

Subaru Users' meeting 2009 (14/01/2010 @ Mitaka)

MOIRCS Narrow-Band Survey: Panoramic H α Mapping of a $z=0.8$ Cluster

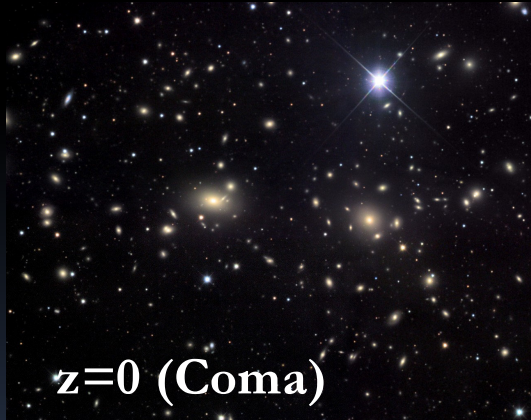
Yusei Koyama (Univ. of Tokyo)

Tadayuki Kodama (NAOJ), Kazuhiro Shimasaku (Univ. of Tokyo)
Masao Hayashi (Univ. of Tokyo), Sadanori Okamura (Univ. of Tokyo)
Ichi Tanaka (NAOJ), Chihiro Tokoku (Tohoku Univ.)

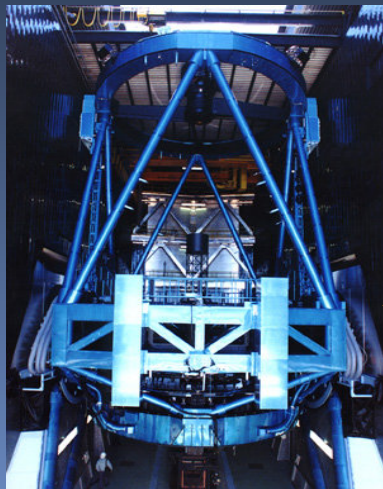
Subaru narrow-band survey for distant clusters

