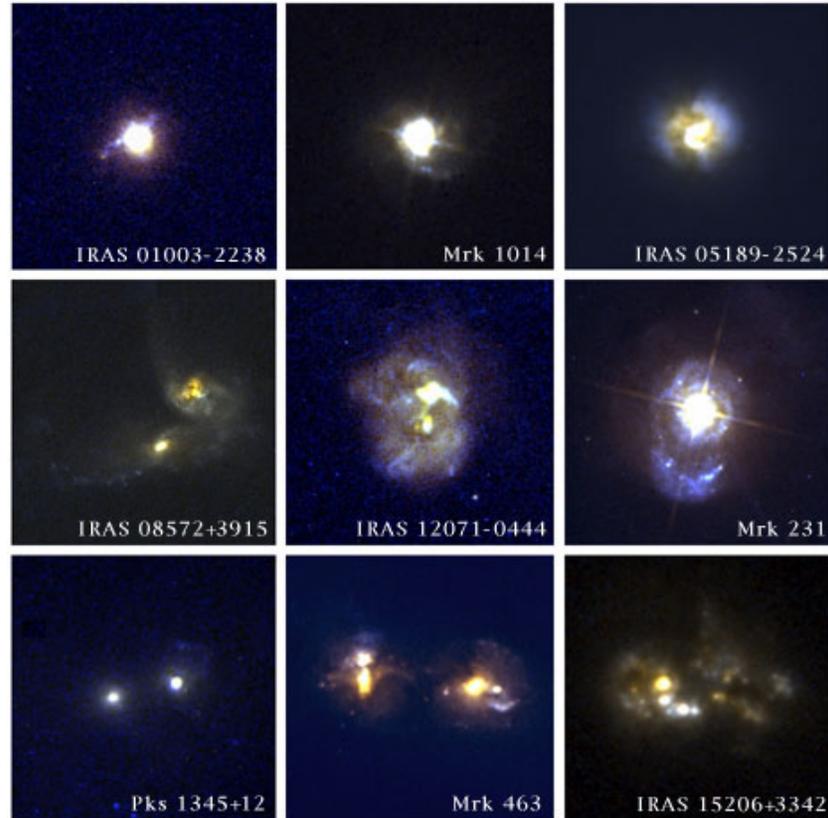


Buried AGNs in nearby ULIRGs

Masa Imanishi

(National Astronomical
Observatory of Japan)



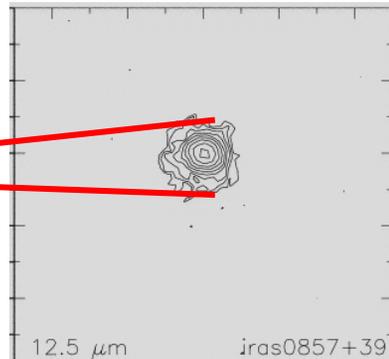
Ultraluminous Infrared Galaxies (ULIRGs)

$L(\text{IR}) > 10^{12} L_{\text{sun}}$

Powerful energy source is hidden behind dust



optical



IR(12 μm)

Soifer et al. 2000

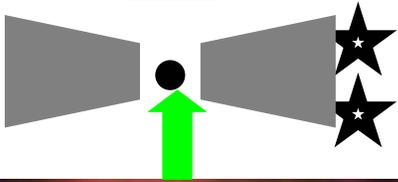
Compact cores (<500pc) are dominant

Very compact starburst
or AGN ?



