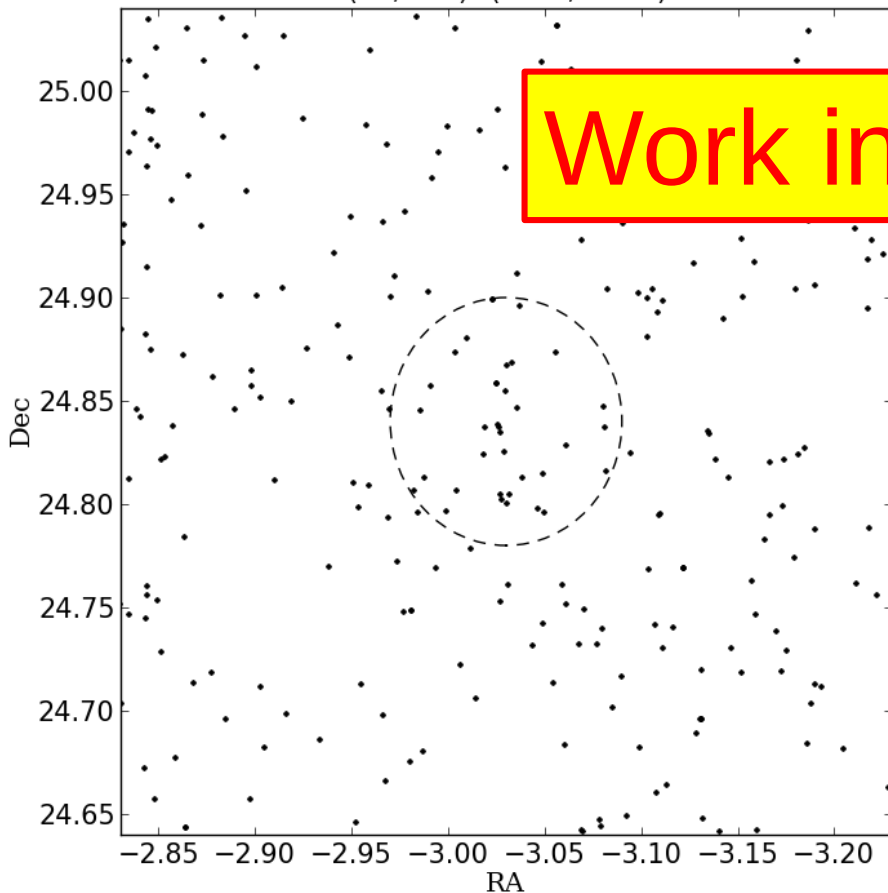


The selection method for PFS targets is established.

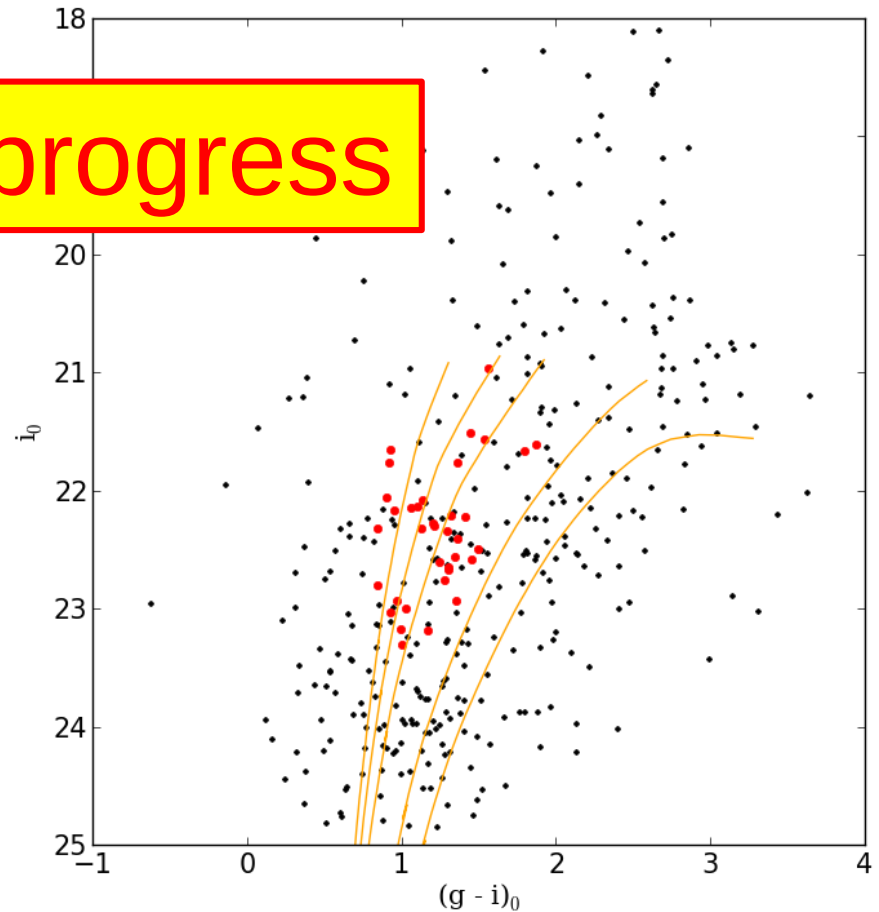
New dwarf?