Unbiased survey for the SF activity

in the two distant clusters at $z=0.81$ and $z=1.46$



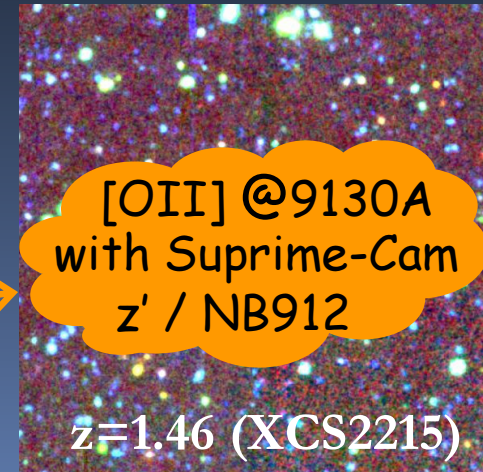
Quiescent at $z \sim 0$



This talk



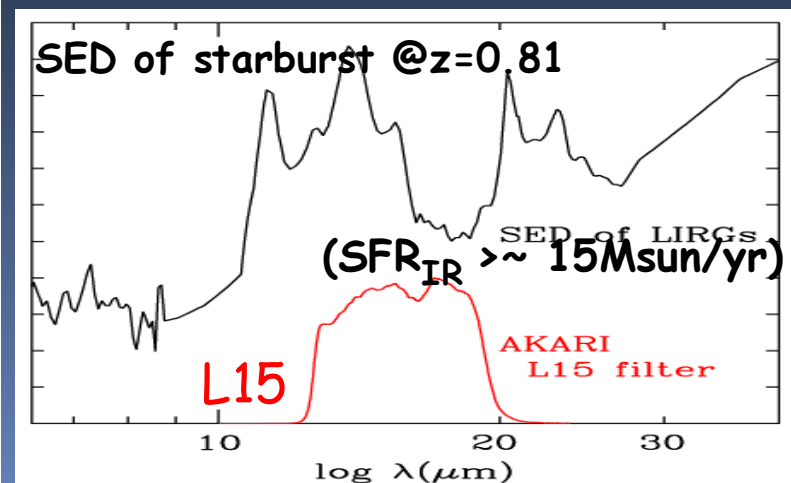
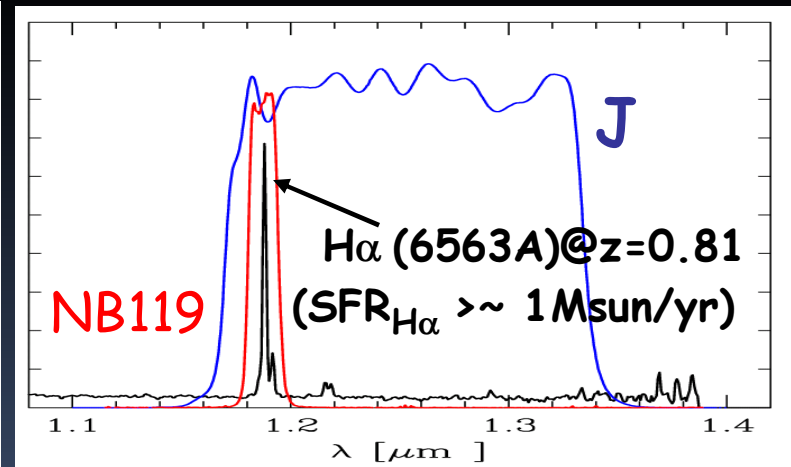
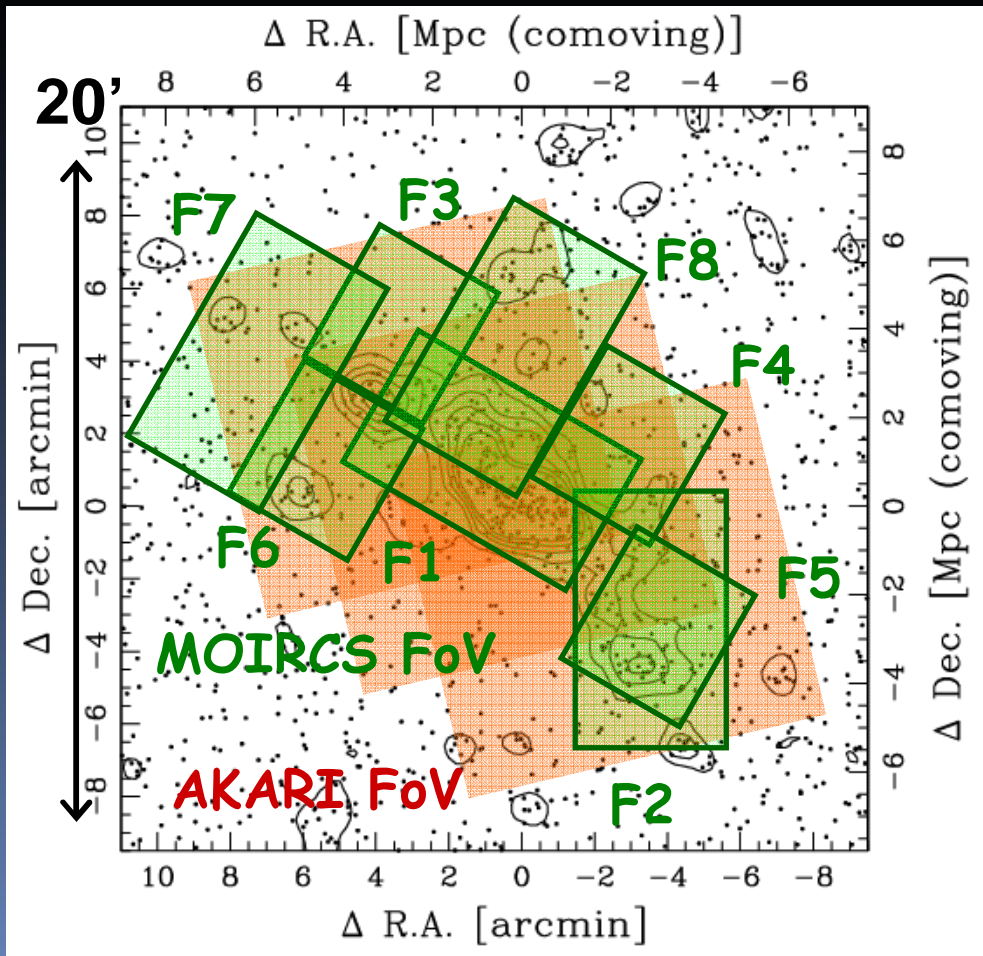
Hayashi-san's talk



Active at $z \gtrsim 1$?

Mapping star formation around the RXJ1716 cluster at $z=0.81$ with $H\alpha$ and MIR

Subaru/S-Cam ($V R i' z'$) **MOIRCS (J, NB119)** AKARI / IRC (3, 7, $15\mu\text{m}$)
Subaru / AKARI Joint Survey