AGNs in ULIRGs are buried

NLR

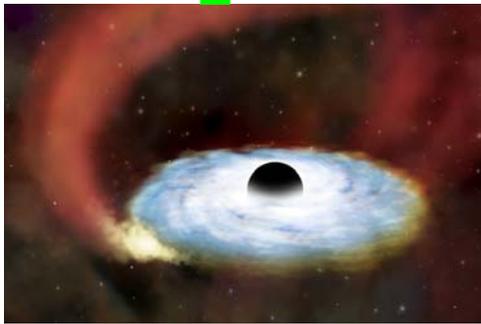


AGNs obscured by torus-shaped dust



Sy2

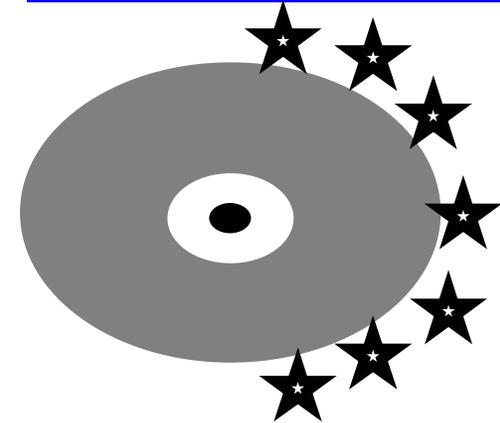
Detectable via optical spectroscopy



ULIRGs have a large amount of nuclear gas and dust



Buried AGNs are elusive



Infrared 3-4 μm spectroscopy

IRCS on Subaru 8.2m telescope

Optically non-Seyfert ULIRGs
(LINER, HII-region type)



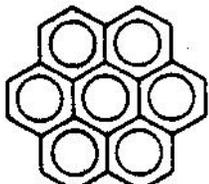
Methods:

1. Spectral shape (PAH vs dust absorption)

2. Geometry of energy sources and dust

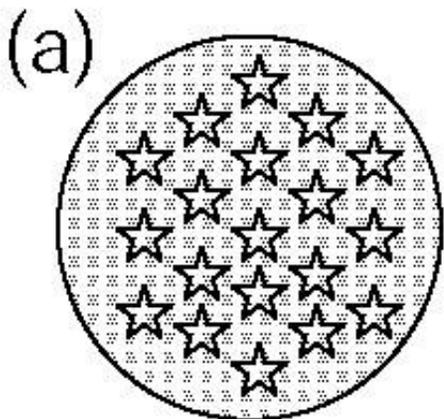
1. 3-4 μm spectral shape

PAH

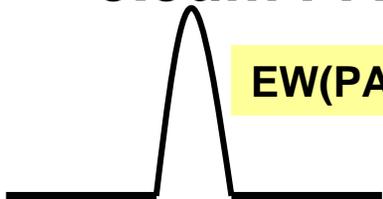


PAHs are excited in starburst PDRs but destroyed near an AGN

starburst

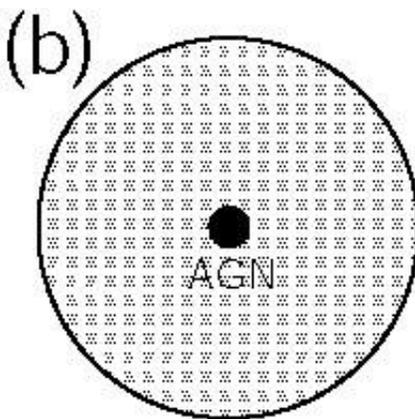


3.3 μm PAH

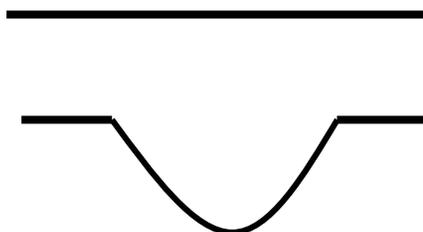


EW(PAH)~100nm

Buried AGN

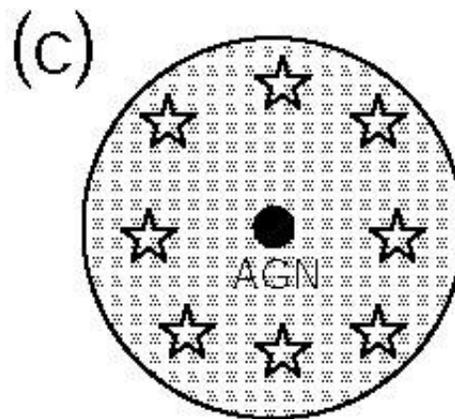


featureless

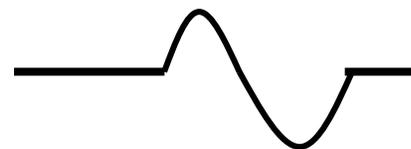


3.4 μm /3.1 μm

composite



EW(PAH)<<100nm