(RA, Dec)=(-3.03, 24.84)

Work in progress



Spatial distribution of RGB candidates
with $P > 0.3$



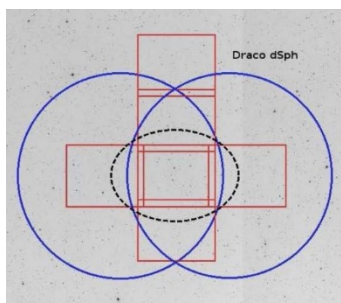
CMD for stars inside a dashed circle
with $P > 0.3$ (red points)

HSC imaging campaign of MW dSphs with Subaru + Keck/Subaru time (Cohen+)

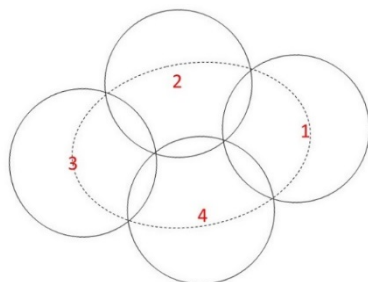
Name	Short exposure (RGBs)			Long exposure (~ MSTO)			Note
	g	i	NB515	g	i	NB515	
Draco (2 fields)	F1, F2	F1, F2	F1, F2	F1, F2	F1, F2	F1, F2	
Sculptor (4 fields)	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	S15B
Fornax (4 fields)	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	S15B
Ursa Minor (4 fields)	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	F1, F2, F3, F4	S15A
Leo I							
Sextans (19 fields)	F1 – F19	F4, 5, 6, 12,13, 14,18	F1 – F19	Not required			Short exposures for (g, i) were made during M31 halo run in 2014 Nov