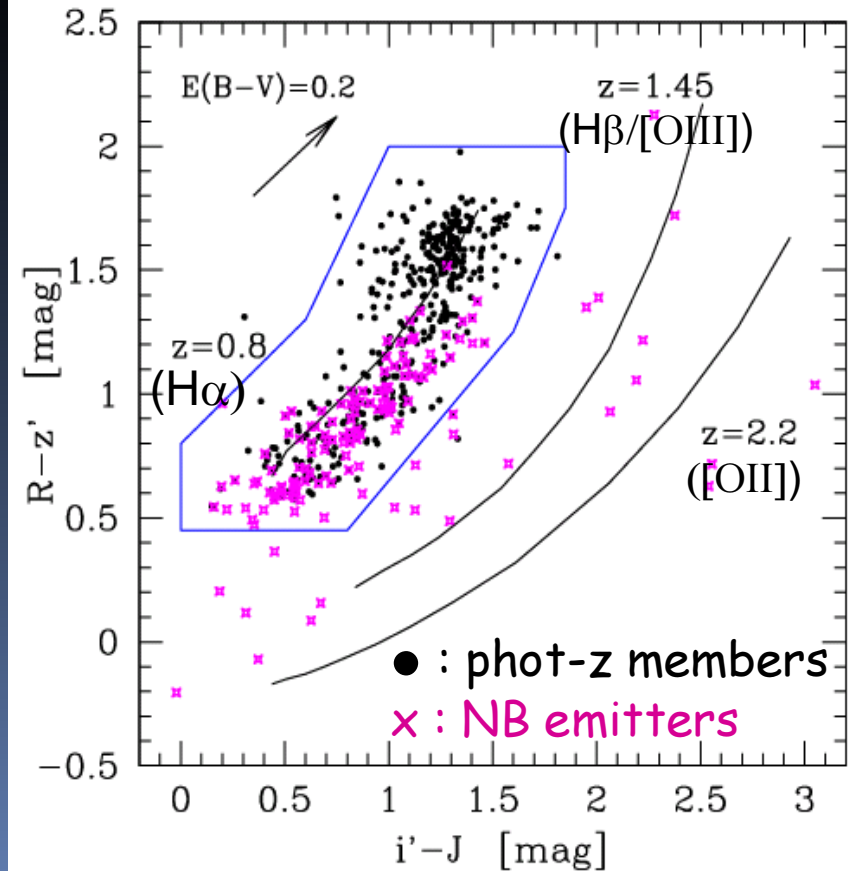
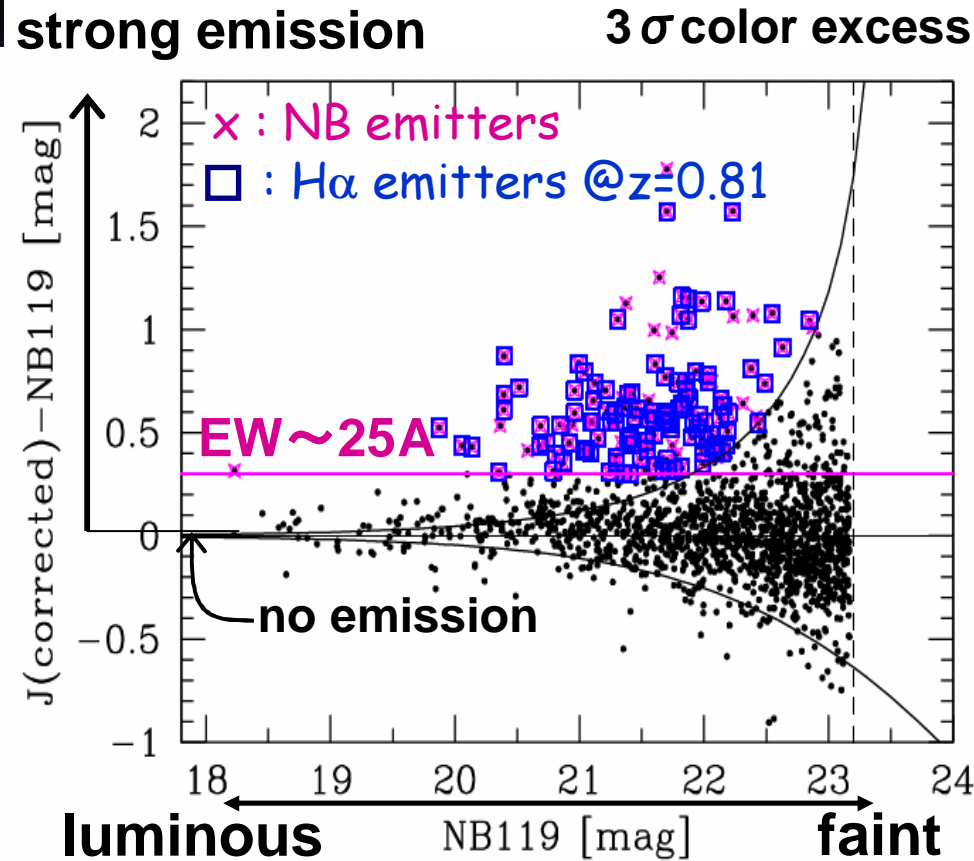


(Koyama et al. 2010, MNRAS, in press, arXiv:0912.2786)