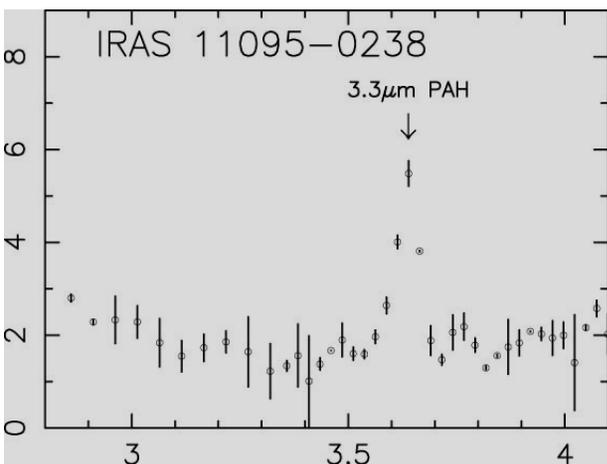


3-4 μm

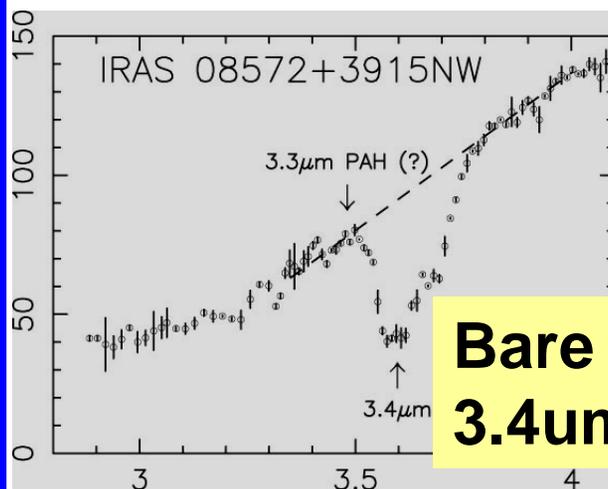


Subaru

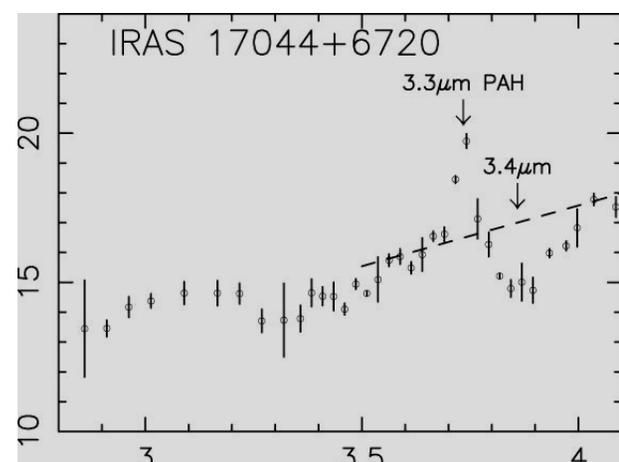
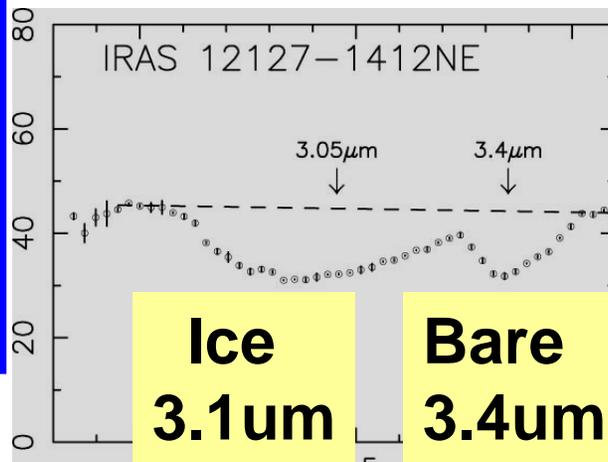
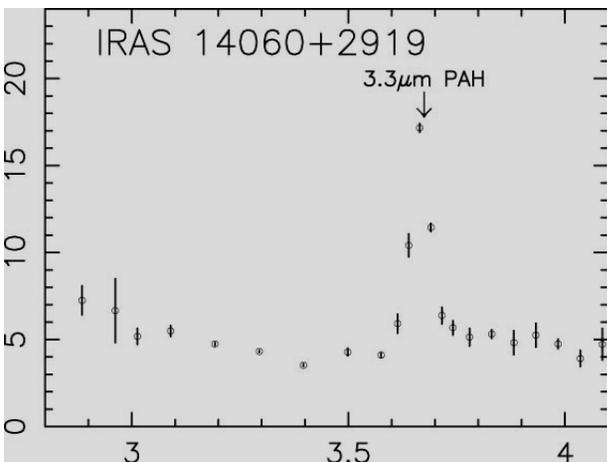
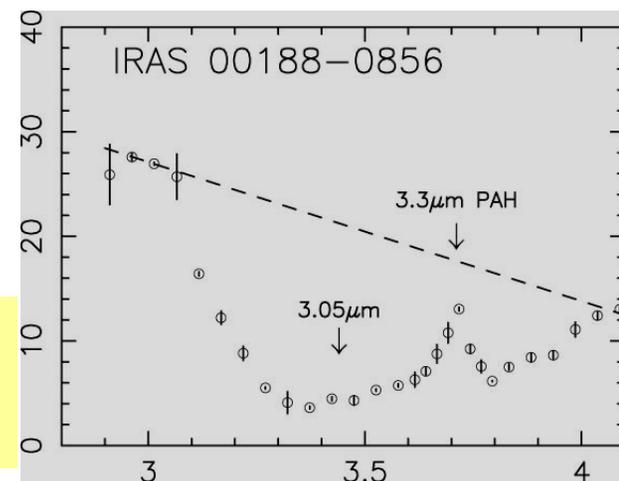
starburst



Buried AGN



AGN/SB composite



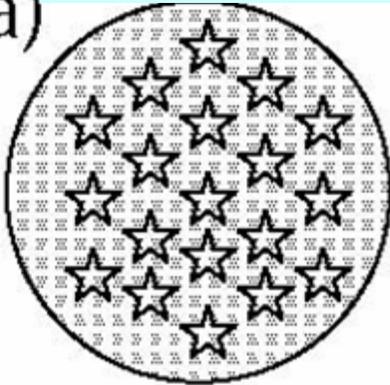
Strong PAH

Abs. feature

Low EW(PAH)

2. dust/energy-source geometry

(a) starburst



Mixed dust model

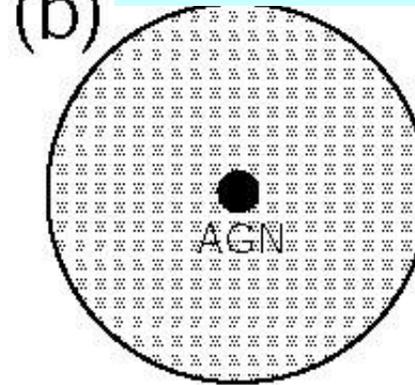
$$\downarrow \frac{1 - \exp(-\tau_\lambda)}{\tau_\lambda}$$

