Astrophysics at NARIT and potential for collaborations in Antarctica

Andrea Richichi, Boonrucksar Soonthornthum, David Mkrtichian, Puji Irawati SCAR AAA Workshop KMC, Hawaii – August 10, 2015

2.4-m Thai National Telescope (TNT)



2.4-m Thai National Telescope (TNT)

- 2457m elevation, Nov-Apr dry season
- 2.4m alt-az Ritchey-Chretien, f/10
- Two Nasmyth foci
- Nasmyth 1 with derotator, 4 ports, autoguider, fiber feeds
- imagers and spectrographs, visitor instruments
- Erected 2012, Inaugurated 2013
- Cycle 3, 2015-16
- Call for Proposals (August), TAC
- Thai & International applicants



NARIT's Other Telescopes

Vast experience in procurement, installation and operation of 0.5-m class telescopes with CCDs & Spectrographs.

- a) Public Regional Observatories
- b) PROMPT (Panchromatic Robotic Optical Monitoring and Polarimetry Telescopes)
- c) NEO 70-cm
- d) Thai Robotic Telescope Network (TRTN)

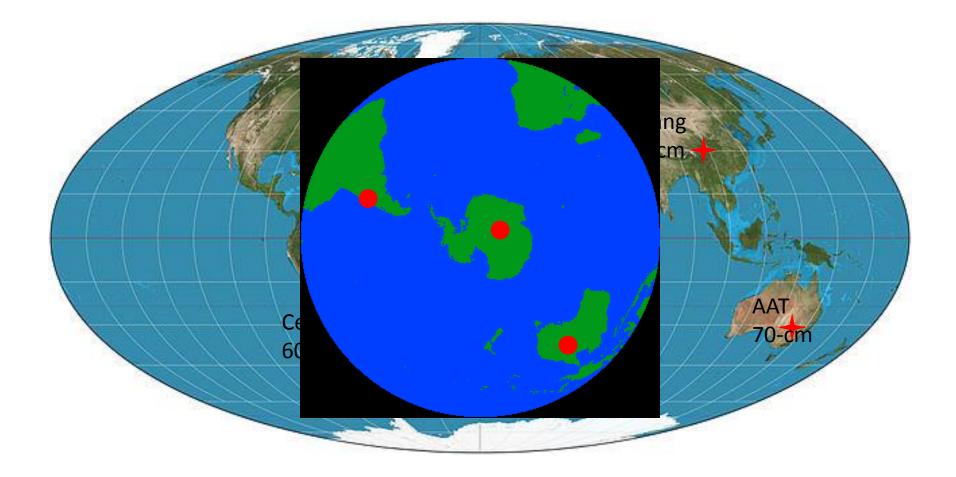
The Thai Southern Hemisphere Observatory (PROMPT8)

2015: Polarimetry

- 1. Telescope1: Planewave CDK24 (24" f/6.8)
- 2. Telescope2: Takahashi FSQ 106 (refractor telescope)
- 3. Mount: Astro-Physics 3600GTO (with Precision Encoder)
- 4. CCD1: Apogee U42 (imaging, 2048 x 2048, back illuminated)
- 5. CCD2: Apogee U47 (polarimeter, 1024 x 1024, back illuminated)
- 6. Dome: 16ft Astrohaven clamshell

Cerro Tololo, Chile 30°10′S 70°48′W 2207m a.s.l.

Participation in Robotic Telescopes



Expansion with 1-2 more to form the "Thai Robotic Telescopes Network"

Astrophysical Research at NARIT

- 4 Thai PhDs, 3 senior + 2 junior foreign researchers, PostDocs, assistants, students
- Many international collaborations at national and institutional level
- Group expected to increase by ~ 2 researchers/year in 2016-18
- Possibility to hire foreign research assistants and long-term visitors
- Binary Stars, Cataclysmic Variables, Lunar Occultations, High Time Resolution, Evolved Stars, Young Stars, Exoplanets, Asteroseismology, AGNs, Cosmology, Pulsars, Jupiter, Microguasars, Meteorites, Trans-Neptunian Objects, (History of Astronomy, Outreach)
- Areas in expansion: Radioastronomy, High-Performance Computing, Infrared



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Open PostDoc



Wayne Orchiston

NARIT Collaborations

MoUs & Projects

- Sino-Thai & YNO
- SEAAN & PH, RI
- KASI
- (NAOJ)
- UK Universities
- UNC
- MU Ukraine
- MPIfR Germany
- Argentina
- (India)