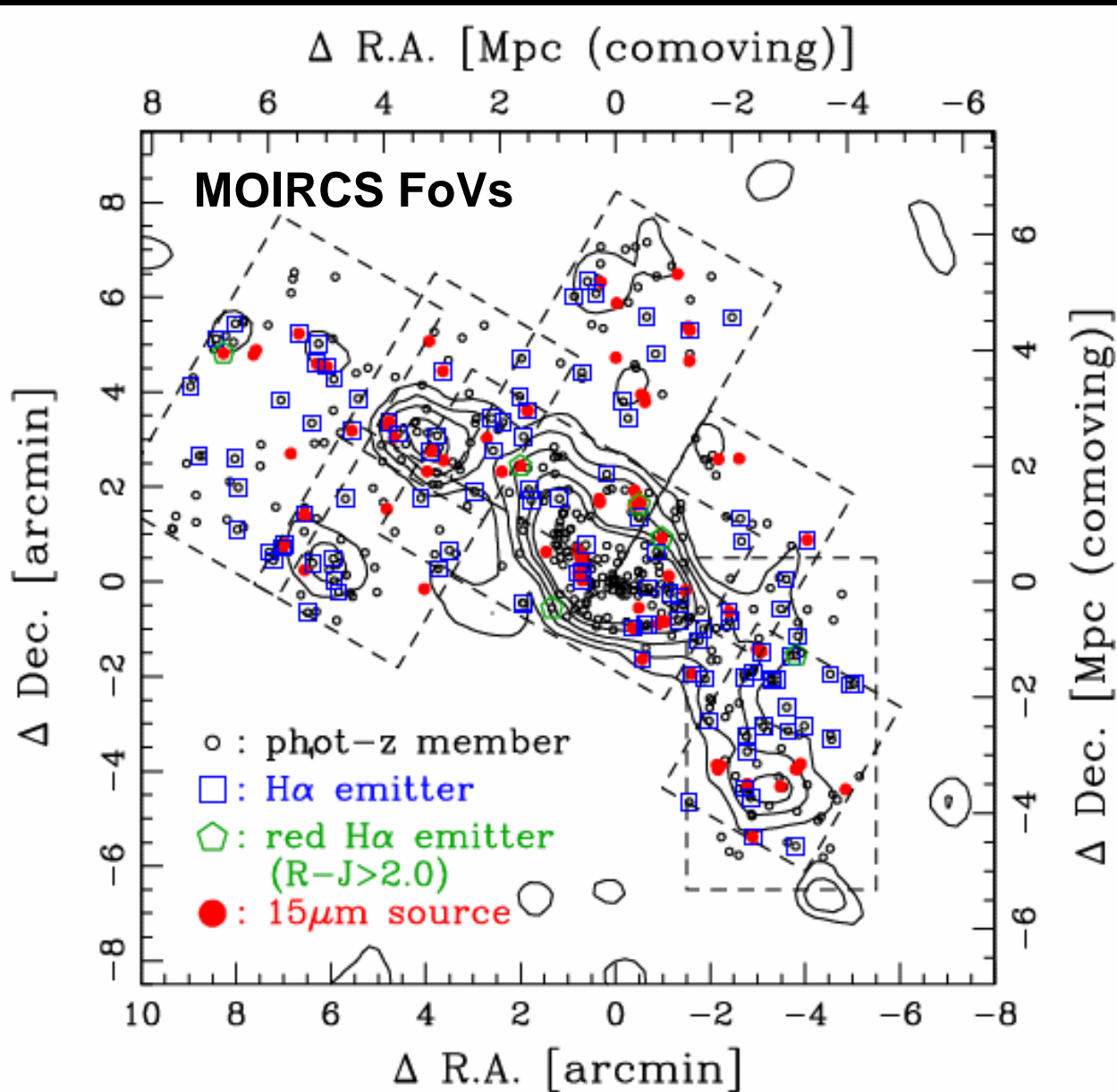
Selection of H α emitters at z=0.81

H α emitters are selected in a normal way:

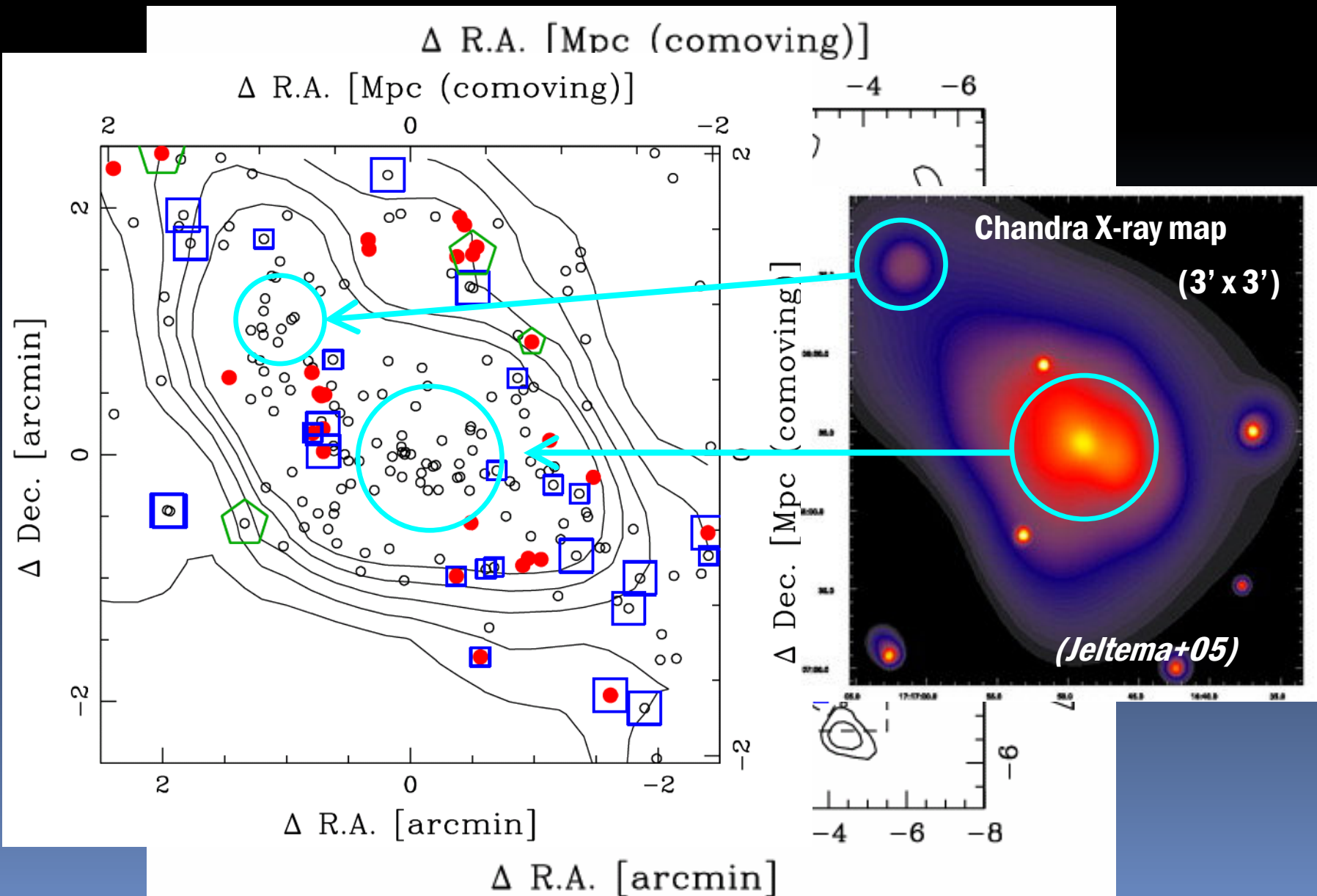
J-NB colour excess + appropriate broad-band colour