Dust absorption feature: weak

$$\tau(3.1) < 0.3$$

$$\tau(3.4) < 0.2 \text{ (Imanishi \& Maloney 2003 ApJ 588 165)}$$

(b) Buried AGN



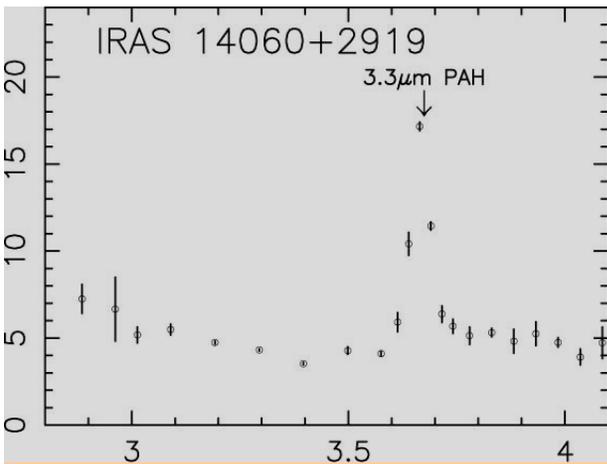
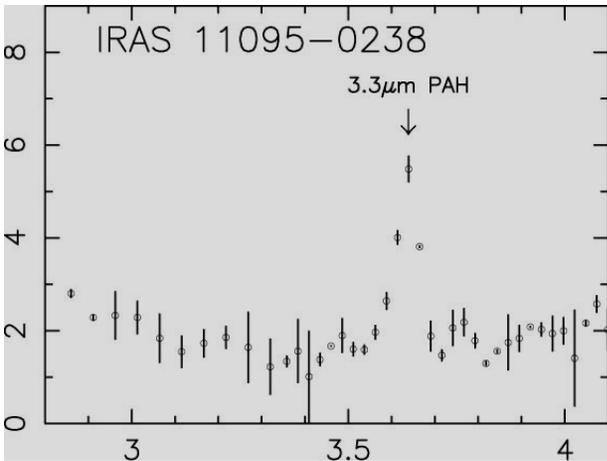
Foreground screen dust model

$$\downarrow \exp(-\tau_\lambda)$$

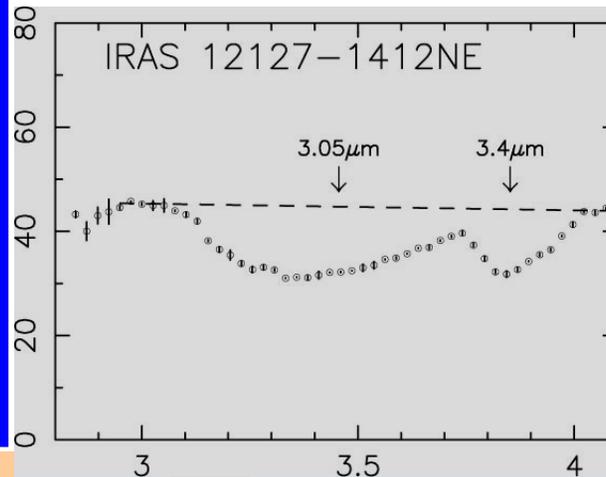
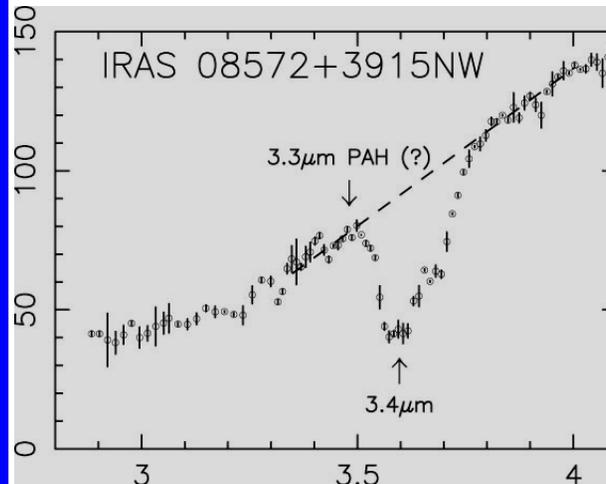
strong