Field number
Red: done
(Bold red:
done in S15B)
Black: not yet

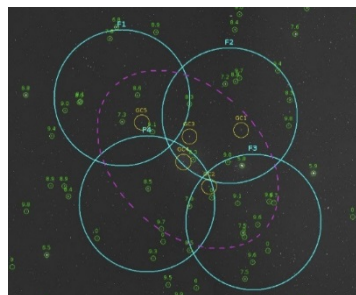
Draco



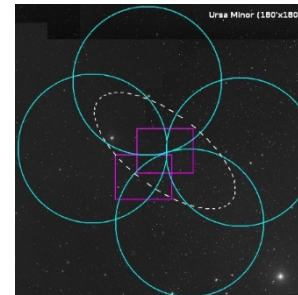
Sculptor



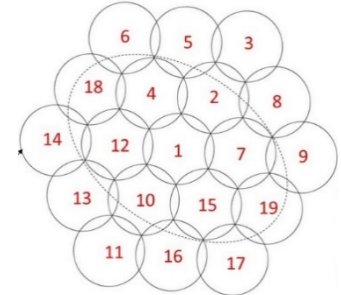
Fornax



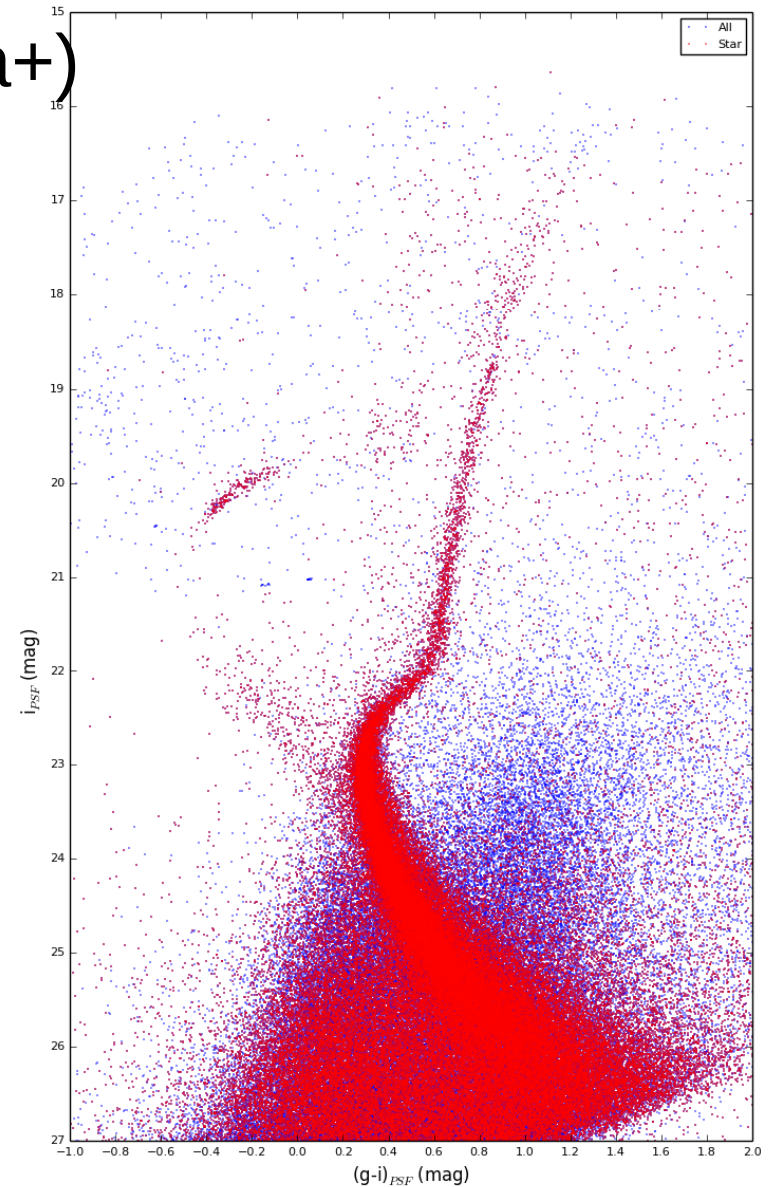
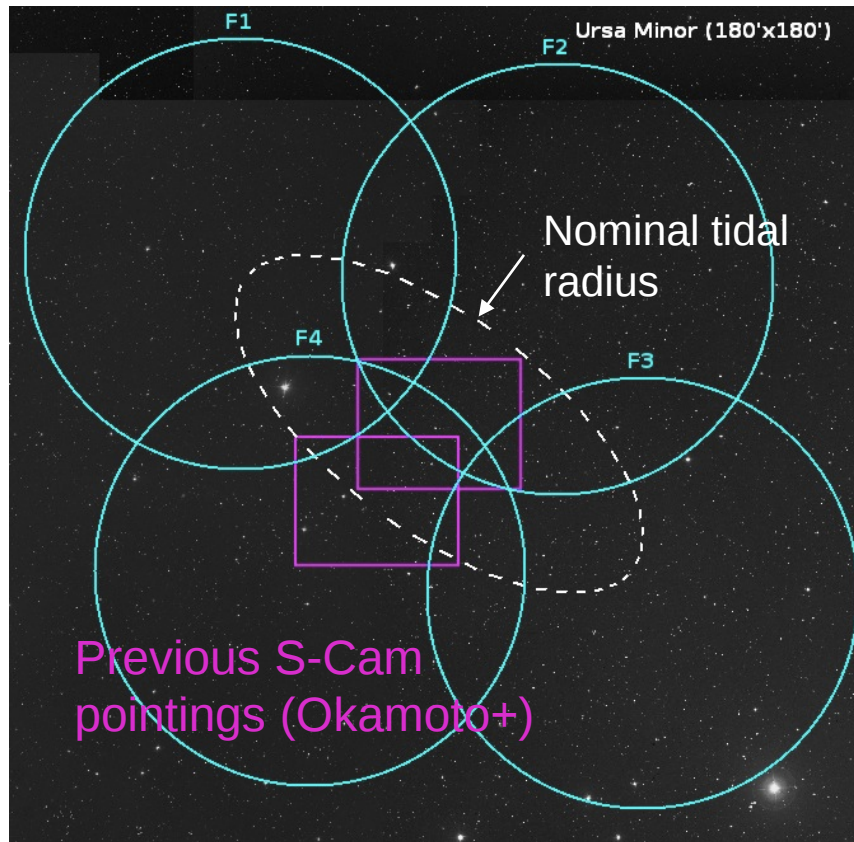
Ursa Minor