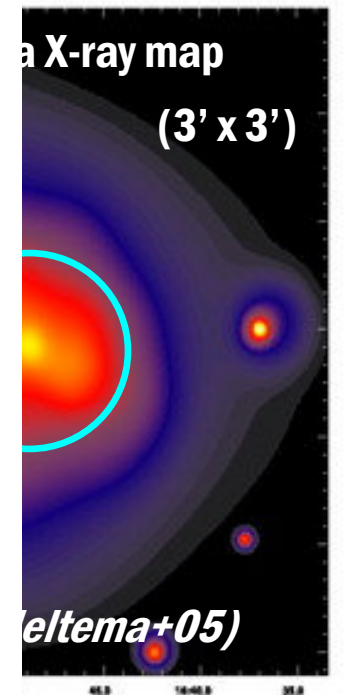
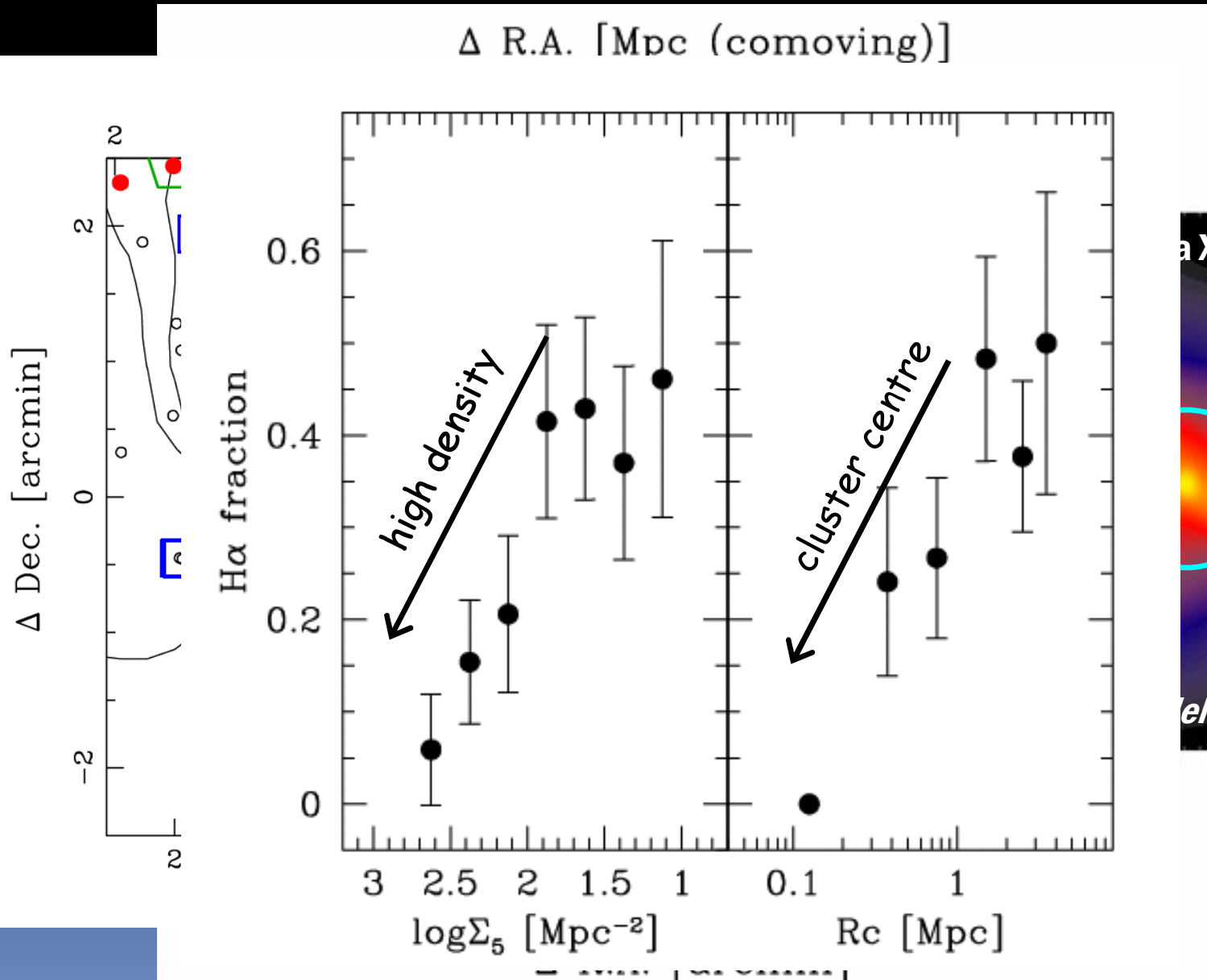
Spatial distribution of $H\alpha$ emitter/MIR source