3-4 μm

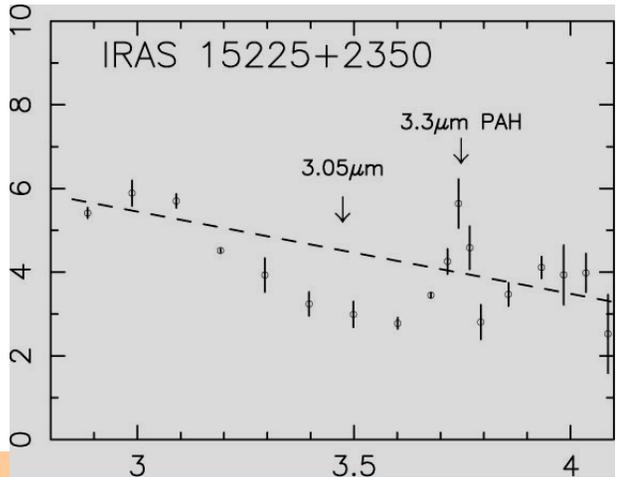
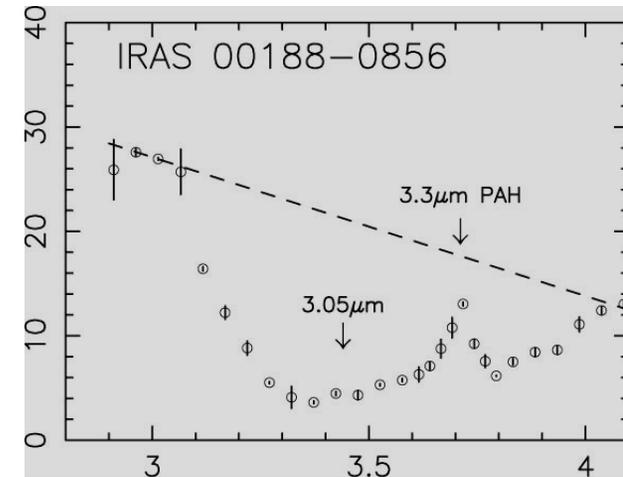
Starburst



Buried AGN



composite



PAH strong (starburst):
Dust absorption weak

PAH weak (AGN):
Dust absorption strong

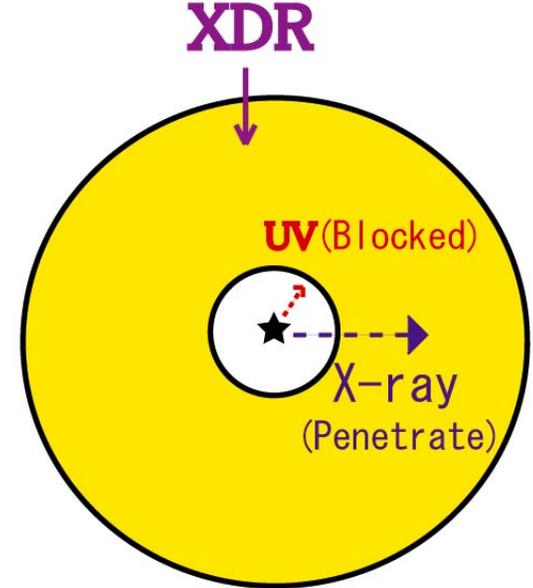
Results

Buried AGN signatures:

**17/27 (63%) LINER ULIRGs
(statistically complete)**

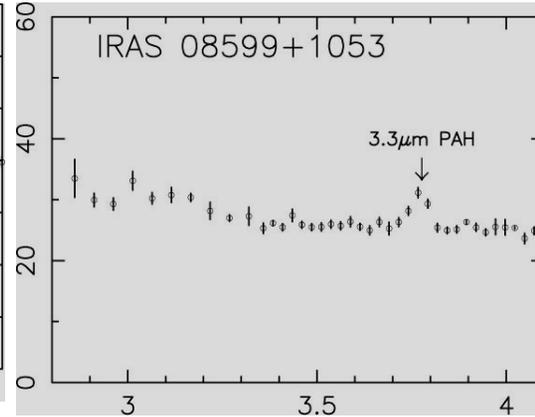
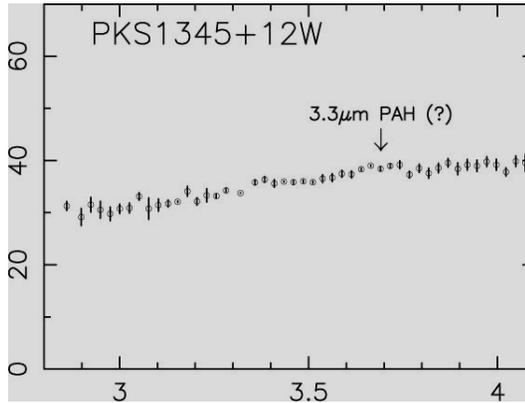
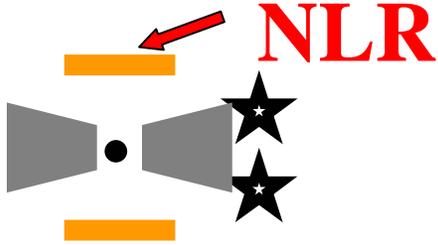
**3/13 (23%) HII-region ULIRGs
(complete at RA=10-22hr)**

Powerful buried AGN fraction: LINER > HII

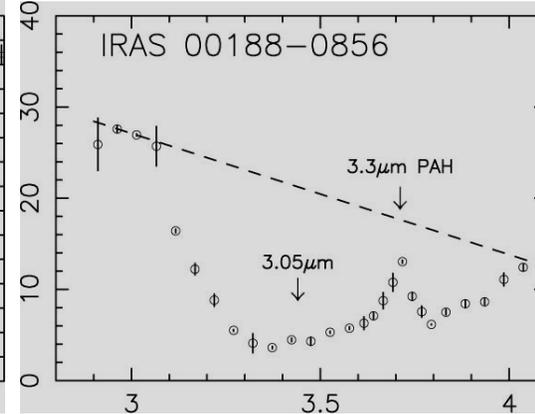
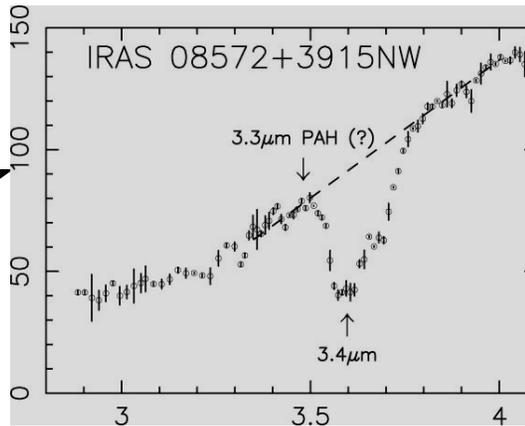
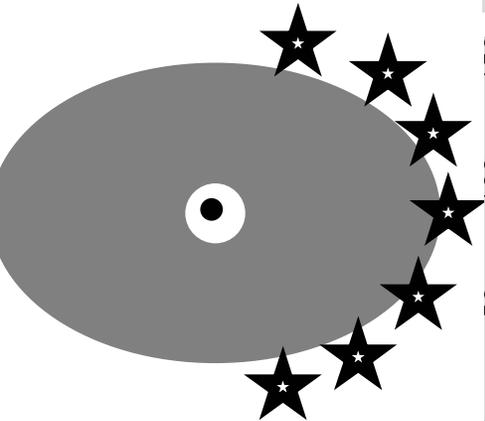