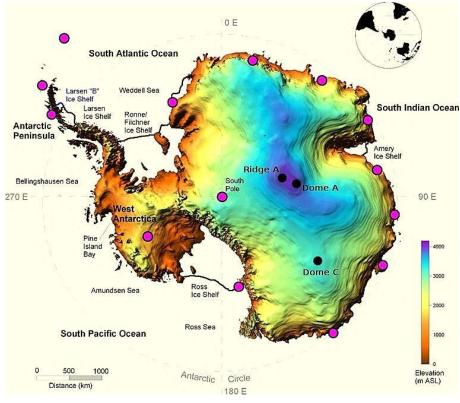
What can NARIT bring to Astronomy from Antarctica?

Previous expertise

- D. Mkrtichian, candidate for 2nd Ukrainian expedition to "Vernadsky", install small telescope
- A. Richichi, member of ESO/ESA panel on ALADIN, exo-zodi Darwin precursor facility from Dome C, long-baseline interferometry

Possible contributions

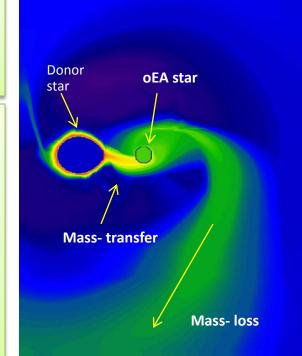
- Robotic operations
- HPC, Center for data analysis
- Infrastructure ? Telescope or IR detector ?
- manpower ?
- Follow-up from TRTN (and TNT ?)



Thai Southern Sky Survey for oEA **Stars (THASSOS) PI: Dr. David Mkrtichian**

- **Aims of project :** detection and asteroseismology of oscillating mass-accreting components of Algols (oEA stars)
- oEA class: discovered by D. Mkrtichian's group (2002) ٠
- 2013 (so far 16 objects observed) Start:
- **Telescopes:** NARIT's southern sky Prompt-8 and Skynet network robotic telescopes.
- **Spectroscopic support:** Thai Nat. Tel. (TNT), 2.4m, MRES

- **Space support:** Canadian MOST space telescope (2013)



oEA star science with Antarctic telescopes

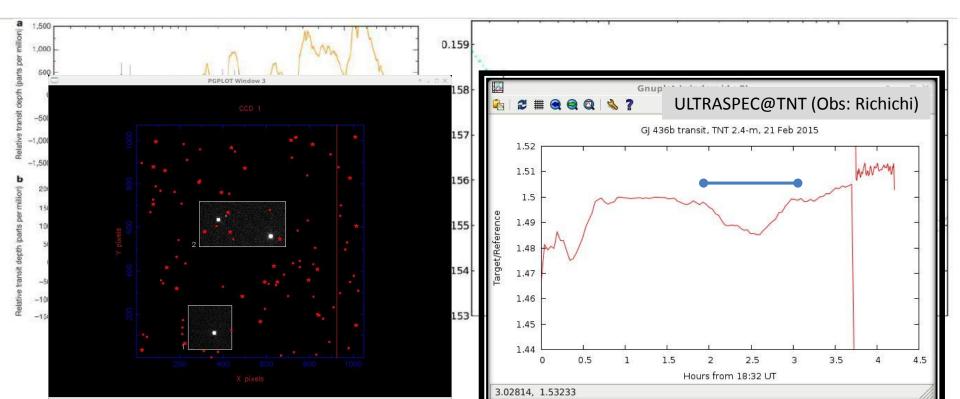
- Antarctic winter long-term, high-quality wide field ٠ photometry in selected areas is well suitable for asteroseismology of oEA and other pulsating stars.
- Spectroscopic support: 2.4m TNT, NARIT
- Polarimetry support: 0.6m PROMPT-8 tel., NARIT •



Exoplanet Transits

GJ436b ("hot Neptune"), TNO 2.4-m February 21 & March 17, 2015

Characterize the atmosphere from comparing transit depth in UV and optical. Project with Ivanov (ESO Chile), Anderson (Keele UK) et al. Two transits allocated each on VLT (U) and TNT (g').