Spatial distribution of $H\alpha$ emitter/MIR source



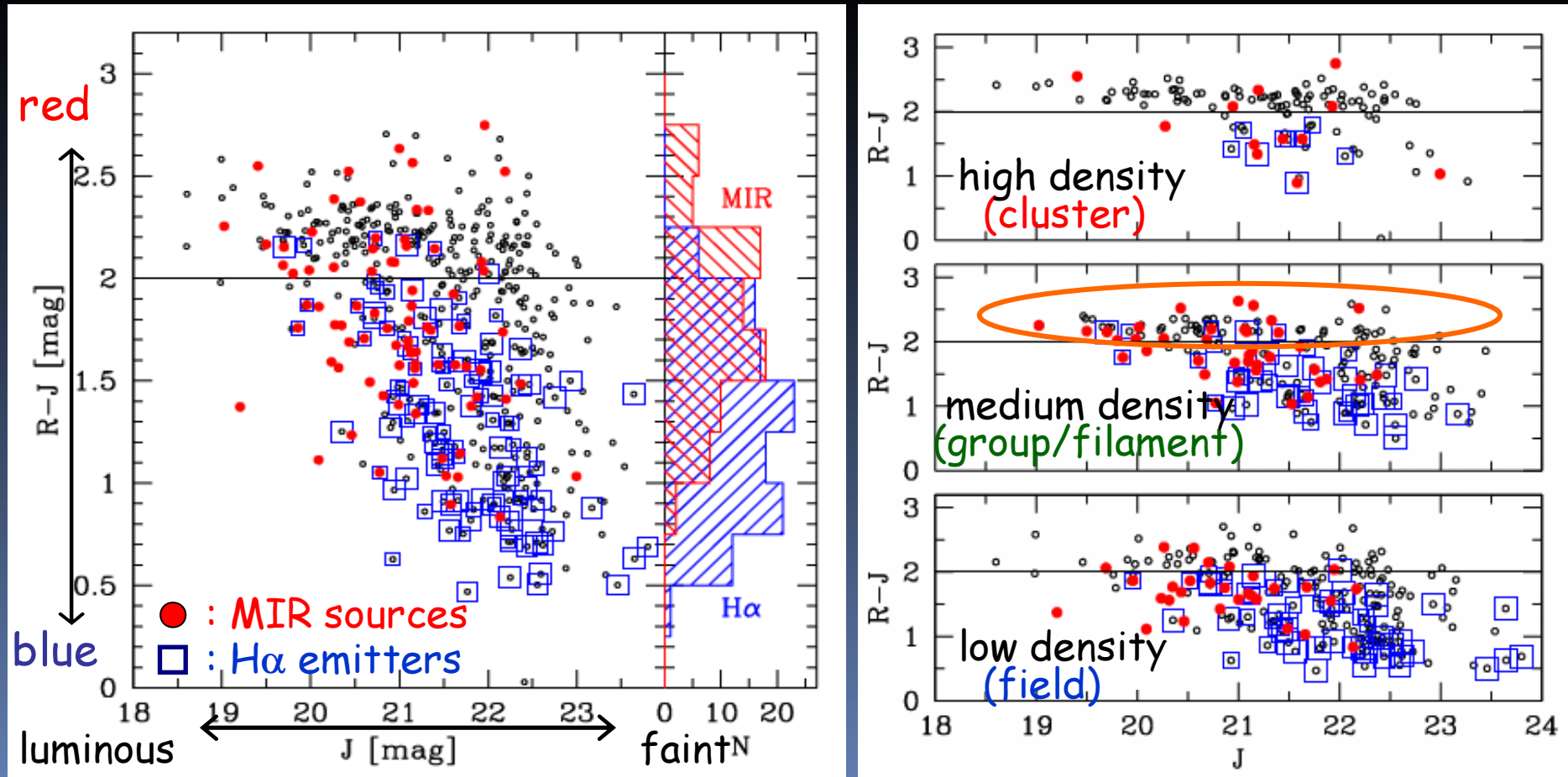
Spatial distribution of $H\alpha$ emitter/MIR source