**Pure buried AGNs
Show LINER spectra**

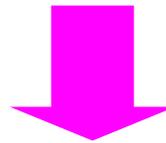
Our line-of-sight obscuration: Non-Sy >> Sy2



**Sy2:
Abs
weak**



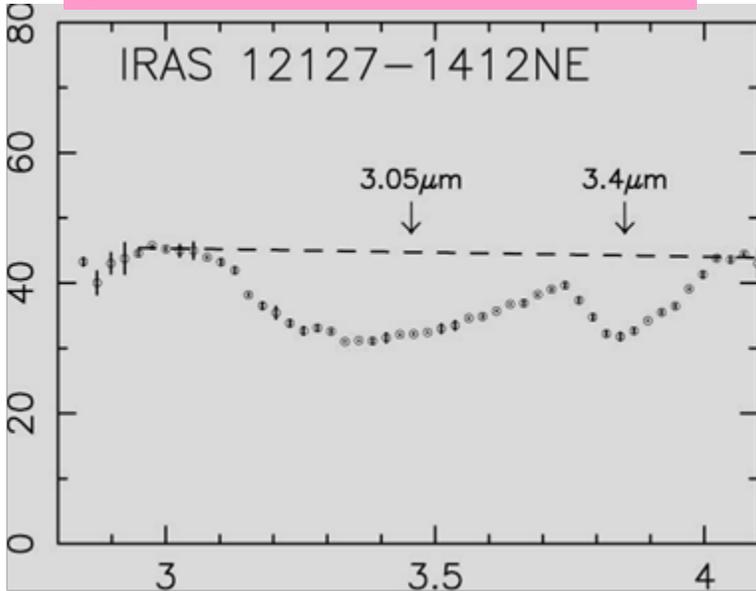
**Non-Sy:
strong**



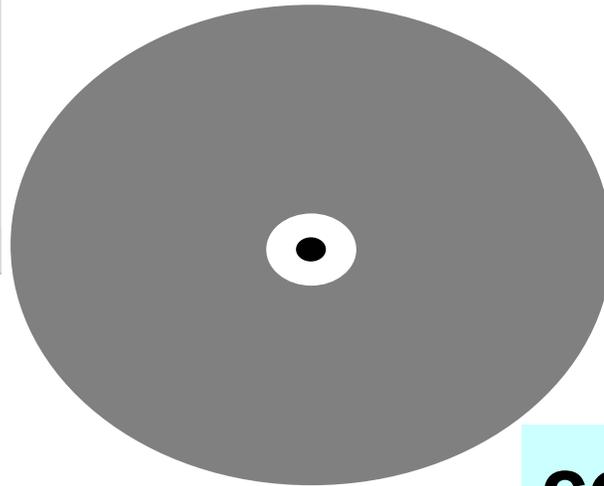
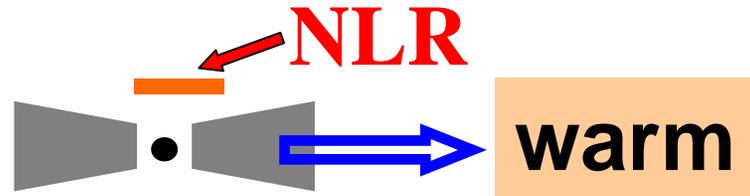
Amount of nuclear dust: Non-Sy >> Sy2

Buried AGNs: both warm/cool FIR colors

pure buried AGN



$F_{25}/F_{60}=0.16(\text{cool})$



cool FIR color

cool \neq starburst

Summary

1. Buried AGNs fraction: LINER > HII-region
warm & cool

2. Nuclear dust amount:
non-Sy ULIRGs > Sy2 ULIRGs

➔ Optical Sy (non-)detectability depends
on the amount of nuclear dust

It is important to understand
optically-elusive buried AGNs in ULIRGs.

(Imanishi et al. 2005, astro-ph/0509861)
ApJ, in press