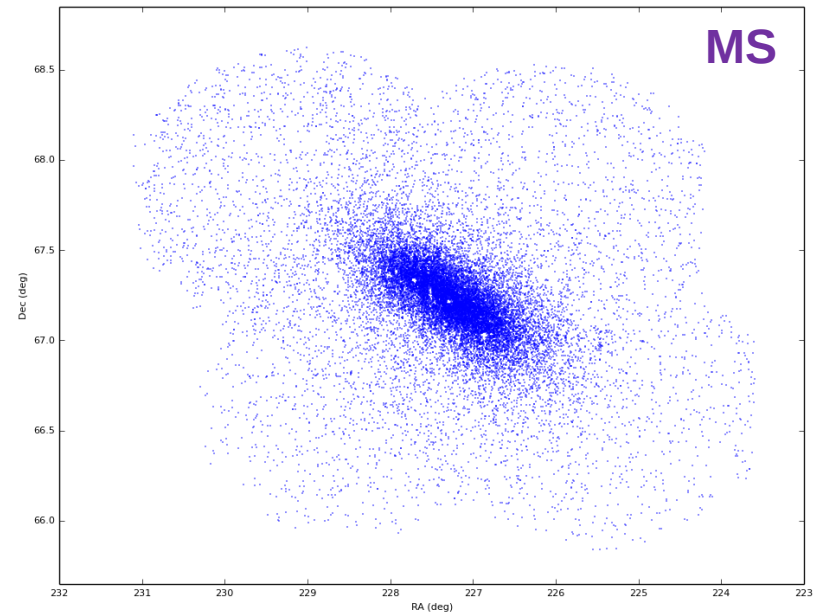
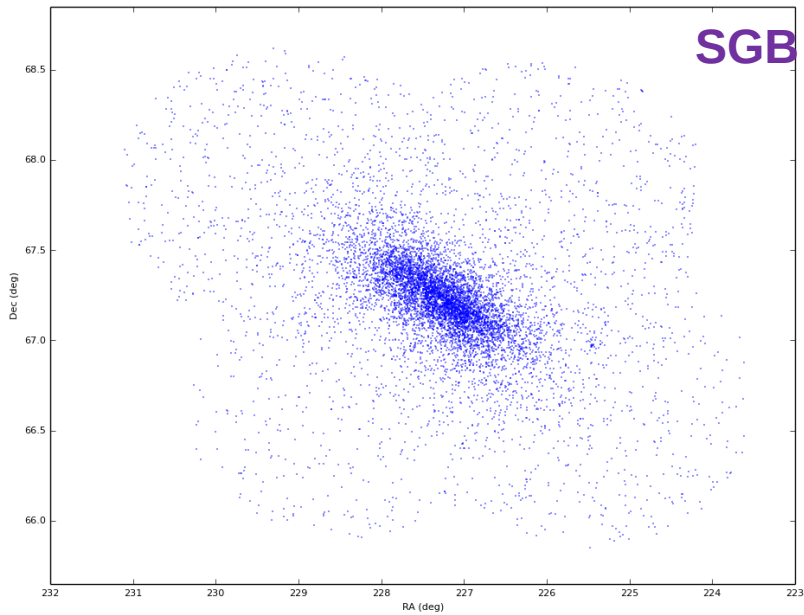
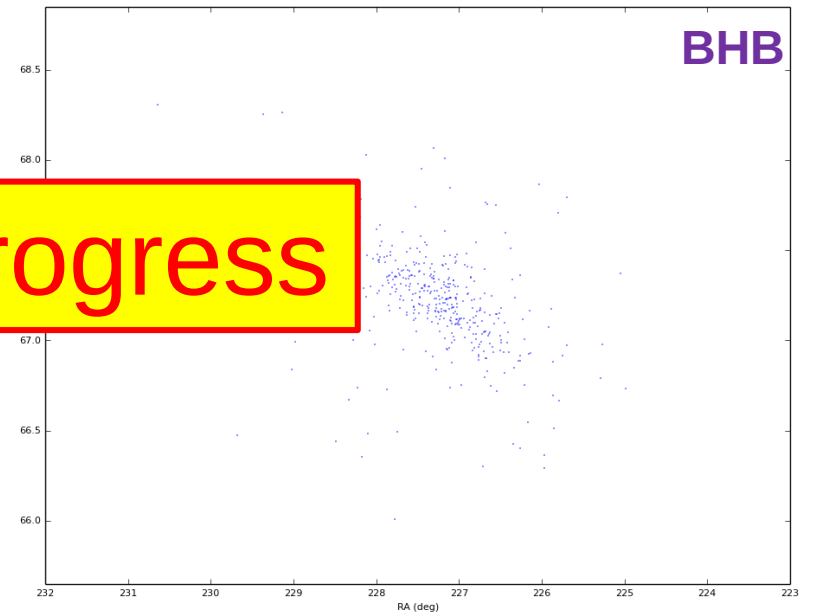
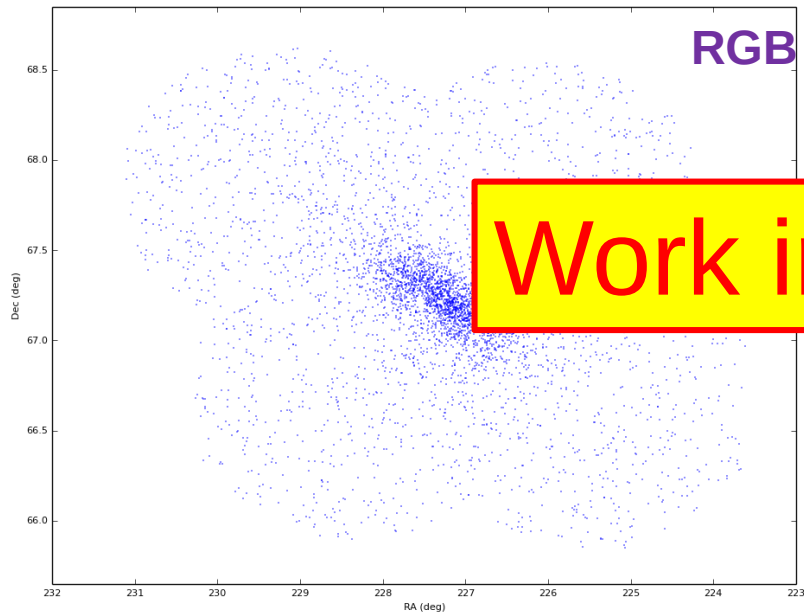
Sextans



Ursa Minor (Komiyama+)



Spatial Distribution of Stellar Population



Work in progress

Summary

- Data analysis is now in progress
 - Stellar population of substructures by combining the properties of the HB and RGB stars
- NB515 coverage is yet incomplete
 - Sampling of most likely RGBs will reveal true halo structures incl. the halo edge.
 - Required for PFS targets
- HSC imaging of the MW satellites is in progress
 - Required for PFS targets