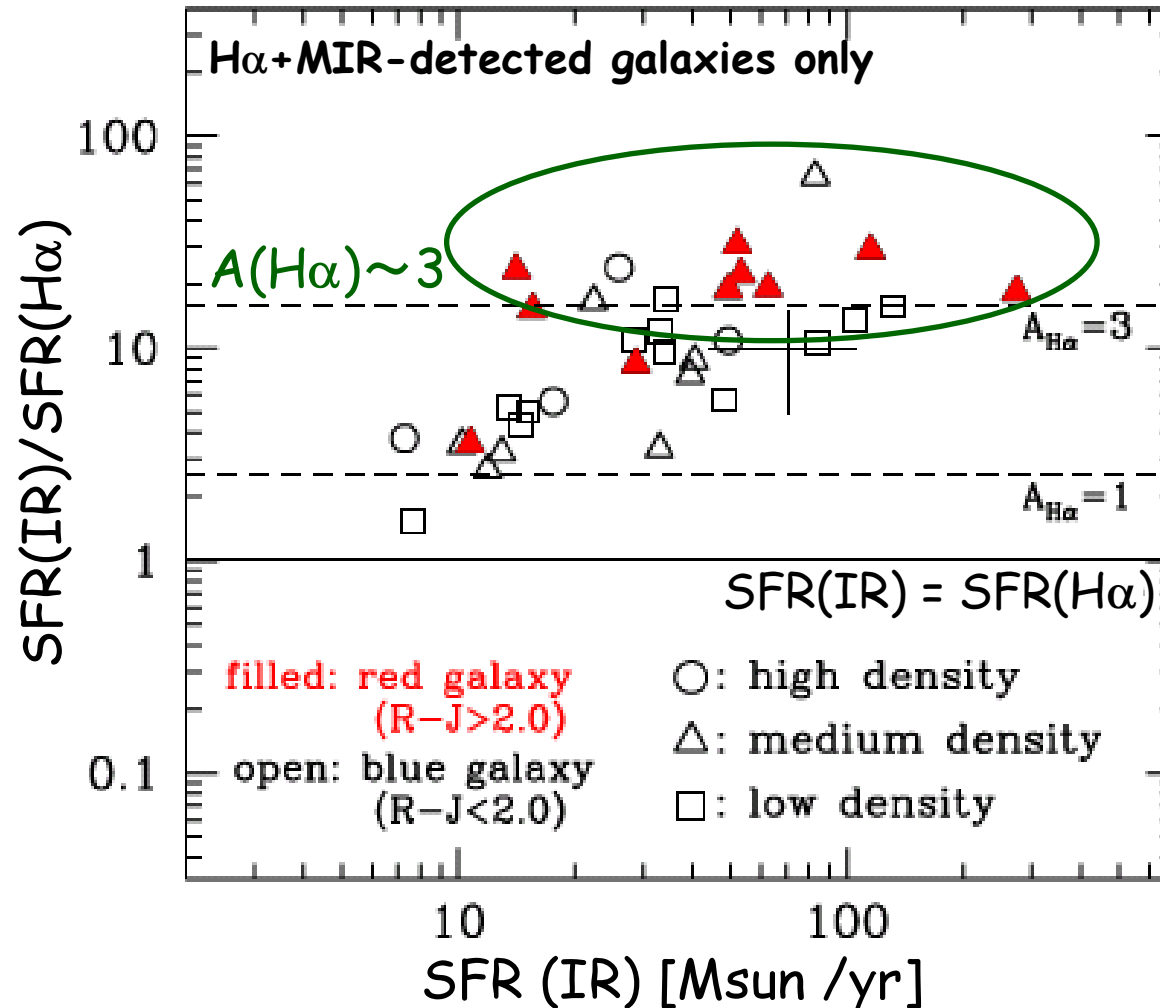
Optical colours of $H\alpha$ emitters/MIR sources

$H\alpha$ emitters are blue SF galaxies. MIR galaxies tend to be redder.

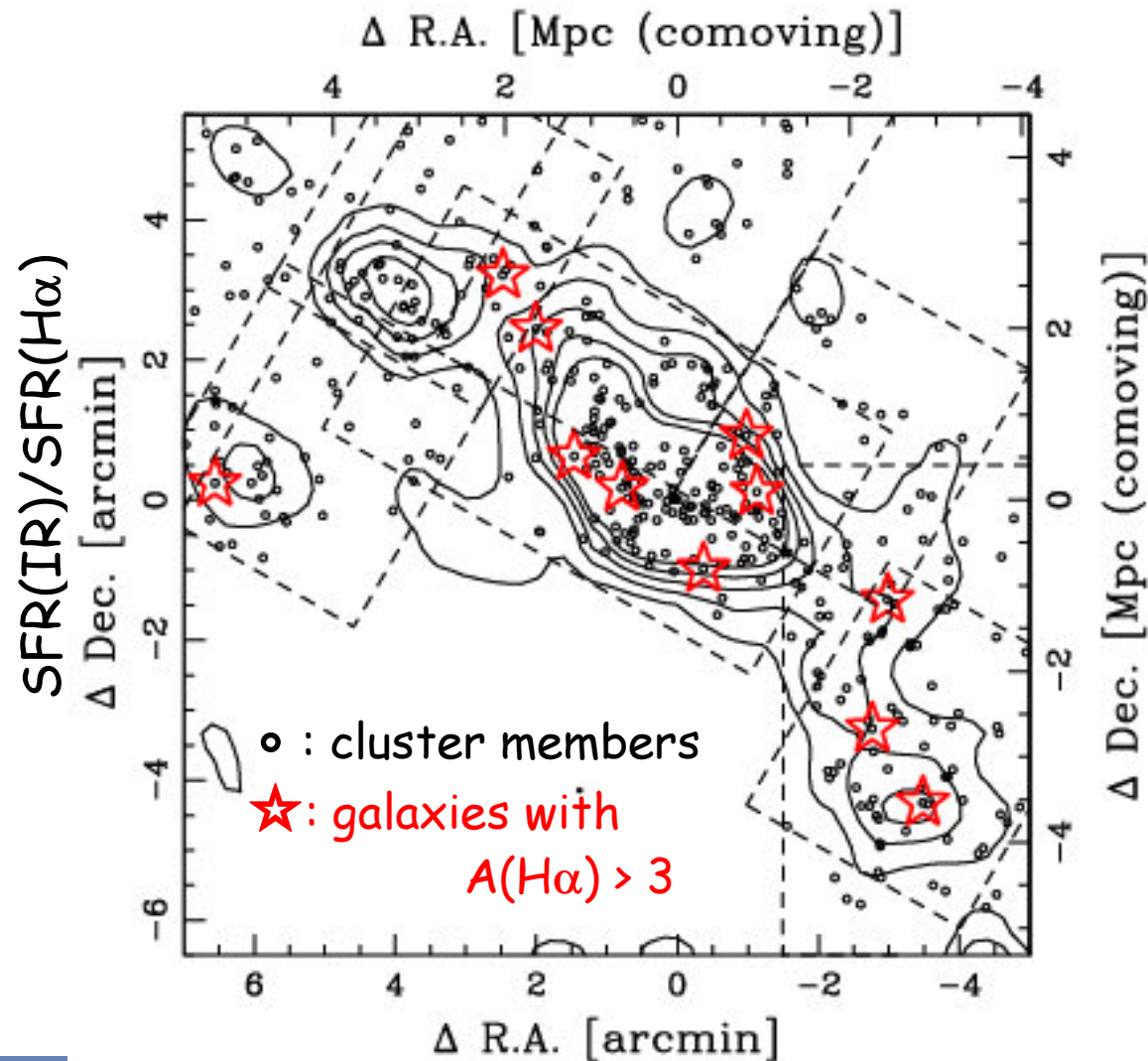
Dusty red galaxies are preferentially found in the cluster outskirts.