Exoplanet Transits from Antarctica

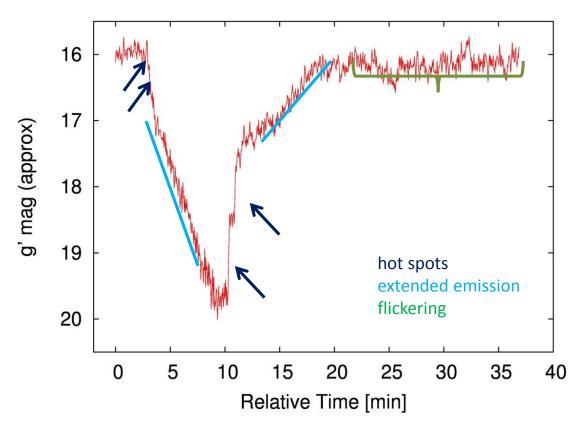
- 45 known transiting exoplanets with Dec<-25 deg
- options: round-the-clock monitoring from several telescopes distributed in longitude, or single survey telescope in Antarctica. Latter preferable for homogeneity, but subject to long "summer skies". Both are probably needed.
- long-term monitoring needed for multiple planets and any O-C variations
- high-accuracy needed to characterize atmospheres
- simultaneous monitoring by RV, asteroseismology, etc, possible from sites in Chile, Australia, S. Africa



Fast Photometry of Cataclysmic Variables

UZ For (polar) 28-Dec-2013

(EB proposal: Irawati, Slowikowska, Richichi, Soonthornthum, Zejmo)



g' filter, subwindow mode, Δt=2.6s raw data reduction with 1 field reference star with ULTRACAM pipeline v9.11 approximate photometry from ETC calculator

> High time resolution allows us to study details of the system and of the individual stars. Follow-up with accurate GPS timings can prove the presence of an exoplanet from O-C residuals (below, from Perryman et al 2001)

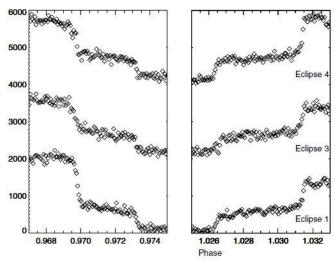
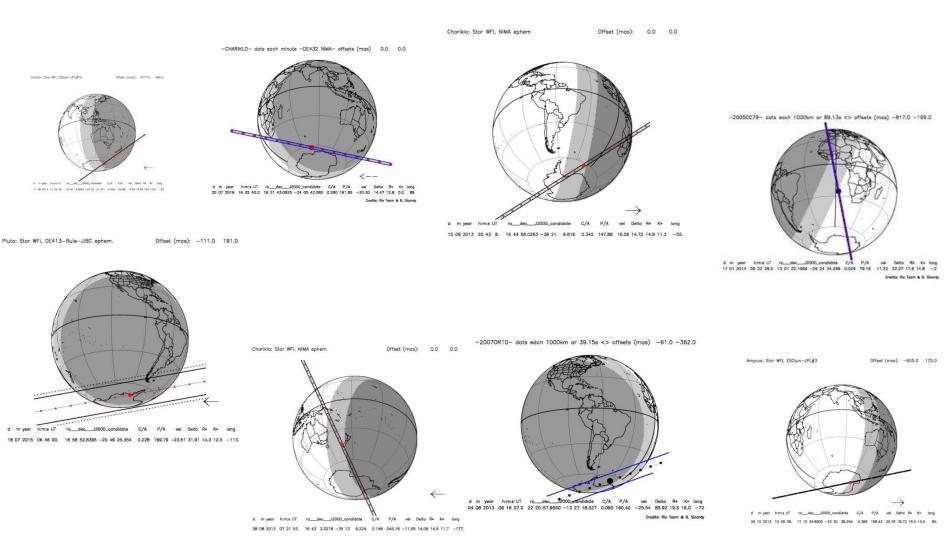
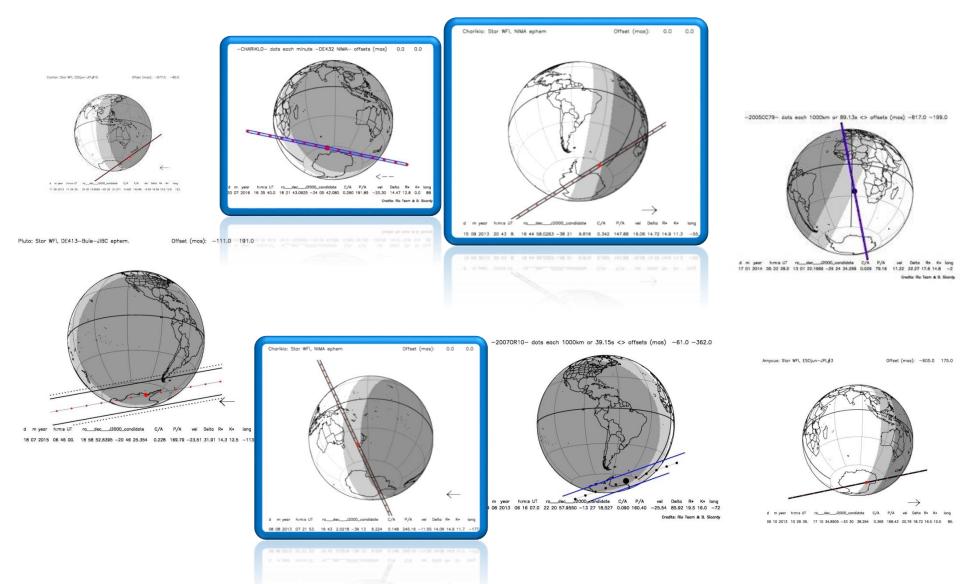