Evidence for the hidden star formation (or AGNs) especially in the cluster outskirts

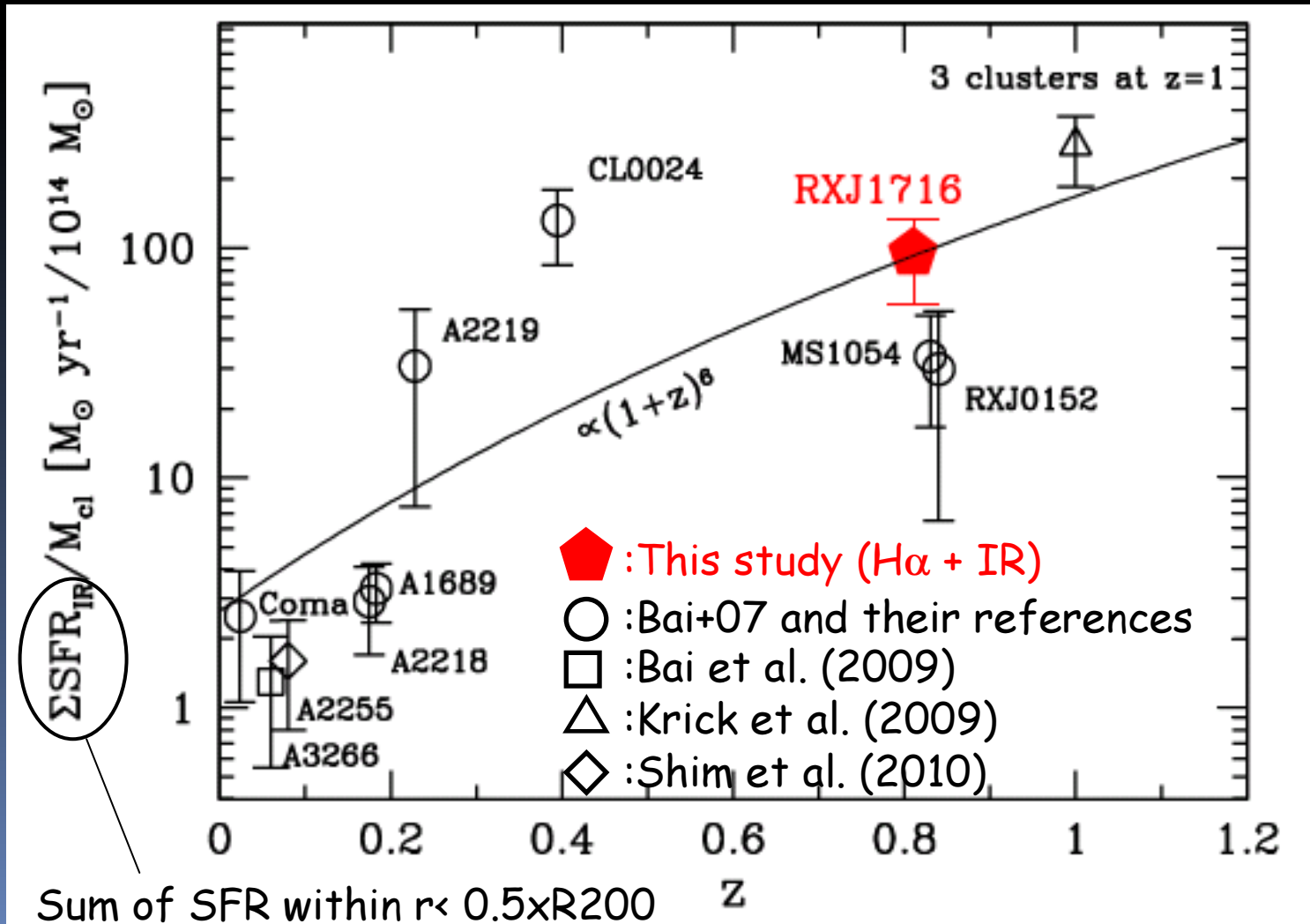


Evidence for the hidden star formation (or AGNs) especially in the cluster outskirts



Cluster "total" star formation and its evolution

Dramatic decrease in the mass-normalized cluster SFR since $z \sim 1$



Summary

A $H\alpha$ +MIR imaging survey of a $z=0.81$ cluster is now completed.

■ Mapping star formation in/around the RXJ1716 cluster

- Neither $H\alpha$ emitters nor MIR galaxies are found in the core.
- Different from $z\sim 1.5$ cluster? \rightarrow Hayashi-san's talk

■ Hidden activity and its environmental dependence

- $SFR(IR)/SFR(H\alpha) > 20$ in the extreme cases
- Dusty galaxies are preferentially found in the cluster outskirts
(witnessing an important stage in the history of cluster galaxies?)

■ Dramatic decrease of SF activity in clusters since $z\sim 1$

- Mass-normalized cluster SFR decrease following $\sim(1+z)^6$
- Need more high- z cluster sample at $z > \sim 1$