Figure 8. The white light ingresses and egresses of eclipses 1, 3 and 4 at 0.5 s time resolution (see Table 1). Each successive eclipse is displaced vertically by 2000 count s⁻¹. Orbital phase is with respect to the updated ephemeris given by equation (2).

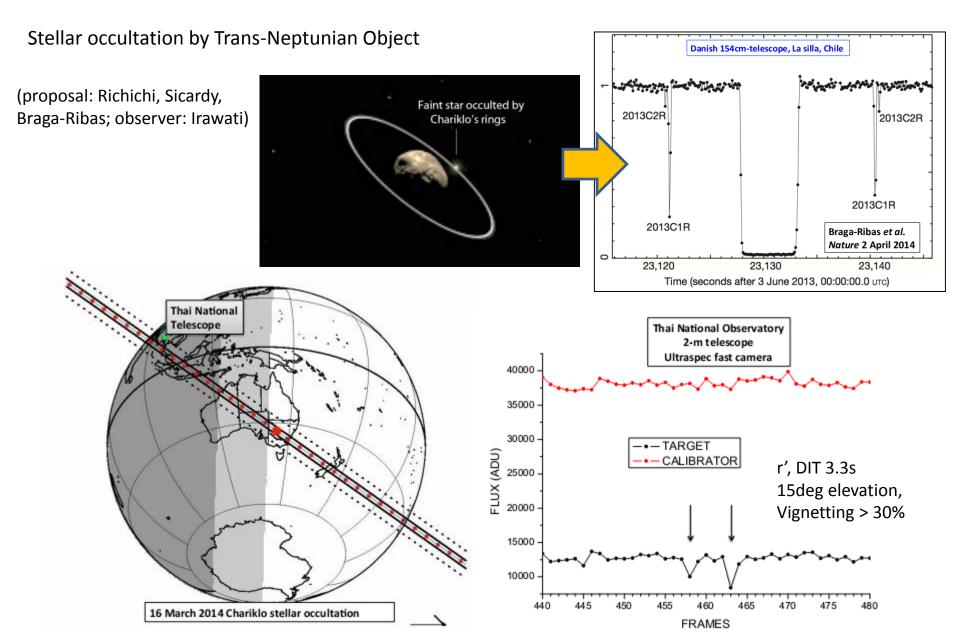
Occultations of Trans-Neptunian Objects Examples of recent & future events from Antarctica



Occultations of Trans-Neptunian Objects Examples of recent & future events from Antarctica



Centaur object (10199) Chariklo





Long-term committment of Thailand to Antarctic Astronomy

- Strong support from the Royal Family, sciences in general, astronomy in particular
- Financial support from the Government
- Involvment in Arctic (Svalbard)
- Strong wish of involvment in Antarctic Dome A Dome C

- Collaboration for an Antarctic
 Evryscope
- Funding for 2016, more in 2017-18.
- Contributing with human resources (incl. students), archive and data analysis
- Glad to organize future meetings.



Conclusions and Prospects

- NARIT is a leading astronomical institute in SE Asia, with a small but active and expanding science group with many diverse interests
- NARIT researchers are strongly motivated to contribute to astronomy from Antarctica
- Experience in imaging, spectroscopy, robotic operation; solar-system, exoplanets, stellar astrophysics and cosmology.
- Possibility to provide human resources, infrastructure.

- NARIT is keen to establish international collaborations.
- Researchers from other institutes are warmly invited to collaborate with NARIT researchers and visit us.
- Opportunities for students (thesis projects, internships).
- Shared projects welcome.
- Possibility to organize/host Schools.

http://www.narit.or.th/en/ http://www.narit.or.th/en/index.php/research